

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 36.498, 148.111)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 36.498, 148.111)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 36.956, 147.639)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15572B
RGB	21, 87, 43
RGB Percent	8%, 34%, 17%
CMY	0.9158, 0.6605, 0.8328
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.51, 0.66
HSL	139°, 60%, 21%
HSV	139°, 75%, 34%
XYZ	4.1228, 7.0852, 3.3996
YIQ	62.2500, -25.2120, -27.6760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

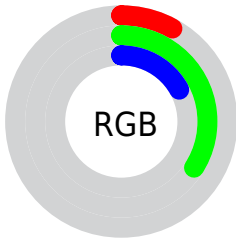
Format	Color
R_{YB}	21, 71, 87
Decimal	1398571
CIE _{Lab}	32.00, -31.22, 19.78
CIE _{LCh}	32, 36.956, 147.639
Yxy	7.0852, 0.2822, 0.4850
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279588651 (0xFF15572B)
YUV	62.2500, -9.4902, -36.1763
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, -18.9337, 11.0601

Details

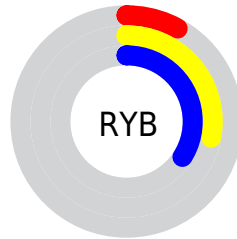
The CIELCh color **32, 36.956, 147.639** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **20, 36.463, 341.541**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 37.418, 147.498**, and **13, 30.673, 142.007** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 40.692, 146.008**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 32.782, 149.112**.

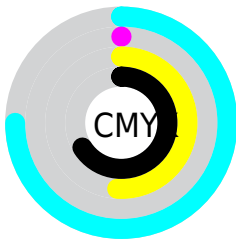
Distribution



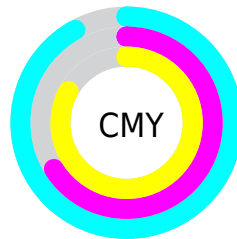
- Red (8%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (66%)





- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 36.956, 147.639 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 36.956, 147.639 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 36.956,
147.639


 32, 36.956,
147.639

 100, 36.956,
147.639


 22, 36.956,
147.639

 52, 36.956,
147.639


 12, 36.956,
147.639


 62, 36.956,
147.639

 2, 36.956, 147.639

 72, 36.956,
147.639

 0, 36.956, 147.639

 82, 36.956,
147.639

 92, 36.956,
147.639

■ 32, 36.956,
147.639

■ 32, 36.956,
147.639

■ 32, 40.692,
146.008

■ 32, 32.782,
149.112

■ 32, 44.032,
144.356

■ 33, 28.236,
150.424

■ 31, 45.576,
143.686

■ 33, 23.399,
151.583

■ 34, 18.352,
152.604

■ 35, 13.176,
153.503

■ 35, 7.941, 154.302

■ 36, 2.706, 155.047

■ 37, 2.482, 335.523

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 36.956, 147.639



20, 36.463, 341.541

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 36.956, 147.639



32, 36.956, 197.639



32, 36.956, 327.639



32, 36.956, 17.639

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 36.956, 147.639



45, 14.889, 153.625



34, 38.442, 119.146



22, 10.192, 153.433



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 36.956, 147.639



41, 51.863, 144.648



33, 23.360, 177.310



17, 2.917, 154.779



39, 53.620, 143.058



82, 98.527, 141.601

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 36.463, 341.541



25, 48.510, 344.011



19, 32.096, 16.879



16, 2.933, 335.831



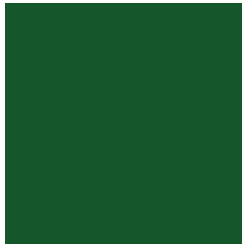
22, 48.474, 345.561



52, 85.094, 347.145

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 36.956, 147.639 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

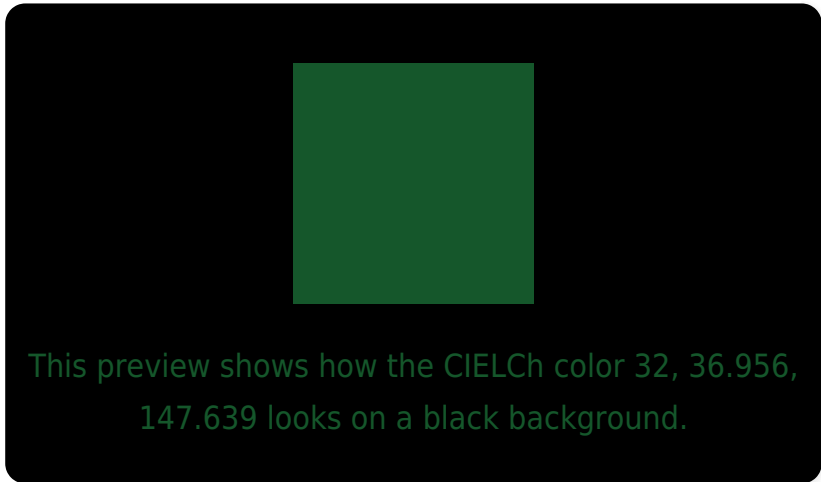
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 36.956, 147.639

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 36.956, 147.639.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 36.956, 147.639.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

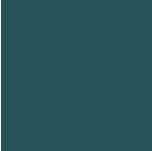
Dichromacy



Original Color
32, 37.103, 147.850

Protanopia
32, 22.651, 95.823

Deuteranopia
32, 19.095, 77.267



Tritanopia
32, 15.305, 211.955

Trichromacy



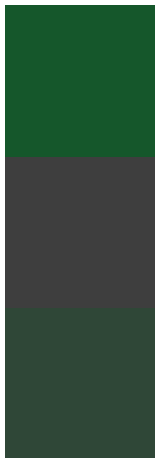
Original Color
32, 37.103, 147.850

Protanomaly
31, 25.472, 125.586

Deuteranomaly
31, 20.568, 121.400

Tritanomaly
32, 20.843, 173.157

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 37.103, 147.850

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 14.862, 153.171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 36.956, 147.639 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 87, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 87, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 87, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 87, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 36.956, 147.639 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 87, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 87, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 87, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 87, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 87, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 87, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 36.956, 147.639 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 87, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 87,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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