

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 42.038, 330.380)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 42.038, 330.380)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 41.731, 330.660)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73336C
RGB	115, 51, 108
RGB Percent	45%, 20%, 42%
CMY	0.5492, 0.8002, 0.5767
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.06, 0.55
HSL	307°, 39%, 33%
HSV	307°, 56%, 45%
XYZ	10.9476, 7.0852, 14.9620
YIQ	76.6340, 19.8470, 31.2950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

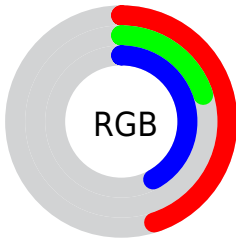
Format	Color
RYB	115, 51, 108
Decimal	7549804
CIELab	32.00, 36.38, -20.45
CIElCh	32, 41.731, 330.660
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3318, 0.2147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285739884 (0xFF73336C)
YUV	76.6340, 15.4634, 33.6470
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 26.8331, -14.6945

Details

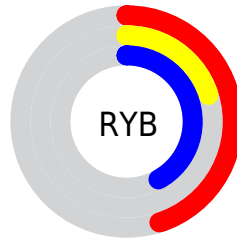
The CIELCh color $32, 41.731, 330.660$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $43, 42.072, 142.921$, and the grayscale version is $32, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $52, 41.732, 330.665$, and $12, 41.115, 330.555$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $30, 47.715, 331.192$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $34, 34.917, 330.111$.

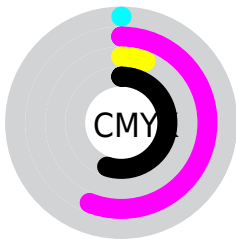
Distribution



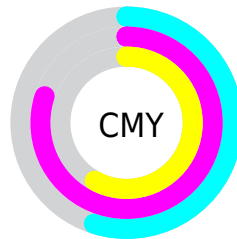
- Red (45%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (55%)




- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 41.731, 330.660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 41.731, 330.660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 32, 41.731,
330.660


 32, 41.731,
330.660

 100, 41.731,
330.660


 22, 41.731,
330.660

 52, 41.731,
330.660


 12, 41.731,
330.660


 62, 41.731,
330.660

 2, 41.731, 330.660

 72, 41.731,
330.660

 0, 41.731, 330.660

 82, 41.731,
330.660

 92, 41.731,
330.660

■ 32, 41.731,
330.660

■ 32, 41.731,
330.660

■ 30, 47.715,
331.192

■ 34, 34.917,
330.111

■ 28, 52.581,
331.705

■ 37, 27.562,
329.549

■ 27, 56.079,
332.203

■ 40, 19.904,
328.980

■ 26, 58.244,
332.694

■ 43, 12.129,
328.410

■ 26, 59.110,
332.902

■ 47, 4.368, 327.826

■ 50, 3.289, 147.384

■ 53, 10.786,
146.819

■ 57, 18.090,
146.307

■ 60, 25.186,
145.823

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 41.731, 330.660



43, 42.072, 142.921

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 41.731, 330.660



32, 41.731, 20.660



32, 41.731, 150.660



32, 41.731, 200.660

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 41.729, 330.660



55, 16.411, 328.511



25, 41.940, 300.501



28, 11.068, 328.598



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 41.729, 330.660



39, 59.952, 331.353



31, 31.283, 356.089



23, 4.413, 328.029



27, 61.796, 332.937



58, 104.291, 333.230

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 41.729, 330.660



39, 59.952, 331.353



44, 28.340, 163.548



23, 4.413, 328.029



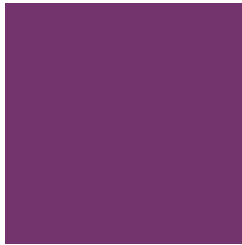
27, 61.796, 332.937



58, 104.291, 333.230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 41.731, 330.660 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 41.731, 330.660 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

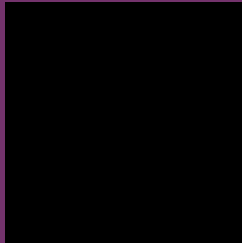
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 41.731, 330.660

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 41.731, 330.660.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 41.731, 330.660.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 41.731, 330.660

Protanopia

32, 34.276, 286.090

Deuteranopia

32, 18.473, 284.334



Tritanopia
32, 22.500, 17.301

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 41.731, 330.660

Protanomaly
31, 35.154, 301.410

Deuteranomaly
31, 25.803, 309.540

Tritanomaly
32, 26.998, 353.070

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 41.731, 330.660

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 15.930, 329.598

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 41.731, 330.660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 51, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 51, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 51, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 51, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 41.731, 330.660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 51, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 51, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 51, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 51, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 51, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 51,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 41.731, 330.660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 51, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 51,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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