

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 97.159, 313.450)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 97.159, 313.450)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 97.269, 313.483)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A01BB
RGB	106, 1, 187
RGB Percent	42%, 0%, 73%
CMY	0.5849, 0.9972, 0.2672
CMYK	0.43, 1.00, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	274°, 99%, 37%
HSV	274°, 100%, 73%
XYZ	14.8869, 6.6515, 47.4308
YIQ	53.5990, 2.8740, 80.1060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

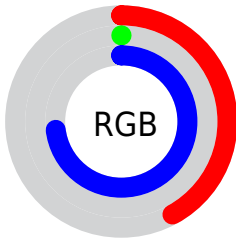
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 1, 187
Decimal	6947259
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, 66.93, -70.58
CIE _{LCh}	31, 97.269, 313.483
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2158, 0.0964
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285137339 (0xFF6A01BB)
YUV	53.5990, 65.7667, 45.9557
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 57.9014, -90.9857

Details

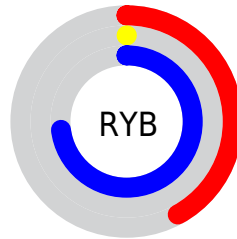
The CIELCh color **31, 97.269, 313.483** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600CC**. A complement of this color would be **67, 88.008, 130.007**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 97.032, 313.506**, and **16, 79.127, 308.838** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 97.421, 313.464**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 93.058, 314.043**.

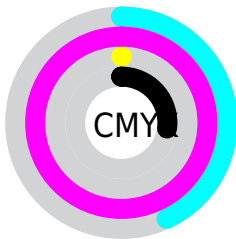
Distribution



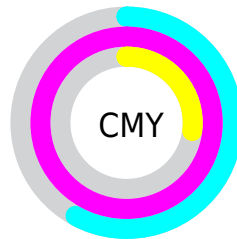
- Red (42%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)





- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (27%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 97.269, 313.483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 97.269, 313.483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 31, 97.269,
313.483


 31, 97.269,
313.483

 100, 97.269,
313.483


 21, 97.269,
313.483

 51, 97.269,
313.483


 11, 97.269,
313.483


 61, 97.269,
313.483

 1, 97.269, 313.483

 71, 97.269,
313.483

 0, 97.269, 313.483

 81, 97.269,
313.483

 91, 97.269,
313.483

■ 31, 97.269,
313.483

■ 31, 97.269,
313.483

■ 31, 97.421,
313.464

■ 33, 93.058,
314.043

■ 36, 86.539,
314.294

■ 40, 77.800,
314.238

■ 44, 67.549,
313.970

■ 49, 56.426,
313.574

■ 54, 44.908,
313.114

■ 60, 33.311,
312.631

■ 65, 21.829,

312.154

■ 71, 10.573,
311.695

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 97.269, 313.483



67, 88.008, 130.007

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 97.269, 313.483



31, 97.269, 3.483



31, 97.269, 133.483



31, 97.269, 183.483

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 97.269, 313.484



75, 41.689, 312.673



38, 62.859, 288.485



37, 28.779, 312.878



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 97.269, 313.484



41, 118.557, 313.283



44, 87.904, 330.318



37, 6.274, 311.683



26, 85.995, 313.605



2, 18.293, 307.290

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 66.787, 8.127



52, 81.302, 9.187



66, 93.819, 136.427



37, 4.774, 348.068



33, 59.071, 7.605



3, 13.496, 355.364

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 97.269, 313.483 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

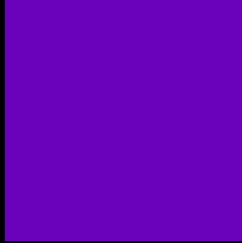
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 97.269, 313.483 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

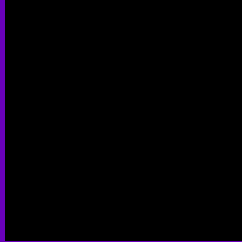
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 97.269, 313.483

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 97.269, 313.483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 97.269, 313.483.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 97.269, 313.483

Protanopia

32, 50.853, 285.540

Deuteranopia

32, 35.452, 271.396



Tritanopia
32, 5.167, 332.889

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 97.269, 313.483

Protanomaly
27, 74.627, 300.939

Deuteranomaly
27, 64.704, 299.028

Tritanomaly
28, 46.984, 315.142

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 97.269, 313.483

Achromatopsia
22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
22, 45.854, 313.901

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 97.269, 313.483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 1, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 1, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 1, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 1, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 97.269, 313.483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 1, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 1, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 1, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 1, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 1, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 1,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 97.269, 313.483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 1, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 1,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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