

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 60.050, 331.112)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 60.050, 331.112)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 60.050, 331.112)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	801977
RGB	128, 25, 119
RGB Percent	50%, 10%, 47%
CMY	0.4972, 0.9008, 0.5325
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.07, 0.50
HSL	305°, 67%, 30%
HSV	305°, 80%, 50%
XYZ	12.6324, 6.6515, 18.1374
YIQ	66.5130, 31.2140, 51.0700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

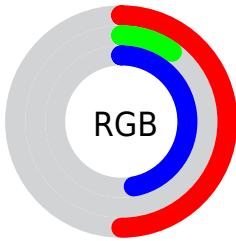
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 25, 119
Decimal	8395127
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, 52.58, -29.01
CIE _{LCh}	31, 60.050, 331.112
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3376, 0.1777
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286585207 (0xFF801977)
YUV	66.5130, 25.8761, 53.9241
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 42.2975, -23.6430

Details

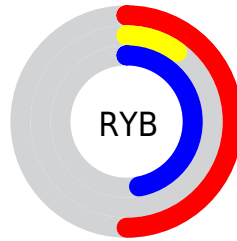
The CIELCh color **31, 60.050, 331.112** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **47, 62.519, 139.150**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 60.370, 331.069**, and **15, 45.502, 330.792** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 63.058, 331.536**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 55.428, 330.661**.

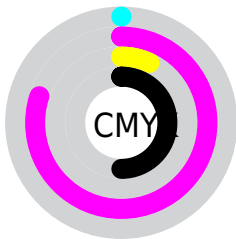
Distribution



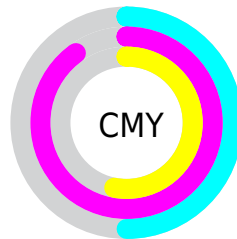
- Red (50%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 60.050, 331.112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 60.050, 331.112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 60.050,
331.112


 31, 60.050,
331.112

 100, 60.050,
331.112


 21, 60.050,
331.112

 51, 60.050,
331.112


 11, 60.050,
331.112


 61, 60.050,
331.112

 1, 60.050, 331.112

 71, 60.050,
331.112

 0, 60.050, 331.112

 81, 60.050,
331.112

 91, 60.050,
331.112

■ 31, 60.050,
331.112

■ 31, 60.050,
331.112

■ 30, 63.058,
331.536

■ 33, 55.428,
330.661

■ 29, 64.939,
331.930

■ 35, 49.403,
330.178

■ 37, 42.281,
329.664

■ 40, 34.391,
329.126

■ 43, 26.032,
328.572

■ 47, 17.443,
328.009

■ 50, 8.803, 327.441

■ 54, 0.236, 326.063

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 60.050, 331.112



47, 62.519, 139.150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 60.050, 331.112



31, 60.050, 21.112



31, 60.050, 151.112



31, 60.050, 201.112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 60.048, 331.112



58, 25.485, 328.250



18, 67.488, 304.297



29, 17.640, 328.421



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 60.048, 331.112



39, 77.566, 331.859



29, 45.876, 0.953



25, 4.805, 327.373



29, 64.676, 331.928



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 60.048, 331.112



39, 77.566, 331.859



47, 41.905, 158.443



25, 4.805, 327.373



29, 64.676, 331.928



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 60.050, 331.112 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 60.050, 331.112 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

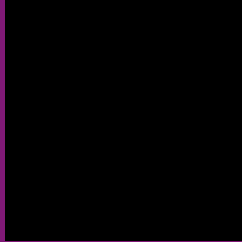
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 60.050, 331.112

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 60.050, 331.112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 60.050, 331.112.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 60.050, 331.112

Protanopia

32, 51.504, 286.135

Deuteranopia

32, 25.075, 281.675



Tritanopia
31, 33.912, 22.389

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 60.050, 331.112

Protanomaly
27, 55.189, 297.689

Deuteranomaly
29, 38.869, 310.237

Tritanomaly
31, 39.205, 355.521

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 60.050, 331.112

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 26.413, 328.896

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 60.050, 331.112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 25, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 25, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 25, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 25, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 60.050, 331.112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 25, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 25, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 25, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 25, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 25, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 25,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 60.050, 331.112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 25, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 25,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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