

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 20.325, 306.595)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 20.325, 306.595)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 20.288, 306.682)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	524665
RGB	82, 70, 101
RGB Percent	32%, 27%, 40%
CMY	0.6790, 0.7261, 0.6045
CMYK	0.19, 0.31, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	263°, 18%, 33%
HSV	263°, 31%, 40%
XYZ	7.9883, 7.0852, 13.2177
YIQ	77.1220, -2.7990, 12.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

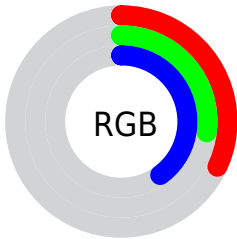
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 70, 101
Decimal	5391973
CIE _{Lab}	32.00, 12.12, -16.27
CIE _{LCh}	32, 20.288, 306.682
Yxy	7.0852, 0.2824, 0.2504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283582053 (0xFF524665)
YUV	77.1220, 11.7719, 4.2780
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 6.9883, -10.8091

Details

The CIELCh color $[32, 20.288, 306.682]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#333366$. A complement of this color would be $[41, 19.291, 123.551]$, and the grayscale version is $[33, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[52, 20.533, 307.088]$, and $[12, 19.909, 305.936]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[29, 27.244, 307.323]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[35, 13.488, 306.086]$.

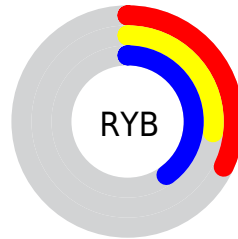
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (27%)

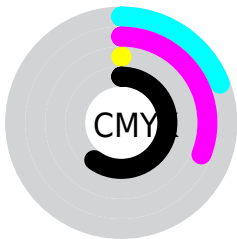
Blue (40%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (40%)

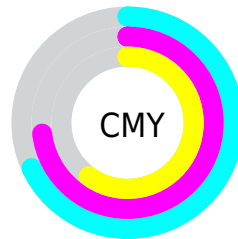


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (68%)


Magenta (73%)


Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 20.288, 306.682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 20.288, 306.682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 20.288,
306.682


 32, 20.288,
306.682

 100, 20.288,
306.682


 22, 20.288,
306.682

 52, 20.288,
306.682


 12, 20.288,
306.682


 62, 20.288,
306.682

 2, 20.288, 306.682

 72, 20.288,
306.682

 0, 20.288, 306.682

 82, 20.288,
306.682

 92, 20.288,
306.682

■ 32, 20.288,
306.682

■ 32, 20.288,
306.682

■ 29, 27.244,
307.323

■ 35, 13.488,
306.086

■ 25, 34.296,
307.993

■ 39, 6.878, 305.541

■ 22, 41.323,
308.660

■ 42, 0.466, 304.958

■ 46, 5.746, 124.639

■ 19, 48.114,
309.268

■ 49, 11.764,
124.254

■ 16, 54.335,
309.733

■ 53, 17.595,
123.919

■ 14, 59.520,
309.944

■ 56, 23.249,
123.626

■ 12, 64.232,
310.253

■ 60, 28.734,
123.372

■ 63, 34.060,
123.152

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 20.288, 306.682



41, 19.291, 123.551

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 20.288, 306.682



32, 20.288, 356.682



32, 20.288, 126.682



32, 20.288, 176.682

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 20.287, 306.682



51, 7.095, 305.465



37, 10.117, 245.654



25, 4.977, 305.521



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 20.287, 306.682



39, 30.402, 307.147



34, 22.326, 322.604



19, 3.623, 305.448



14, 70.508, 310.090



36, 123.157, 309.462

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 17.671, 340.342



41, 26.191, 340.992



40, 22.171, 139.565



20, 3.221, 338.610



24, 49.146, 350.451



53, 84.304, 352.349

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 20.288, 306.682 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 20.288, 306.682 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 20.288, 306.682

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 20.288, 306.682.

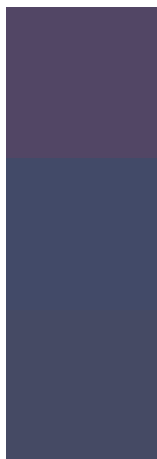


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 20.288, 306.682.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 20.288, 306.682

Protanopia

32, 19.131, 284.836

Deuteranopia

32, 16.531, 286.584



Tritanopia
32, 4.194, 314.929

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 20.288, 306.682

Protanomaly
32, 19.691, 293.602

Deuteranomaly
32, 17.824, 295.711

Tritanomaly
32, 10.612, 307.686

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 20.288, 306.682

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 7.915, 306.743

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 20.288, 306.682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 70, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 70, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 70, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 70, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 20.288, 306.682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 70, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 70, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 70, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 70, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 70, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 70,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 20.288, 306.682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 70, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 70,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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