

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 62.645, 339.199)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 62.645, 339.199)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 62.577, 339.181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C006D
RGB	140, 0, 109
RGB Percent	55%, 0%, 43%
CMY	0.4517, 1.0000, 0.5732
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.22, 0.45
HSL	313°, 100%, 27%
HSV	313°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	13.5312, 6.6515, 14.9920
YIQ	54.2860, 48.4510, 63.5790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

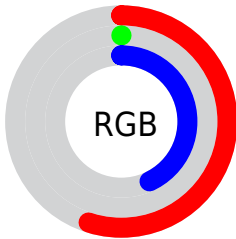
Format	Color
RYB	140, 0, 109
Decimal	9175149
CIELab	31.00, 58.49, -22.24
CIElCh	31, 62.577, 339.181
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3847, 0.1891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287365229 (0xFF8C006D)
YUV	54.2860, 26.9740, 75.1712
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 48.5181, -16.4120

Details

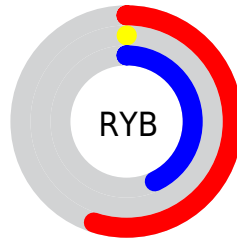
The CIELCh color **31, 62.577, 339.181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **50, 70.535, 139.457**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 62.476, 339.050**, and **17, 42.590, 342.090** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 62.512, 339.189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 61.134, 338.086**.

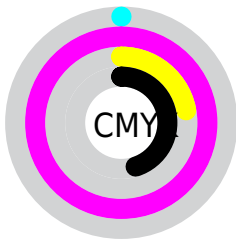
Distribution



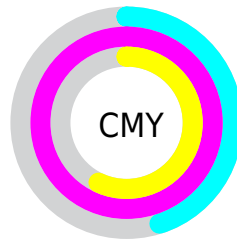
- Red (55%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (45%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (57%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 62.577, 339.181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 62.577, 339.181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 62.577,
339.181


 31, 62.577,
339.181

 100, 62.577,
339.181


 21, 62.577,
339.181

 51, 62.577,
339.181


 11, 62.577,
339.181


 61, 62.577,
339.181

 1, 62.577, 339.181

 71, 62.577,
339.181

 0, 62.577, 339.181

 81, 62.577,
339.181

 91, 62.577,
339.181

■ 31, 62.577,
339.181

■ 31, 62.577,
339.181

■ 31, 62.512,
339.189

■ 32, 61.134,
338.086

■ 33, 58.475,
337.085

■ 35, 54.093,
336.195

■ 37, 48.231,
335.381

■ 40, 41.237,
334.620

■ 43, 33.473,
333.896

■ 47, 25.255,
333.201

■ 50, 16.828,

332.532

■ 54, 8.372, 331.879

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 62.577, 339.181



50, 70.535, 139.457

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 62.577, 339.181



31, 62.577, 29.181



31, 62.577, 159.181



31, 62.577, 209.181

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 62.512, 339.189



60, 31.181, 333.245



16, 83.903, 307.571



29, 21.408, 333.501



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 62.512, 339.189



41, 75.338, 339.479



29, 56.094, 21.181



27, 4.663, 331.822



29, 60.202, 339.121



0, 2.150, 331.291

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 62.512, 339.189



41, 75.338, 339.479



51, 43.877, 163.731



27, 4.663, 331.822



29, 60.202, 339.121



0, 2.150, 331.291

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 62.577, 339.181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 62.577, 339.181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

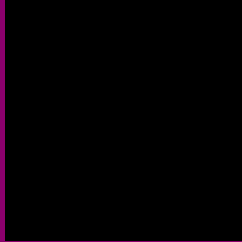
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 62.577, 339.181

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 62.577, 339.181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 62.577, 339.181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
31, 62.577, 339.181

Protanopia
33, 50.610, 286.372

Deuteranopia
32, 17.152, 285.717



Tritanopia
32, 44.431, 27.700

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 62.577, 339.181

Protanomaly
26, 58.477, 303.707

Deuteranomaly
28, 39.160, 322.160

Tritanomaly
31, 48.015, 4.700

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 62.577, 339.181

Achromatopsia
23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
22, 32.470, 334.874

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 62.577, 339.181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 0, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 0, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 0, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 0, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 62.577, 339.181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 0, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 0, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 0, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 0, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 0,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 62.577, 339.181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 0, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 0,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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