

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 61.089, 321.343)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 61.089, 321.343)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 61.469, 321.160)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	722586
RGB	114, 37, 134
RGB Percent	45%, 15%, 53%
CMY	0.5522, 0.8541, 0.4738
CMYK	0.15, 0.72, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	288°, 57%, 34%
HSV	288°, 72%, 53%
XYZ	11.9472, 6.6515, 23.2753
YIQ	71.0810, 14.7550, 46.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

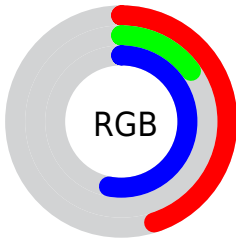
Format	Color
RYB	114, 37, 134
Decimal	7480710
CIELab	31.00, 47.88, -38.55
CIElCh	31, 61.469, 321.160
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2853, 0.1588
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285670790 (0xFF722586)
YUV	71.0810, 31.0191, 37.6400
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 37.5551, -35.4545

Details

The CIELCh color **31, 61.469, 321.160** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **50, 60.320, 134.563**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 61.741, 321.247**, and **14, 52.852, 319.277** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 67.008, 321.140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 54.525, 321.015**.

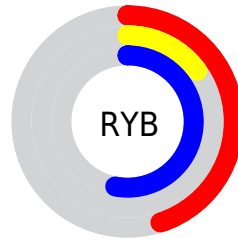
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (15%)

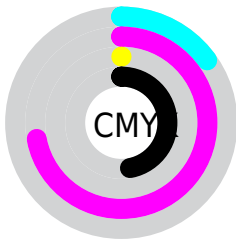
Blue (53%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (53%)

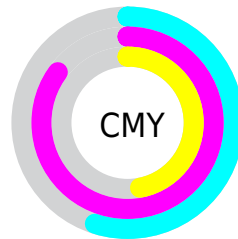


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (85%)


Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 61.469, 321.160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 61.469, 321.160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 61.469,
321.160


 31, 61.469,
321.160

 100, 61.469,
321.160


 21, 61.469,
321.160

 51, 61.469,
321.160


 11, 61.469,
321.160


 61, 61.469,
321.160

 1, 61.469, 321.160

 71, 61.469,
321.160

 0, 61.469, 321.160

 81, 61.469,
321.160

 91, 61.469,
321.160

■ 31, 61.469,
321.160

■ 31, 61.469,
321.160

■ 29, 67.008,
321.140

■ 34, 54.525,
321.015

■ 27, 70.827,
320.916

■ 37, 46.571,
320.749

■ 26, 73.105,
320.676

■ 40, 37.975,
320.399

■ 44, 29.034,
319.999

■ 47, 19.969,
319.572

■ 51, 10.929,
319.134

■ 55, 2.015, 318.647

■ 59, 6.716, 138.337

■ 63, 15.229,
137.936

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 61.469, 321.160



50, 60.320, 134.563

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 61.469, 321.160



31, 61.469, 11.160



31, 61.469, 141.160



31, 61.469, 191.160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 61.468, 321.160



60, 24.315, 319.580



27, 49.041, 293.224



30, 16.286, 319.677



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 61.468, 321.160



37, 84.151, 321.017



33, 51.378, 339.411



26, 4.958, 318.993



25, 71.463, 320.697



0, 1.178, 318.624

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 43.983, 15.357



37, 62.809, 22.152



49, 52.534, 145.991



26, 3.162, 3.532



26, 55.353, 27.193



0, 0.741, 2.778

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 61.469, 321.160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 61.469, 321.160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

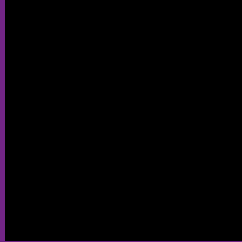
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 61.469, 321.160

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 61.469, 321.160.

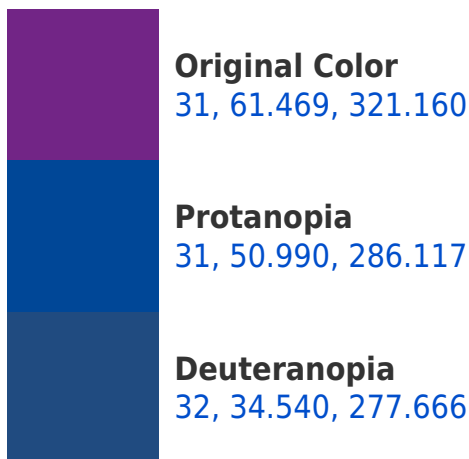


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 61.469, 321.160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
31, 20.653, 14.670

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 61.469, 321.160

Protanomaly
29, 54.937, 295.514

Deuteranomaly
29, 44.125, 298.053

Tritanomaly
30, 32.742, 338.255

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 61.469, 321.160

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 25.030, 320.333

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 61.469, 321.160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 37, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 37, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 37, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 37, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 61.469, 321.160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 37, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 37, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 37, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 37, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 37, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 37,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 61.469, 321.160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 37, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114, 37,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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