

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 16.581, 207.995)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 16.581, 207.995)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 16.485, 208.440)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	225257
RGB	34, 82, 87
RGB Percent	13%, 32%, 34%
CMY	0.8661, 0.6780, 0.6583
CMYK	0.61, 0.06, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	186°, 44%, 24%
HSV	186°, 61%, 34%
XYZ	5.4156, 7.0852, 10.1249
YIQ	68.2180, -30.2130, -8.6210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

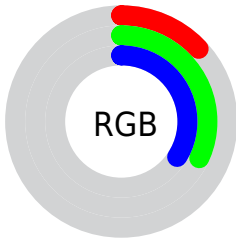
Format	Color
R_YB	34, 59, 87
Decimal	2249303
CIE Lab	32.00, -14.50, -7.85
CIE LCh	32, 16.485, 208.440
Yxy	7.0852, 0.2394, 0.3131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280439383 (0xFF225257)
YUV	68.2180, 9.2595, -30.0092
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, -10.2641, -3.9200

Details

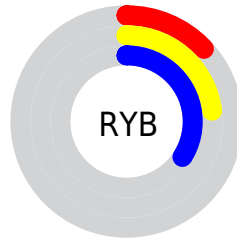
The CIELCh color **32, 16.485, 208.440** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **22, 25.618, 32.294**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 16.509, 208.046**, and **13, 12.761, 213.396** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 18.057, 208.997**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 14.524, 208.063**.

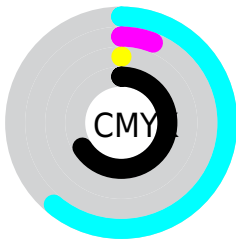
Distribution



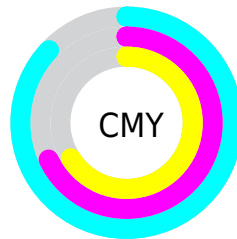
- Red (13%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)





- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 16.485, 208.440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 16.485, 208.440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 16.485,
208.440


 32, 16.485,
208.440

 100, 16.485,
208.440


 22, 16.485,
208.440

 52, 16.485,
208.440


 12, 16.485,
208.440


 62, 16.485,
208.440

 2, 16.485, 208.440

 72, 16.485,
208.440

 0, 16.485, 208.440

 82, 16.485,
208.440

 92, 16.485,
208.440

■ 32, 16.485,
208.440

■ 32, 16.485,
208.440

■ 31, 18.057,
208.997

■ 33, 14.524,
208.063

■ 31, 19.224,
209.766

■ 33, 12.209,
207.845

■ 30, 19.996,
210.767

■ 34, 9.580, 207.760

■ 30, 20.619,
211.700

■ 35, 6.685, 207.789

■ 36, 3.569, 207.933

■ 37, 0.277, 209.125

■ 38, 3.153, 28.155

■ 39, 6.686, 28.480

■ 40, 10.293, 28.802

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 16.485, 208.440



22, 25.618, 32.294

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 16.485, 208.440



32, 16.485, 258.440



32, 16.485, 28.440



32, 16.485, 78.440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 16.485, 208.438



45, 7.167, 207.810



33, 37.000, 141.831



22, 4.900, 207.792



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 16.485, 208.438



40, 22.247, 209.316



23, 21.355, 275.067



17, 1.848, 207.982



37, 23.769, 212.156



78, 42.042, 213.351

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 36.336, 330.302



28, 50.957, 330.992



29, 23.008, 76.323



16, 3.455, 327.536



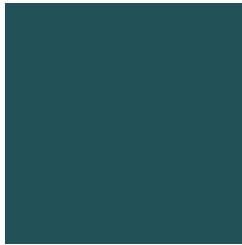
24, 56.886, 332.162



54, 100.647, 332.455

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 16.485, 208.440 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 16.485, 208.440 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

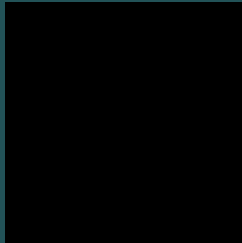
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 16.485, 208.440

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 16.485, 208.440.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 16.485, 208.440.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 16.485, 208.440

Protanopia

32, 4.449, 285.571

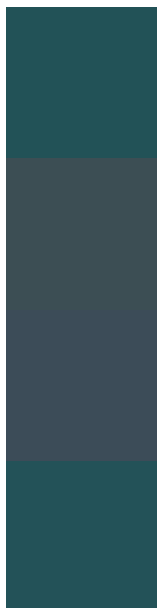
Deuteranopia

32, 10.216, 296.522



Tritanopia
32, 16.290, 213.305

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 16.485, 208.440

Protanomaly
32, 7.959, 227.234

Deuteranomaly
31, 9.631, 251.549

Tritanomaly
32, 16.260, 210.969

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 16.485, 208.440

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 7.032, 208.977

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 16.485, 208.440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 82, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 82, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 82, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 82, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 16.485, 208.440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 82, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 82, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 82, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 82, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 82, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 82, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 16.485, 208.440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 82, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 82,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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