

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 65.877, 336.216)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 65.877, 336.216)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 65.686, 336.128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E0076
RGB	142, 0, 118
RGB Percent	56%, 0%, 46%
CMY	0.4425, 0.9985, 0.5367
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.17, 0.44
HSL	310°, 99%, 28%
HSV	310°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	14.4671, 7.0852, 17.7920
YIQ	55.9100, 46.7540, 66.8020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

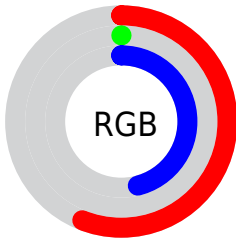
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 0, 118
Decimal	9306230
CIE _{Lab}	32.00, 60.07, -26.58
CIE _{LCh}	32, 65.686, 336.128
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3677, 0.1801
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287496310 (0xFF8E0076)
YUV	55.9100, 30.6104, 75.5009
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 50.4352, -20.9980

Details

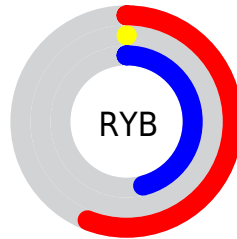
The CIELCh color **32, 65.686, 336.128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **51, 73.307, 138.316**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 65.676, 335.891**, and **18, 45.484, 337.655** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 65.723, 336.149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 64.155, 335.329**.

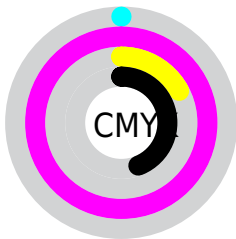
Distribution



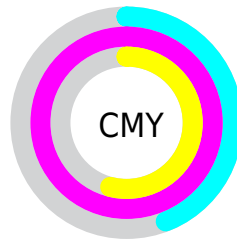
- Red (56%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (54%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 65.686, 336.128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 65.686, 336.128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 65.686,
336.128


 32, 65.686,
336.128

 100, 65.686,
336.128


 22, 65.686,
336.128

 52, 65.686,
336.128


 12, 65.686,
336.128


 62, 65.686,
336.128

 2, 65.686, 336.128

 72, 65.686,
336.128

 0, 65.686, 336.128

 82, 65.686,
336.128

 92, 65.686,
336.128

■ 32, 65.686,
336.128

■ 32, 65.686,
336.128

■ 32, 65.723,
336.149

■ 33, 64.155,
335.329

■ 34, 61.260,
334.581

■ 36, 56.604,
333.881

■ 38, 50.428,
333.208

■ 41, 43.082,
332.552

■ 44, 34.934,
331.906

■ 48, 26.308,
331.270

■ 51, 17.458,

330.645

■ 55, 8.571, 330.026

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 65.686, 336.128



51, 73.307, 138.316

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 65.686, 336.128



32, 65.686, 26.128



32, 65.686, 156.128



32, 65.686, 206.128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 65.684, 336.128



61, 32.694, 331.326



16, 85.326, 307.104



30, 22.189, 331.560



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 65.684, 336.128



42, 79.128, 336.345



29, 55.578, 16.626



28, 4.988, 329.992



30, 63.387, 336.106



1, 3.348, 329.479

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 65.684, 336.128



42, 79.128, 336.345



52, 47.189, 159.871



28, 4.988, 329.992



30, 63.387, 336.106



1, 3.348, 329.479

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 65.686, 336.128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 32, 65.686, 336.128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

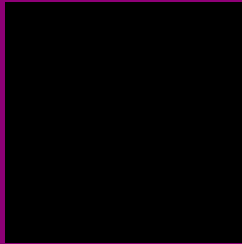
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 65.686, 336.128

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 65.686, 336.128.

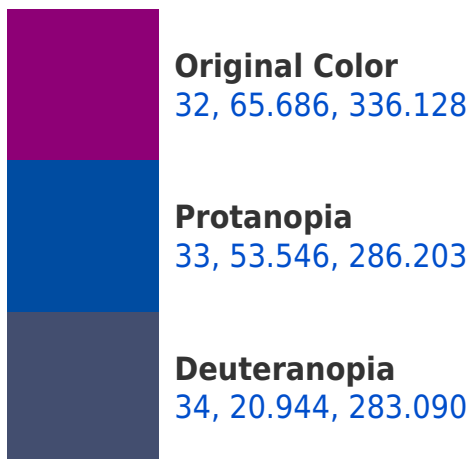


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 65.686, 336.128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
33, 42.759, 26.873

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 65.686, 336.128

Protanomaly
27, 61.506, 301.135

Deuteranomaly
29, 43.055, 317.534

Tritanomaly
31, 47.758, 1.240

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 65.686, 336.128

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
23, 33.740, 332.447

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 65.686, 336.128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 0, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 0, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 0, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 0, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 65.686, 336.128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 0, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 0, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 0, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 0, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 0, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 0,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 65.686, 336.128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 0, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 0,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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