

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 91.476, 307.155)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 91.476, 307.155)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 91.542, 307.091)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C26BF
RGB	76, 38, 191
RGB Percent	30%, 15%, 75%
CMY	0.7029, 0.8518, 0.2518
CMYK	0.60, 0.80, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	255°, 67%, 45%
HSV	255°, 80%, 75%
XYZ	13.0270, 6.6515, 49.7625
YIQ	66.8040, -26.4650, 55.6390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

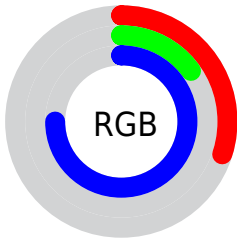
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 38, 191
Decimal	4990655
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, 55.21, -73.02
CIE _{LCh}	31, 91.542, 307.091
Yxy	6.6515, 0.1876, 0.0958
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283180735 (0xFF4C26BF)
YUV	66.8040, 61.2286, 8.0649
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 45.0286, -96.3461

Details

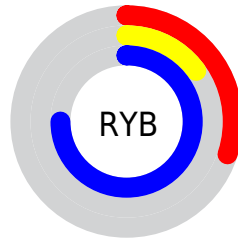
The CIELCh color **31, 91.542, 307.091** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. A complement of this color would be **72, 73.814, 116.132**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 91.718, 307.121**, and **14, 83.870, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 99.873, 307.594**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 80.907, 306.220**.

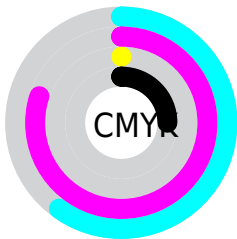
Distribution



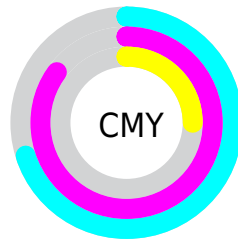
- Red (30%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 91.542, 307.091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 91.542, 307.091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 91.542,
307.091


 31, 91.542,
307.091

 100, 91.542,
307.091


 21, 91.542,
307.091

 51, 91.542,
307.091


 11, 91.542,
307.091


 61, 91.542,
307.091

 1, 91.542, 307.091

 71, 91.542,
307.091

 0, 91.542, 307.091

 81, 91.542,
307.091

 91, 91.542,
307.091

■ 31, 91.542,
307.091

■ 31, 91.542,
307.091

■ 27, 99.873,
307.594

■ 36, 80.907,
306.220

■ 25, 105.299,
307.697

■ 41, 69.129,
305.171

■ 47, 56.997,
304.086

■ 53, 44.943,
303.047

■ 59, 33.178,
302.096

■ 65, 21.788,
301.245

■ 71, 10.798,
300.496

■ 77, 0.205, 299.709

■ 83, 10.006,
119.286

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 91.542, 307.091



72, 73.814, 116.132

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 91.542, 307.091



31, 91.542, 357.091



31, 91.542, 127.091



31, 91.542, 177.091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 91.543, 307.092



79, 32.229, 301.589



60, 33.400, 235.119



40, 22.468, 301.900



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 91.543, 307.092



34, 126.201, 307.617



41, 87.213, 319.227



37, 5.944, 300.438



20, 91.482, 307.810



1, 17.601, 297.517

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 73.143, 338.678



56, 93.054, 340.925



69, 84.412, 133.026



37, 5.945, 332.837



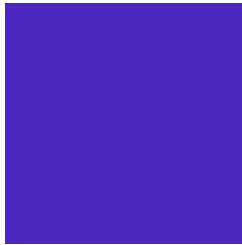
35, 67.004, 341.035



3, 16.841, 336.849

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 91.542, 307.091 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

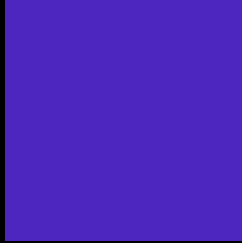
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 91.542, 307.091 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

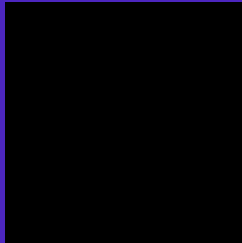
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 91.542, 307.091

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 91.542, 307.091.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 91.542, 307.091.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 91.542, 307.091

Protanopia

31, 49.821, 285.488

Deuteranopia

31, 34.914, 271.891



Tritanopia
31, 18.010, 211.570

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 91.542, 307.091

Protanomaly
30, 66.392, 296.257

Deuteranomaly
29, 56.808, 293.346

Tritanomaly
29, 38.655, 288.283

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 91.542, 307.091

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 36.607, 303.878

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 91.542, 307.091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 38, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 38, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 38, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 38, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 91.542, 307.091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 38, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 38, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 38, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 38, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 38, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 38,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 91.542, 307.091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 38, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 38,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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