

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 6.263, 58.133)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 6.263, 58.133) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 6.336, 56.523)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	544943
RGB	84, 73, 67
RGB Percent	33%, 29%, 26%
CMY	0.6700, 0.7131, 0.7366
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.20, 0.67
HSL	21°, 11%, 30%
HSV	21°, 20%, 33%
XYZ	7.0813, 7.0852, 6.3290
YIQ	75.6050, 8.4820, 0.4660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

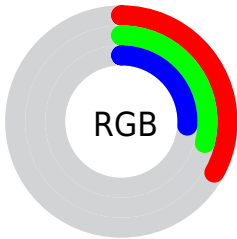
Format	Color
RYB	84, 76, 67
Decimal	5523779
CIELab	32.00, 3.49, 5.28
CIELCh	32, 6.336, 56.523
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3455, 0.3457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283713859 (0xFF544943)
YUV	75.6050, -4.2423, 7.3624
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 0.9057, 4.5351

Details

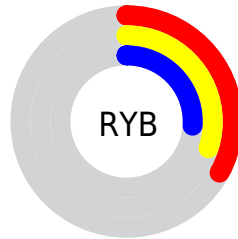
The CIELCh color $[32, 6.336, 56.523]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#333333$. A complement of this color would be $[33, 5.777, 240.147]$, and the grayscale version is $[32, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[52, 6.420, 58.740]$, and $[12, 6.604, 53.443]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30, 9.784, 55.825]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[34, 3.100, 57.256]$.

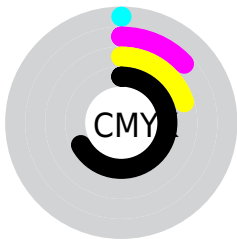
Distribution



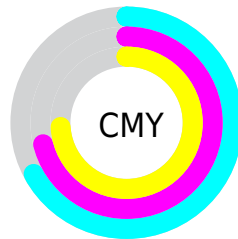
- Red (33%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 6.336, 56.523 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 6.336, 56.523 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 32, 6.336, 56.523  32, 6.336, 56.523

 100, 6.336, 56.523  22, 6.336, 56.523

 52, 6.336, 56.523  12, 6.336, 56.523

 62, 6.336, 56.523  2, 6.336, 56.523

 72, 6.336, 56.523  0, 6.336, 56.523

 82, 6.336, 56.523

 92, 6.336, 56.523

 32, 6.336, 56.523  32, 6.336, 56.523

 30, 9.784, 55.825  34, 3.100, 57.256

 28, 13.460, 55.157  36, 0.058, 53.753

■ 27, 17.369, 54.549

■ 38, 2.808, 239.019

■ 25, 21.504, 54.003

■ 40, 5.517, 239.782

■ 23, 25.825, 53.506

■ 42, 8.086, 240.570

■ 22, 30.239, 53.003

■ 43, 10.532,
241.356

■ 20, 33.956, 51.605

■ 45, 12.868,
242.131

■ 19, 37.176, 50.184

■ 47, 15.107,
242.889

■ 49, 17.261,
243.627

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 6.336, 56.523



33, 5.777, 240.147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 6.336, 56.523



32, 6.336, 106.523



32, 6.336, 236.523



32, 6.336, 286.523

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 6.336, 56.535



45, 2.238, 57.514



31, 10.229, 337.729



23, 1.498, 57.495



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 6.336, 56.535



41, 9.503, 56.203



35, 9.053, 101.213



17, 1.734, 57.351



25, 46.579, 51.083



56, 86.701, 49.670

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 5.777, 240.147



41, 8.463, 240.707



30, 9.302, 285.539



17, 1.672, 239.001



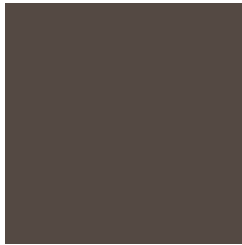
28, 27.490, 262.498



60, 50.963, 266.190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 6.336, 56.523 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 6.336, 56.523 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

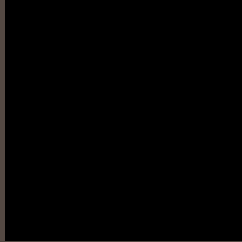
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 6.336, 56.523

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 6.336, 56.523.

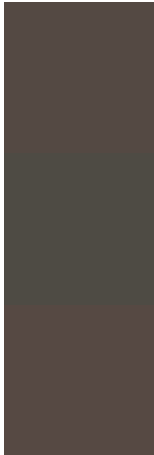


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 6.336, 56.523.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 6.336, 56.523

Protanopia

32, 4.614, 92.260

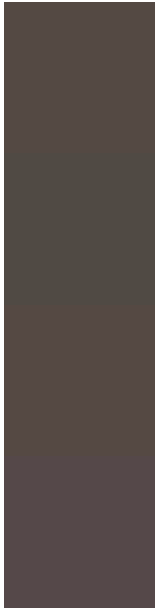
Deuteranopia

32, 7.117, 52.081



Tritanopia
32, 6.543, 351.654

Trichromacy



Original Color

32, 6.336, 56.523

Protanomaly

32, 4.666, 73.718

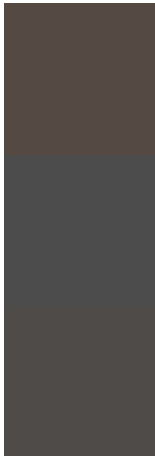
Deuteranomaly

32, 6.721, 54.172

Tritanomaly

32, 5.861, 14.155

Monochromacy



Original Color

32, 6.336, 56.523

Achromatopsia

32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

32, 2.168, 55.040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 6.336, 56.523 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 73, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 73, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 73, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 73, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 6.336, 56.523 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 73, 67) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 73, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 73, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 73, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 73, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 73, 67)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 6.336, 56.523 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 73, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 73,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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