

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 5.542, 20.183)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 5.542, 20.183) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 5.423, 20.243)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	524646
RGB	82, 70, 70
RGB Percent	32%, 27%, 27%
CMY	0.6777, 0.7247, 0.7247
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.15, 0.68
HSL	0°, 8%, 30%
HSV	0°, 15%, 32%
XYZ	6.8105, 6.6515, 6.7508
YIQ	73.5880, 7.1520, 2.5440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

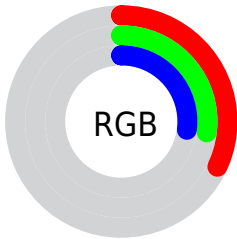
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 70, 70
Decimal	5391942
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, 5.09, 1.88
CIE _{LCh}	31, 5.423, 20.243
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3369, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283582022 (0xFF524646)
YUV	73.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 2.0028, 2.5338

Details

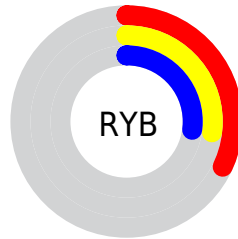
The CIELCh color $[31, 5.423, 20.243]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#333333$. A complement of this color would be $[34, 4.980, 198.763]$, and the grayscale version is $[31, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[51, 5.330, 19.940]$, and $[11, 5.283, 20.917]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28, 9.466, 21.079]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[34, 1.650, 19.496]$.

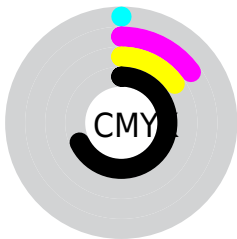
Distribution



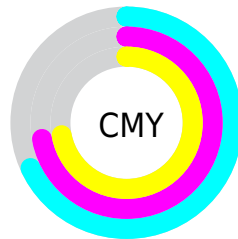
- Red (32%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 5.423, 20.243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 5.423, 20.243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31, 5.423, 20.243 ■ 31, 5.423, 20.243

■ 100, 5.423, 20.243 ■ 21, 5.423, 20.243

■ 51, 5.423, 20.243 ■ 11, 5.423, 20.243

■ 61, 5.423, 20.243 ■ 1, 5.423, 20.243

■ 71, 5.423, 20.243 ■ 0, 5.423, 20.243

■ 81, 5.423, 20.243

■ 91, 5.423, 20.243

■ 31, 5.423, 20.243 ■ 31, 5.423, 20.243

■ 28, 9.466, 21.079 ■ 34, 1.650, 19.496

■ 26, 13.778, 22.110 ■ 36, 1.862, 199.322

23, 18.335, 23.421

39, 5.133, 198.814

21, 23.084, 25.092

42, 8.185, 198.461

19, 27.934, 27.209

45, 11.041,
198.180

17, 32.761, 29.828

48, 13.722,
197.951

16, 36.888, 31.675

15, 40.049, 32.410

50, 16.249,
197.760

14, 41.776, 32.613

53, 18.640,
197.601

56, 20.911,
197.466

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 5.423, 20.243



34, 4.980, 198.763

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 5.423, 20.243



31, 5.423, 70.243



31, 5.423, 200.243



31, 5.423, 250.243

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 5.422, 20.254



44, 1.780, 19.449



31, 9.230, 325.155



21, 1.252, 19.499



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 5.422, 20.254



39, 8.435, 20.566



33, 4.644, 73.755



15, 2.019, 19.823



20, 51.594, 36.281



48, 97.374, 40.001

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 4.980, 198.763



44, 7.556, 198.566



32, 4.492, 257.249



16, 1.921, 199.082



40, 26.016, 196.410



84, 46.654, 196.411

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 5.423, 20.243 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 5.423, 20.243 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

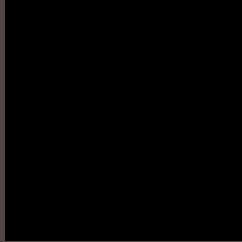
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 5.423, 20.243

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 5.423, 20.243.

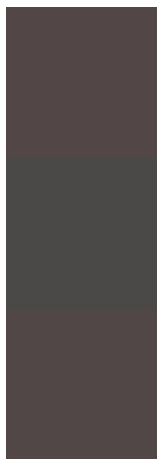


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 5.423, 20.243.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 5.423, 20.243

Protanopia

31, 1.080, 55.190

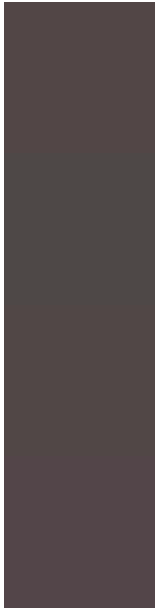
Deuteranopia

31, 4.556, 28.029



Tritanopia
31, 7.274, 349.073

Trichromacy



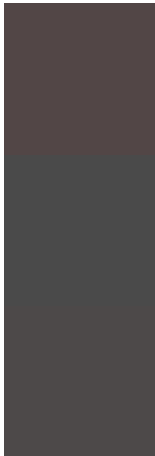
Original Color
31, 5.423, 20.243

Protanomaly
31, 2.750, 33.030

Deuteranomaly
31, 4.556, 28.029

Tritanomaly
31, 6.743, 358.449

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 5.423, 20.243

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 1.766, 19.532

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 5.423, 20.243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 70, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 70, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 70, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 70, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 5.423, 20.243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 70, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 70, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 70, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 70, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 70, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 70, 70)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 5.423, 20.243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 70, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 70,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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