

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 33.358, 336.729)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 33.358, 336.729)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 33.403, 336.498)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	703861
RGB	112, 56, 97
RGB Percent	44%, 22%, 38%
CMY	0.5619, 0.7814, 0.6207
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.13, 0.56
HSL	316°, 33%, 33%
HSV	316°, 50%, 44%
XYZ	10.1901, 7.0852, 12.0714
YIQ	77.4180, 20.2150, 24.6230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

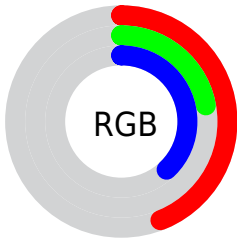
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 56, 97
Decimal	7354465
CIE _{Lab}	32.00, 30.63, -13.32
CIE _{LCh}	32, 33.403, 336.498
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3472, 0.2414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285544545 (0xFF703861)
YUV	77.4180, 9.6539, 30.3284
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 21.7530, -8.2557

Details

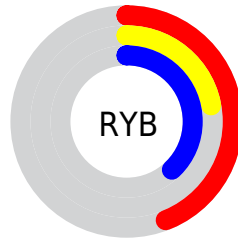
The CIELCh color **32, 33.403, 336.498** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **42, 33.227, 148.691**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 33.495, 336.201**, and **12, 33.795, 335.976** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 39.144, 337.338**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 27.081, 335.718**.

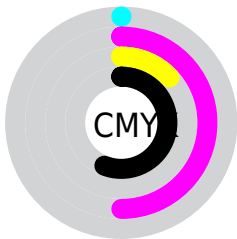
Distribution



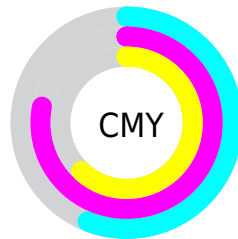
- Red (44%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (56%)




- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 33.403, 336.498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 33.403, 336.498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 32, 33.403,
336.498

 32, 33.403,
336.498

 100, 33.403,
336.498

 22, 33.403,
336.498

 52, 33.403,
336.498


 12, 33.403,
336.498


 62, 33.403,
336.498

 2, 33.403, 336.498

 72, 33.403,
336.498

 0, 33.403, 336.498

 82, 33.403,
336.498

 92, 33.403,
336.498

■ 32, 33.403,
336.498

■ 32, 33.403,
336.498

■ 30, 39.144,
337.338

■ 35, 27.081,
335.718

■ 28, 44.026,
338.259

■ 38, 20.426,
334.984

■ 26, 47.762,
339.293

■ 41, 13.625,
334.286

■ 25, 50.137,
340.487

■ 44, 6.812, 333.614

■ 47, 0.078, 330.265

■ 24, 51.727,
341.757

■ 50, 6.521, 152.461

■ 54, 12.953,
151.883

■ 57, 19.204,
151.345

■ 61, 25.268,
150.839

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 33.403, 336.498



42, 33.227, 148.691

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 33.403, 336.498



32, 33.403, 26.498



32, 33.403, 156.498



32, 33.403, 206.498

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 33.401, 336.498



54, 12.584, 333.968



28, 36.633, 304.377



27, 8.660, 334.078



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 33.401, 336.498



39, 48.270, 337.469



31, 26.435, 7.135



22, 3.800, 333.539



26, 54.318, 341.890



55, 91.840, 342.909

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 33.401, 336.498



39, 48.270, 337.469



43, 22.007, 175.878



22, 3.800, 333.539



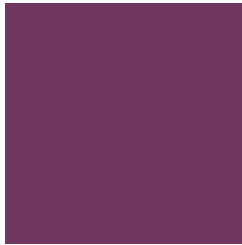
26, 54.318, 341.890



55, 91.840, 342.909

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 33.403, 336.498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 33.403, 336.498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

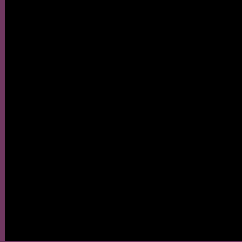
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 33.403, 336.498

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 33.403, 336.498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 33.403, 336.498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 33.403, 336.498

Protanopia

32, 22.912, 284.605

Deuteranopia

32, 12.680, 292.400



Tritanopia
32, 21.529, 15.184

Trichromacy



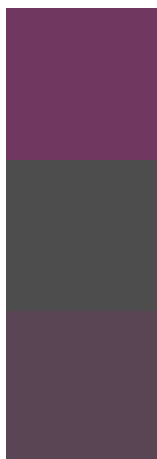
Original Color
32, 33.403, 336.498

Protanomaly
32, 24.722, 305.538

Deuteranomaly
32, 19.738, 318.476

Tritanomaly
32, 24.040, 356.485

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 33.403, 336.498

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 13.075, 335.198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 33.403, 336.498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 56, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 56, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 56, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 56, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 33.403, 336.498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 56, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 56, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 56, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 56, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 56, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 56,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 33.403, 336.498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 56, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 56,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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