

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 50.093, 315.489)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 50.093, 315.489)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 49.616, 315.523)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	633480
RGB	99, 52, 128
RGB Percent	39%, 20%, 50%
CMY	0.6121, 0.7964, 0.4984
CMYK	0.23, 0.59, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	277°, 42%, 35%
HSV	277°, 59%, 50%
XYZ	10.2494, 6.6515, 21.1328
YIQ	74.7170, 3.6160, 33.6000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

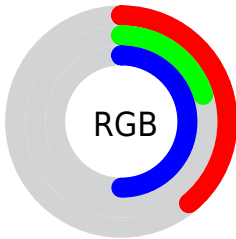
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 52, 128
Decimal	6501504
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, 35.40, -34.76
CIE _{LCh}	31, 49.616, 315.523
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2695, 0.1749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284691584 (0xFF633480)
YUV	74.7170, 26.2685, 21.2962
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 25.8042, -30.5291

Details

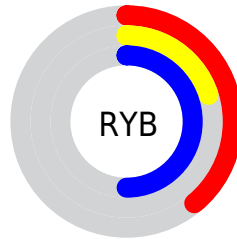
The CIELCh color $[31, 49.616, 315.523]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663399 . A complement of this color would be $[49, 46.827, 130.437]$, and the grayscale version is $[32, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[51, 49.381, 315.620]$, and $[11, 49.593, 315.674]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28, 57.153, 315.762]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[34, 41.464, 315.173]$.

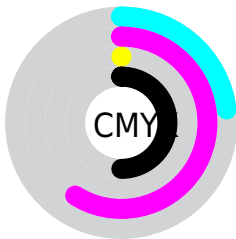
Distribution



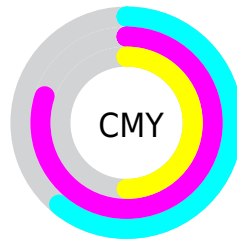
- Red (39%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 49.616, 315.523 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 49.616, 315.523 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 49.616,
315.523


 31, 49.616,
315.523

 100, 49.616,
315.523

 21, 49.616,
315.523

 51, 49.616,
315.523


 11, 49.616,
315.523


 61, 49.616,
315.523

 1, 49.616, 315.523

 71, 49.616,
315.523

 0, 49.616, 315.523

 81, 49.616,
315.523

 91, 49.616,
315.523

■ 31, 49.616,
315.523

■ 31, 49.616,
315.523

■ 28, 57.153,
315.762

■ 34, 41.464,
315.173

■ 25, 63.667,
315.823

■ 38, 33.014,
314.762

■ 23, 68.701,
315.632

■ 42, 24.483,
314.324

■ 21, 72.544,
315.267

■ 46, 16.009,
313.885

■ 21, 72.781,
315.251

■ 50, 7.677, 313.456

■ 54, 0.466, 133.314

■ 58, 8.396, 132.718

■ 62, 16.103,
132.375

■ 66, 23.588,
132.069

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 49.616, 315.523



49, 46.827, 130.437

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 49.616, 315.523



31, 49.616, 5.523



31, 49.616, 135.523



31, 49.616, 185.523

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 49.615, 315.523



59, 18.329, 313.842



34, 30.038, 278.335



30, 12.870, 313.951



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 49.615, 315.523



36, 71.752, 315.804



35, 47.790, 331.159



25, 4.583, 313.442



21, 72.613, 315.255



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 35.983, 358.247



40, 51.371, 1.450



48, 48.361, 142.601



25, 3.333, 351.301



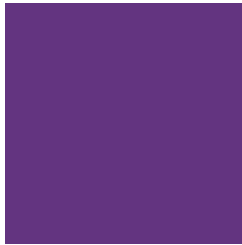
26, 50.726, 11.613



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 49.616, 315.523 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 49.616, 315.523 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

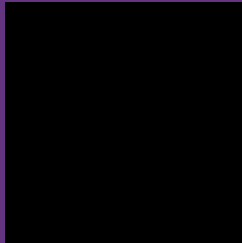
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 49.616, 315.523

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 49.616, 315.523.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 49.616, 315.523.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 49.616, 315.523

Protanopia

31, 48.402, 286.495

Deuteranopia

31, 32.516, 278.656



Tritanopia
31, 10.839, 4.408

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 49.616, 315.523

Protanomaly
30, 48.354, 293.858

Deuteranomaly
30, 37.594, 294.327

Tritanomaly
31, 22.831, 327.016

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 49.616, 315.523

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 18.574, 314.614

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 49.616, 315.523 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 52, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 52, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 52, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 52, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 49.616, 315.523 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 52, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 52, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 52, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 52, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 52, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 52,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 49.616, 315.523 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 52, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 52,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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