

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 62.003, 343.961)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 62.003, 343.961)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 61.461, 344.444)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	920066
RGB	146, 0, 102
RGB Percent	57%, 0%, 40%
CMY	0.4260, 1.0000, 0.5982
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.30, 0.43
HSL	318°, 100%, 29%
HSV	318°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	14.3283, 7.0852, 13.3029
YIQ	55.2820, 54.2740, 62.6740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

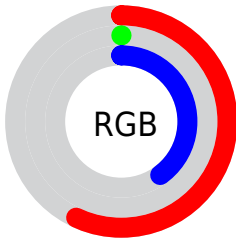
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 0, 102
Decimal	9568358
CIE Lab	32.00, 59.21, -16.48
CIE LCh	32, 61.461, 344.444
Yxy	7.0852, 0.4127, 0.2041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287758438 (0xFF920066)
YUV	55.2820, 23.0320, 79.5597
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 49.5038, -10.9989

Details

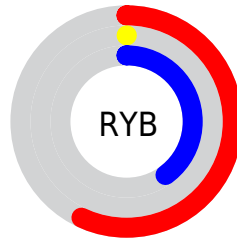
The CIELCh color **32, 61.461, 344.444** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **53, 69.485, 141.541**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 60.948, 344.711**, and **18, 41.627, 349.706** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 61.248, 344.487**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 60.086, 342.801**.

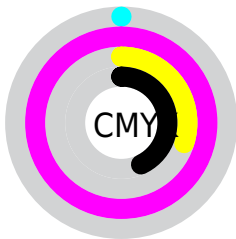
Distribution



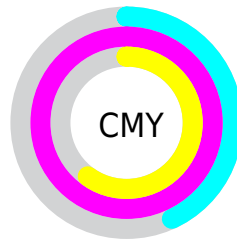
- Red (57%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (43%)





- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 61.461, 344.444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 61.461, 344.444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 32, 61.461,
344.444


 32, 61.461,
344.444

 100, 61.461,
344.444

 22, 61.461,
344.444

 52, 61.461,
344.444

 12, 61.461,
344.444


 62, 61.461,
344.444

 2, 61.461, 344.444

 72, 61.461,
344.444

 0, 61.461, 344.444

 82, 61.461,
344.444

 92, 61.461,
344.444

■ 32, 61.461,
344.444

■ 32, 61.461,
344.444

■ 32, 61.248,
344.487

■ 33, 60.086,
342.801

■ 34, 57.581,
341.331

■ 36, 53.315,
340.091

■ 39, 47.543,
339.018

■ 42, 40.631,
338.064

■ 45, 32.956,
337.195

■ 49, 24.841,
336.392

■ 53, 16.536,

335.638

■ 57, 8.219, 334.919

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 61.461, 344.444



53, 69.485, 141.541

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 61.461, 344.444



32, 61.461, 34.444



32, 61.461, 164.444



32, 61.461, 214.444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 61.248, 344.487



63, 30.890, 336.440



18, 85.674, 308.495



31, 21.216, 336.743



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 61.248, 344.487



43, 74.314, 344.940



30, 60.872, 28.341



29, 4.680, 334.863



30, 58.643, 344.369



1, 4.063, 334.285

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 61.248, 344.487



43, 74.314, 344.940



54, 40.919, 171.215



29, 4.680, 334.863



30, 58.643, 344.369



1, 4.063, 334.285

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 61.461, 344.444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 61.461, 344.444 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

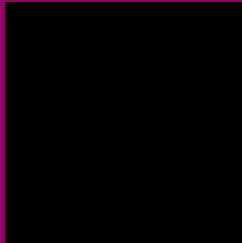
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 61.461, 344.444

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 61.461, 344.444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 61.461, 344.444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 61.083, 344.578

Protanopia

33, 44.120, 286.489

Deuteranopia

34, 11.981, 294.110



Tritanopia
33, 49.064, 29.095

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 61.083, 344.578

Protanomaly
28, 52.929, 309.010

Deuteranomaly
29, 36.637, 329.879

Tritanomaly
32, 50.797, 9.463

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 61.083, 344.578

Achromatopsia
23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
23, 31.658, 338.803

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 61.461, 344.444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 0, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 0, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 0, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 0, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 61.461, 344.444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 0, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 0, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 0, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 0, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 0, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 0,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 61.461, 344.444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 0, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146, 0,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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