

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 60.713, 290.742)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 60.713, 290.742)
contains.

CIELCh(32, 60.402, 290.536)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(32, 60.402, 290.536)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0046A6
RGB	0, 70, 166
RGB Percent	0%, 27%, 65%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7266, 0.3503
CMYK	1.00, 0.58, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	215°, 100%, 32%
HSV	215°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	9.0224, 7.0852, 36.8070
YIQ	60.0140, -72.5360, 15.0160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

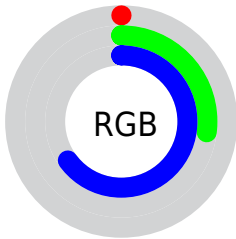
Format	Color
RYB	0, 49, 166
Decimal	18086
CIELab	32.00, 21.19, -56.56
CIELCh	32, 60.402, 290.536
Yxy	7.0852, 0.1705, 0.1339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278208166 (0xFF0046A6)
YUV	60.0140, 52.2511, -52.6323
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 13.9225, -63.3530

Details

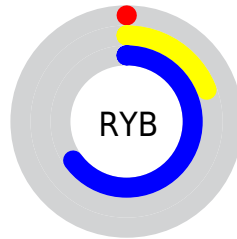
The CIELCh color **32, 60.402, 290.536** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **48, 60.146, 67.789**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 60.185, 290.375**, and **16, 57.425, 298.910** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 60.401, 290.546**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 53.943, 286.612**.

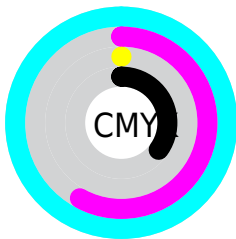
Distribution



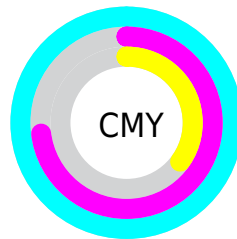
- Red (0%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 60.402, 290.536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 60.402, 290.536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 60.402,
290.536


 32, 60.402,
290.536

 100, 60.402,
290.536


 22, 60.402,
290.536

 52, 60.402,
290.536


 12, 60.402,
290.536


 62, 60.402,
290.536

 2, 60.402, 290.536

 72, 60.402,
290.536

 0, 60.402, 290.536

 82, 60.402,
290.536

 92, 60.402,
290.536

■ 32, 60.402,
290.536

■ 32, 60.402,
290.536

■ 32, 60.401,
290.546

■ 35, 53.943,
286.612

■ 38, 47.663,
282.643

■ 42, 41.535,
278.953

■ 45, 35.516,
275.647

■ 49, 29.557,
272.759

■ 53, 23.625,
270.275

■ 56, 17.704,
268.156

■ 60, 11.790,

266.356

■ 64, 5.888, 264.837

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 60.402, 290.536



48, 60.146, 67.789

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 60.402, 290.536



32, 60.402, 340.536



32, 60.402, 110.536



32, 60.402, 160.536

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 60.401, 290.546



71, 21.823, 268.262



60, 59.771, 152.961



36, 14.868, 269.073



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 60.401, 290.546



42, 74.540, 291.323



19, 96.538, 306.512



33, 3.290, 264.736



28, 54.243, 290.067



2, 5.315, 267.106

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 61.200, 9.188



46, 74.184, 10.194



65, 70.401, 106.921



32, 4.195, 348.906



30, 55.573, 8.585



1, 6.283, 350.579

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 60.402, 290.536 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 60.402, 290.536 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

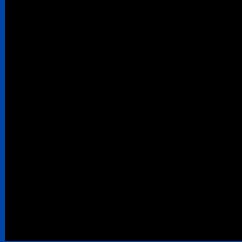
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 60.402, 290.536

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 60.402, 290.536.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 60.402, 290.536.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


32, 60.409, 290.490

Protanopia

32, 51.434, 285.850

Deuteranopia

32, 36.519, 272.688



Tritanopia
32, 21.700, 205.080

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 60.409, 290.490

Protanomaly
32, 54.419, 287.567

Deuteranomaly
32, 44.961, 281.352

Tritanomaly
32, 28.084, 258.328

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 60.409, 290.490

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 23.138, 273.904

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 60.402, 290.536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 70, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 70, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 70, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 70, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 60.402, 290.536 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 70, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 70, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 70, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 70, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 70, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 70, 166)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 60.402, 290.536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 70, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 70,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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