

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 22.288, 346.291)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 22.288, 346.291)
contains.

CIELCh(32, 22.490, 346.000)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(32, 22.490, 346.000)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	683E54
RGB	104, 62, 84
RGB Percent	41%, 24%, 33%
CMY	0.5909, 0.7557, 0.6694
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.19, 0.59
HSL	329°, 25%, 33%
HSV	329°, 40%, 41%
XYZ	9.0977, 7.0852, 9.3383
YIQ	77.0660, 17.9700, 15.7460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

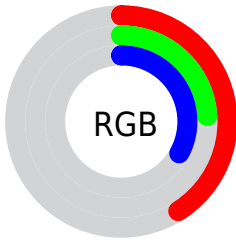
Format	Color
RYB	104, 62, 84
Decimal	6831700
CIELab	32.00, 21.82, -5.44
CIElCh	32, 22.490, 346.000
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3565, 0.2776
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285021780 (0xFF683E54)
YUV	77.0660, 3.4185, 23.6211
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 14.4278, -2.1679

Details

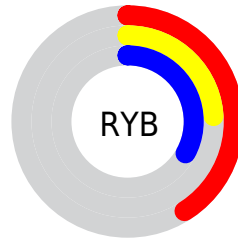
The CIELCh color $32, 22.490, 346.000$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663333 . A complement of this color would be $41, 21.613, 158.758$, and the grayscale version is $33, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $52, 22.872, 345.095$, and $12, 22.612, 345.570$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $29, 27.855, 347.200$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $35, 16.905, 344.950$.

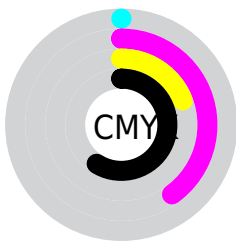
Distribution



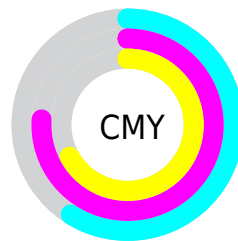
- Red (41%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (59%)




- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 22.490, 346.000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 22.490, 346.000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 22.490,
346.000


 32, 22.490,
346.000

 100, 22.490,
346.000

 22, 22.490,
346.000

 52, 22.490,
346.000


 12, 22.490,
346.000


 62, 22.490,
346.000

 2, 22.490, 346.000

 72, 22.490,
346.000

 0, 22.490, 346.000

 82, 22.490,
346.000

 92, 22.490,
346.000

■ 32, 22.490,
346.000

■ 32, 22.490,
346.000

■ 29, 27.855,
347.200

■ 35, 16.905,
344.950

■ 27, 32.802,
348.599

■ 38, 11.259,
344.010

■ 25, 37.081,
350.270

■ 41, 5.655, 343.147

■ 23, 40.439,
352.311

■ 44, 0.157, 340.847

■ 47, 5.195, 161.765

■ 22, 42.684,
354.844

■ 50, 10.384,
161.090

■ 21, 44.434,
357.501

■ 54, 15.402,
160.477

■ 57, 20.253,
159.910

■ 60, 24.942,
159.381

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 22.490, 346.000



41, 21.613, 158.758

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 22.490, 346.000



32, 22.490, 36.000



32, 22.490, 166.000



32, 22.490, 216.000

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 22.488, 346.001



52, 8.181, 343.321



30, 27.941, 309.878



26, 5.473, 343.394



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 22.488, 346.001



39, 32.928, 347.079



31, 19.838, 20.493



20, 3.026, 343.030



24, 47.469, 357.952



52, 81.751, 0.534

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 22.488, 346.001



39, 32.928, 347.079



41, 15.460, 194.390



20, 3.026, 343.030



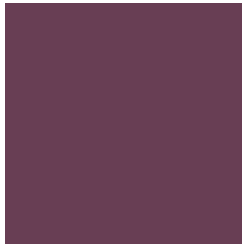
24, 47.469, 357.952



52, 81.751, 0.534

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 22.490, 346.000 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

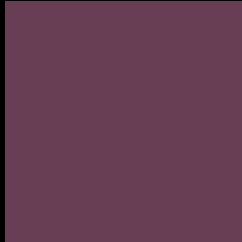
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 22.490, 346.000 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 22.490, 346.000

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 22.490, 346.000.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 22.490, 346.000.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 22.490, 346.000

Protanopia

32, 11.429, 286.263

Deuteranopia

32, 5.704, 317.655



Tritanopia
32, 17.693, 12.501

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 22.490, 346.000

Protanomaly
32, 14.004, 316.599

Deuteranomaly
32, 11.598, 336.321

Tritanomaly
32, 18.679, 1.379

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 22.490, 346.000

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 8.268, 343.192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 22.490, 346.000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 62, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 62, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 62, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 62, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 22.490, 346.000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 62, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 62, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 62, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 62, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 62, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 62,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 22.490, 346.000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 62, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 62,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor