

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 50.528, 340.000)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 50.528, 340.000)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 50.461, 340.060)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	812165
RGB	129, 33, 101
RGB Percent	51%, 13%, 40%
CMY	0.4952, 0.8717, 0.6049
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.22, 0.50
HSL	317°, 59%, 32%
HSV	317°, 75%, 50%
XYZ	11.8840, 6.6515, 12.9057
YIQ	69.4560, 35.3880, 41.5000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

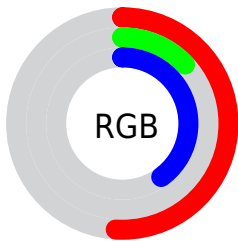
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 33, 101
Decimal	8462693
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, 47.44, -17.21
CIE _{LCh}	31, 50.461, 340.060
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3780, 0.2116
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286652773 (0xFF812165)
YUV	69.4560, 15.5512, 52.2201
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 37.1178, -11.6157

Details

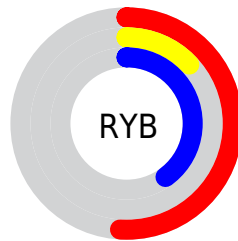
The CIELCh color **31, 50.461, 340.060** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **47, 51.781, 145.945**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 50.471, 340.217**, and **14, 39.405, 342.239** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 53.756, 341.315**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 45.715, 338.978**.

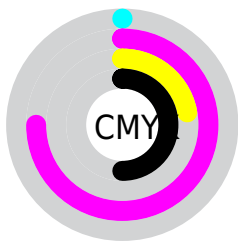
Distribution



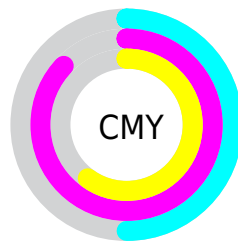
- Red (51%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 50.461, 340.060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 50.461, 340.060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 50.461,
340.060


 31, 50.461,
340.060

 100, 50.461,
340.060


 21, 50.461,
340.060

 51, 50.461,
340.060


 11, 50.461,
340.060


 61, 50.461,
340.060

 1, 50.461, 340.060

 71, 50.461,
340.060

 0, 50.461, 340.060

 81, 50.461,
340.060

 91, 50.461,
340.060

■ 31, 50.461,
340.060

■ 31, 50.461,
340.060

■ 29, 53.756,
341.315

■ 33, 45.715,
338.978

■ 28, 55.495,
342.795

■ 36, 39.823,
338.019

■ 28, 56.229,
343.624

■ 38, 33.117,
337.149

■ 42, 25.906,
336.345

■ 45, 18.439,
335.591

■ 49, 10.897,
334.877

■ 52, 3.406, 334.163

■ 56, 3.954, 153.667

■ 60, 11.137,
153.033

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 50.461, 340.060



47, 51.781, 145.945

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 50.461, 340.060



31, 50.461, 30.060



31, 50.461, 160.060



31, 50.461, 210.060

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 50.459, 340.060



59, 20.525, 335.440



22, 62.163, 307.165



29, 13.734, 335.600



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 50.459, 340.060



38, 67.109, 342.412



29, 43.639, 15.230



25, 4.160, 334.493



28, 55.852, 343.605



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 50.459, 340.060



38, 67.109, 342.412



48, 32.665, 173.947



25, 4.160, 334.493



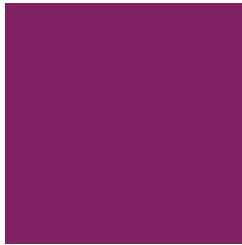
28, 55.852, 343.605



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 50.461, 340.060 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

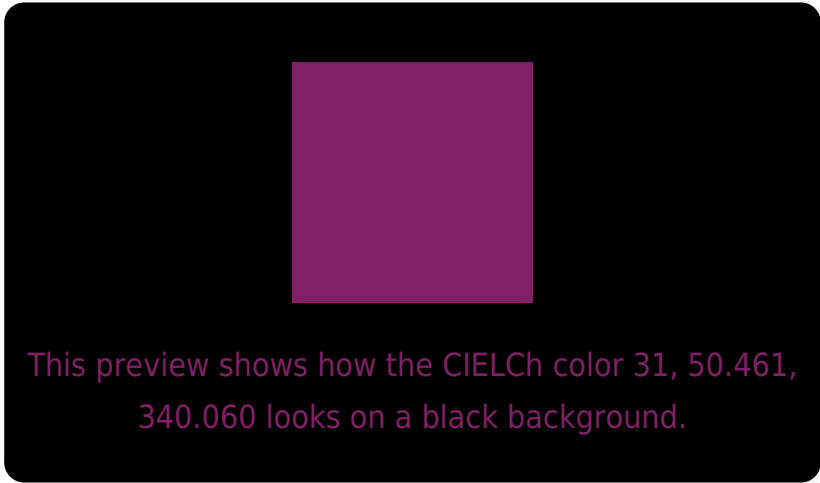
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

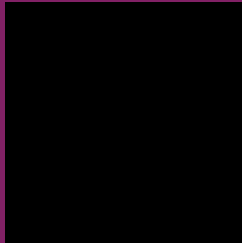
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 50.461, 340.060

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 50.461, 340.060.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 50.461, 340.060.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 50.461, 340.060

Protanopia

32, 38.230, 286.093

Deuteranopia

32, 14.000, 287.928



Tritanopia
31, 36.881, 23.601

Trichromacy



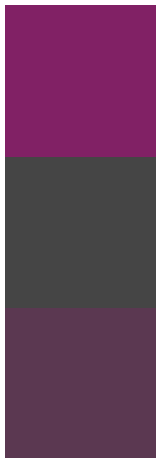
Original Color
31, 50.461, 340.060

Protanomaly
29, 40.798, 305.160

Deuteranomaly
30, 27.992, 321.869

Tritanomaly
31, 38.889, 3.520

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 50.461, 340.060

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 21.706, 336.287

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 50.461, 340.060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 33, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 33, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 33, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 33, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 50.461, 340.060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 33, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 33, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 33, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 33, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 33, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 33,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 50.461, 340.060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 33, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 33,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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