

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 61.148, 337.671)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 61.148, 337.671)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 61.299, 337.707)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C0F71
RGB	140, 15, 113
RGB Percent	55%, 6%, 44%
CMY	0.4516, 0.9422, 0.5574
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 0.19, 0.45
HSL	313°, 81%, 30%
HSV	313°, 89%, 55%
XYZ	13.9294, 7.0852, 16.2157
YIQ	63.5470, 43.0420, 56.9780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

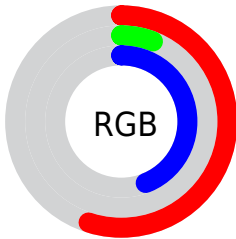
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 15, 113
Decimal	9178993
CIE _{Lab}	32.00, 56.72, -23.25
CIE _{LCh}	32, 61.299, 337.707
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3741, 0.1903
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287369073 (0xFF8C0F71)
YUV	63.5470, 24.3803, 67.0493
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 46.8292, -17.4869

Details

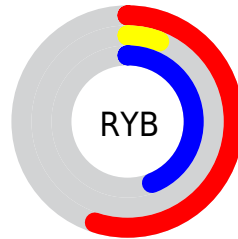
The CIELCh color **32, 61.299, 337.707** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **51, 66.458, 140.917**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 61.339, 337.754**, and **17, 43.924, 339.229** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 62.713, 338.771**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 58.524, 336.743**.

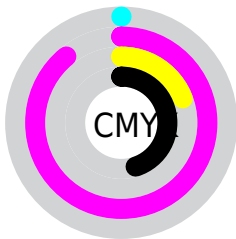
Distribution



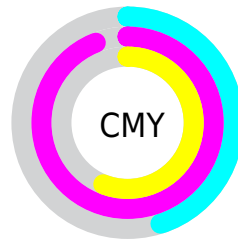
- Red (55%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (45%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (56%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 61.299, 337.707 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 61.299, 337.707 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 61.299,
337.707


 32, 61.299,
337.707

 100, 61.299,
337.707


 22, 61.299,
337.707

 52, 61.299,
337.707


 12, 61.299,
337.707


 62, 61.299,
337.707

 2, 61.299, 337.707

 72, 61.299,
337.707

 0, 61.299, 337.707

 82, 61.299,
337.707

 92, 61.299,
337.707

■ 32, 61.299,
337.707

■ 32, 61.299,
337.707

■ 31, 62.713,
338.771

■ 33, 58.524,
336.743

■ 31, 62.787,
338.828

■ 35, 54.036,
335.880

■ 38, 48.080,
335.087

■ 40, 41.010,
334.340

■ 44, 33.184,
333.627

■ 47, 24.916,
332.941

■ 51, 16.449,
332.278

■ 54, 7.958, 331.629

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 61.299, 337.707



51, 66.458, 140.917

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 61.299, 337.707



32, 61.299, 27.707



32, 61.299, 157.707



32, 61.299, 207.707

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 61.297, 337.707



61, 28.194, 332.814



19, 78.257, 306.830



30, 19.136, 333.014



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 61.297, 337.707



41, 75.662, 339.107



30, 52.272, 14.685



27, 4.683, 331.608



29, 60.456, 338.763



0, 2.159, 331.079

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 61.297, 337.707



41, 75.662, 339.107



52, 42.288, 164.445



27, 4.683, 331.608



29, 60.456, 338.763



0, 2.159, 331.079

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 61.299, 337.707 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 61.299, 337.707 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

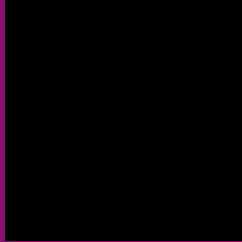
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 61.299, 337.707

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 61.299, 337.707.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 61.299, 337.707.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 61.299, 337.707

Protanopia

33, 52.337, 286.643

Deuteranopia

33, 19.011, 285.769



Tritanopia
32, 42.184, 26.106

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 61.299, 337.707

Protanomaly
28, 56.897, 301.141

Deuteranomaly
30, 37.211, 319.564

Tritanomaly
32, 45.255, 3.245

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 61.299, 337.707

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 29.469, 334.317

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 61.299, 337.707 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 15, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 15, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 15, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 15, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 61.299, 337.707 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 15, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 15, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 15, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 15, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 15, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 15,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 61.299, 337.707 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 15, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 15,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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