

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 67.368, 36.436)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(31, 67.368, 36.436) contains.

<b>CIELCh(31, 67.226, 36.257)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

**Color**

**CIELCh(31, 67.226, 36.257)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97010C
RGB	151, 1, 12
RGB Percent	59%, 0%, 5%
CMY	0.4072, 0.9947, 0.9524
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.92, 0.41
HSL	356°, 98%, 30%
HSV	356°, 99%, 59%
XYZ	12.8763, 6.6515, 0.9571
YIQ	47.1040, 85.8690, 35.2210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

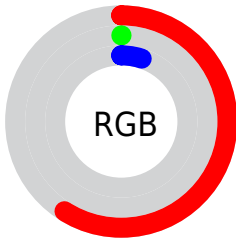
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	151, 1, 12
Decimal	9896204
CIE Lab	31.00, 54.21, 39.76
CIE LCh	31, 67.226, 36.257
Yxy	6.6515, 0.6286, 0.3247
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288086284 (0xFF97010C)
YUV	47.1040, -17.3063, 91.1168
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 43.9853, 15.8530

# Details

The CIELCh color **31, 67.226, 36.257** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **56, 36.027, 186.188**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 67.192, 36.493**, and **16, 45.263, 34.148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 67.664, 36.509**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 61.781, 32.408**.

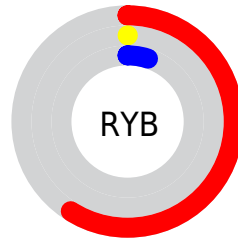
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (0%)

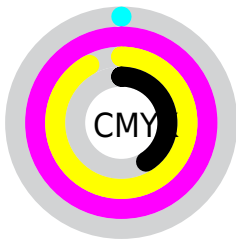
Blue (5%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (5%)

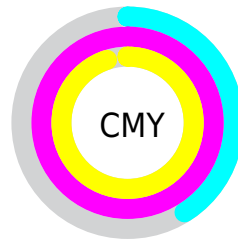


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 67.226, 36.257 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 67.226, 36.257 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31, 67.226, 36.257

■ 31, 67.226, 36.257

■ 100, 67.226,  
36.257

■ 21, 67.226, 36.257

■ 51, 67.226, 36.257

■ 11, 67.226, 36.257

■ 61, 67.226, 36.257

■ 1, 67.226, 36.257

■ 71, 67.226, 36.257

■ 0, 67.226, 36.257

■ 81, 67.226, 36.257

■ 91, 67.226, 36.257

■ 31, 67.226, 36.257

■ 31, 67.226, 36.257

■ 31, 67.664, 36.509

■ 32, 61.781, 32.408

■ 33, 55.418, 28.298

■ 36, 48.399, 24.705

■ 39, 40.992, 21.773

■ 42, 33.447, 19.450

■ 46, 25.988, 17.625

■ 50, 18.785, 16.183

■ 54, 11.941, 15.027

■ 58, 5.504, 14.060

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 67.226, 36.257



56, 36.027, 186.188

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 67.226, 36.257



31, 67.226, 86.257



31, 67.226, 216.257



31, 67.226, 266.257

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 67.224, 36.259



63, 24.067, 16.378



33, 78.420, 325.048



31, 16.743, 16.916



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 67.224, 36.259



41, 82.926, 37.325



38, 59.242, 54.983



30, 3.450, 14.071



28, 63.759, 36.121



1, 3.619, 13.537





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 67.224, 36.259



41, 82.926, 37.325



37, 40.400, 273.349



30, 3.450, 14.071



28, 63.759, 36.121



1, 3.619, 13.537



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 67.226, 36.257 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 67.226, 36.257 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 31, 67.226, 36.257**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 67.226, 36.257.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 67.226, 36.257.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31, 67.226, 36.257

### Protanopia

32, 30.831, 95.935

### Deuteranopia

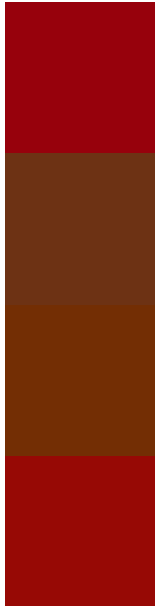
32, 41.211, 84.802



**Tritanopia**  
31, 68.522, 40.907



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
31, 67.226, 36.257

**Protanomaly**  
28, 38.841, 50.649

**Deuteranomaly**  
29, 47.792, 52.952

**Tritanomaly**  
31, 68.011, 39.283

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
31, 67.226, 36.257

**Achromatopsia**  
19, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
20, 28.002, 22.139

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 67.226, 36.257 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 1, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 1, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 1, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 1, 12) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 67.226, 36.257 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 1, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 1, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 1, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 1, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 1, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 1, 12)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 67.226, 36.257 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 1, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 1,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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