

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 51.454, 45.899)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 51.454, 45.899) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| CIELCh(31, 51.725, 45.844) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 20 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 23 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 26 |

Color

CIELCh(31, 51.725, 45.844)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| Hex | 832C0E |
| RGB | 131, 44, 14 |
| RGB Percent | 51%, 17%, 5% |
| CMY | 0.4865, 0.8276, 0.9452 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.66, 0.89, 0.49 |
| HSL | 15°, 81%, 28% |
| HSV | 15°, 89%, 51% |
| XYZ | 10.3310, 6.6515, 1.1534 |
| YIQ | 66.5930, 61.4820, 9.1140 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

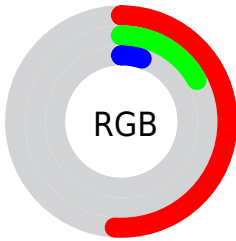
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 131, 54, 14 |
| Decimal | 8596494 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 31.00, 36.03, 37.11 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 31, 51.725, 45.844 |
| Yxy | 6.6515, 0.5696, 0.3668 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286786574 (0xFF832C0E) |
| YUV | 66.5930, -25.9283, 56.4849 |
| Hunter-Lab | 25.7905, 26.3689, 15.4017 |

Details

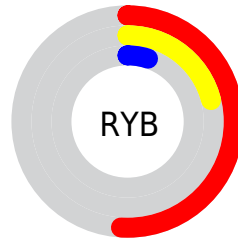
The CIELCh color **31, 51.725, 45.844** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **40, 26.543, 241.829**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 51.507, 45.731**, and **12, 38.065, 30.569** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 57.464, 45.876**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 45.243, 45.641**.

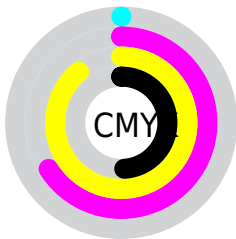
Distribution



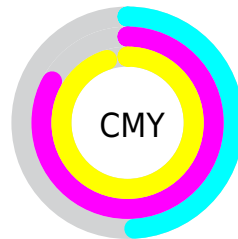
- Red (51%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (5%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (5%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 51.725, 45.844 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 51.725, 45.844 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31, 51.725, 45.844

■ 31, 51.725, 45.844

■ 100, 51.725,
45.844

■ 21, 51.725, 45.844

■ 51, 51.725, 45.844

■ 11, 51.725, 45.844

■ 61, 51.725, 45.844

■ 1, 51.725, 45.844

■ 71, 51.725, 45.844

■ 0, 51.725, 45.844

■ 81, 51.725, 45.844

■ 91, 51.725, 45.844

■ 31, 51.725, 45.844

■ 31, 51.725, 45.844

■ 29, 57.464, 45.876

■ 33, 45.243, 45.641

29, 57.829, 45.897

35, 38.472, 45.298

38, 31.829, 45.030

40, 25.498, 44.908

43, 19.557, 44.939

46, 14.024, 45.104

49, 8.891, 45.375

52, 4.132, 45.701

55, 0.285, 227.585

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 51.725, 45.844



40, 26.543, 241.829

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 51.725, 45.844



31, 51.725, 95.844



31, 51.725, 225.844



31, 51.725, 275.844

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 51.723, 45.846



60, 15.932, 45.144



30, 56.980, 339.548



30, 10.942, 45.079



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 51.723, 45.846



39, 71.476, 45.678



45, 48.420, 85.771



26, 2.519, 45.707



29, 57.493, 45.886



0, 0.585, 46.196

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 26.543, 241.829



50, 34.083, 247.276



22, 58.003, 296.641



27, 2.394, 226.783



38, 27.733, 246.052



0, 0.585, 226.215

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 51.725, 45.844 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 51.725, 45.844 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 51.725, 45.844

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 51.725, 45.844.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 51.725, 45.844.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 51.725, 45.844

Protanopia

31, 31.340, 95.820

Deuteranopia

31, 40.547, 84.410



Tritanopia
31, 44.155, 27.879

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 51.725, 45.844

Protanomaly
30, 34.310, 69.523

Deuteranomaly
31, 41.878, 67.340

Tritanomaly
31, 46.890, 35.917

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 51.725, 45.844

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 17.357, 45.439

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 51.725, 45.844 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 44, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 44, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 44, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 44, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 51.725, 45.844 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 44, 14) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 44, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 44, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 44, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 44, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 44,  
14) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 51.725, 45.844 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 44, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 44,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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