

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 48.350, 288.555)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 48.350, 288.555)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 48.052, 288.344)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 234894 |
| RGB | 35, 72, 148 |
| RGB Percent | 14%, 28%, 58% |
| CMY | 0.8609, 0.7189, 0.4211 |
| CMYK | 0.76, 0.51, 0.00, 0.42 |
| HSL | 221°, 61%, 36% |
| HSV | 221°, 76%, 58% |
| XYZ | 8.3215, 7.0852, 28.7905 |
| YIQ | 69.6010, -46.4480, 15.7920 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

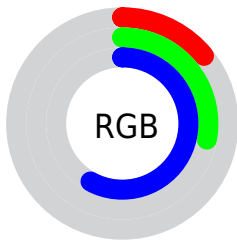
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 35, 63, 148 |
| Decimal | 2312340 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 32.00, 15.12, -45.61 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 32, 48.052, 288.344 |
| Yxy | 7.0852, 0.1883, 0.1603 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4280502420 (0xFF234894) |
| YUV | 69.6010, 38.6507, -30.3451 |
| Hunter-Lab | 26.6180, 9.2226, -45.4965 |

Details

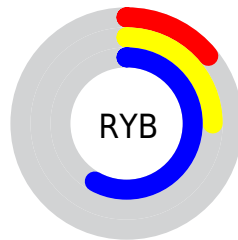
The CIELCh color **32, 48.052, 288.344** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **49, 45.970, 81.732**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 48.228, 288.058**, and **14, 46.216, 295.369** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 55.036, 291.780**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 41.241, 285.145**.

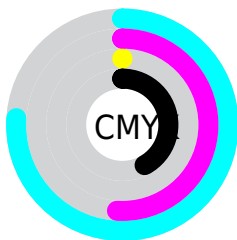
Distribution



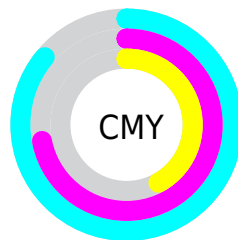
- Red (14%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 48.052, 288.344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 48.052, 288.344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 32, 48.052,
288.344

 32, 48.052,
288.344

 100, 48.052,
288.344


 22, 48.052,
288.344

 52, 48.052,
288.344

 12, 48.052,
288.344

 62, 48.052,
288.344

 2, 48.052, 288.344

 72, 48.052,
288.344

 0, 48.052, 288.344

 82, 48.052,
288.344

 92, 48.052,
288.344

■ 32, 48.052,
288.344

■ 32, 48.052,
288.344

■ 29, 55.036,
291.780

■ 36, 41.241,
285.145

■ 26, 62.101,
295.259

■ 39, 34.616,
282.271

■ 24, 64.948,
296.530

■ 43, 28.154,
279.750

■ 47, 21.831,
277.570

■ 51, 15.628,
275.697

■ 55, 9.531, 274.095

■ 59, 3.536, 272.743

■ 63, 2.359, 91.416

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 48.052, 288.344



49, 45.970, 81.732

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 48.052, 288.344



32, 48.052, 338.344



32, 48.052, 108.344



32, 48.052, 158.344

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 48.052, 288.345



66, 17.060, 275.272



55, 41.407, 164.437



33, 11.934, 275.840



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 48.052, 288.345



35, 72.504, 294.193



24, 71.353, 305.112



29, 3.360, 273.151



23, 61.331, 296.296



1, 2.920, 271.961

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 48.927, 7.474



41, 66.926, 14.497



58, 57.413, 112.186



29, 3.652, 355.182



28, 54.548, 17.537



1, 3.140, 354.396

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 48.052, 288.344 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 48.052, 288.344 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

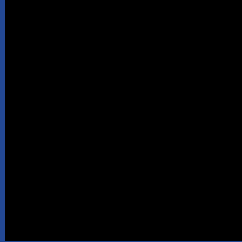
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 48.052, 288.344

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 48.052, 288.344.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 48.052, 288.344.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


32, 48.073, 288.169

Protanopia

32, 48.189, 286.470

Deuteranopia

32, 37.609, 274.276



Tritanopia
32, 21.445, 206.982

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 48.073, 288.169

Protanomaly
32, 48.132, 286.886

Deuteranomaly
32, 41.349, 279.830

Tritanomaly
31, 24.549, 252.128

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 48.073, 288.169

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 17.774, 277.005

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 48.052, 288.344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 72, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 72, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 72, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 72, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 48.052, 288.344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 72, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 72, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 72, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 72, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 72, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 72,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 48.052, 288.344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 72, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 72,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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