

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 69.526, 38.705)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(32, 69.526, 38.705) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(32, 69.575, 38.671)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9B0606
RGB	155, 6, 6
RGB Percent	61%, 2%, 2%
CMY	0.3935, 0.9751, 0.9775
CMYK	0.00, 0.96, 0.96, 0.39
HSL	0°, 93%, 31%
HSV	0°, 96%, 61%
XYZ	13.5529, 7.0852, 0.8179
YIQ	50.5510, 88.8040, 31.5880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

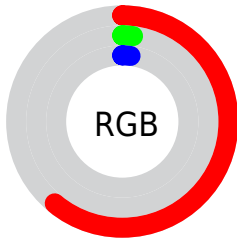
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	155, 6, 6
Decimal	10159622
CIELab	32.00, 54.32, 43.47
CIELCh	32, 69.575, 38.671
Yxy	7.0852, 0.6317, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288349702 (0xFF9B0606)
YUV	50.5510, -21.9636, 91.6018
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 44.3044, 16.8108

# Details

The CIELCh color **32, 69.575, 38.671** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **58, 34.060, 197.022**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 69.952, 38.544**, and **17, 47.026, 34.818** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 71.486, 39.635**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 63.832, 35.627**.

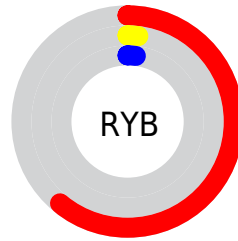
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (2%)

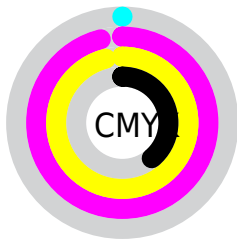
Blue (2%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (2%)

Blue (2%)

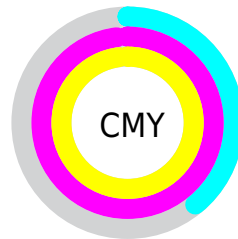


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (98%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 69.575, 38.671 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 69.575, 38.671 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 32, 69.575, 38.671

■ 32, 69.575, 38.671

■ 100, 69.575,  
38.671

■ 22, 69.575, 38.671

■ 52, 69.575, 38.671

■ 12, 69.575, 38.671

■ 62, 69.575, 38.671

■ 2, 69.575, 38.671

■ 72, 69.575, 38.671

■ 0, 69.575, 38.671

■ 82, 69.575, 38.671

■ 92, 69.575, 38.671

■ 32, 69.575, 38.671

■ 32, 69.575, 38.671

■ 32, 71.486, 39.635

■ 33, 63.832, 35.627

35, 56.562, 32.181

37, 48.620, 29.057

40, 40.460, 26.492

44, 32.371, 24.476

48, 24.560, 22.920

52, 17.160, 21.722

56, 10.236, 20.788

61, 3.804, 20.004

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 69.575, 38.671



58, 34.060, 197.022

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 69.575, 38.671



32, 69.575, 88.671



32, 69.575, 218.671



32, 69.575, 268.671

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 69.573, 38.673



65, 23.762, 22.081



37, 78.770, 328.199



32, 16.673, 22.561



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 69.573, 38.673



42, 87.505, 40.039



42, 56.741, 61.866



30, 3.425, 20.232



28, 66.055, 39.121



1, 3.580, 19.748



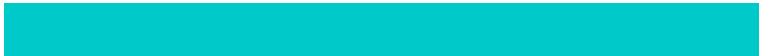


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 34.060, 197.022



73, 41.709, 197.033



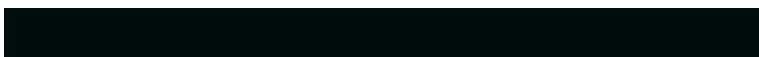
34, 47.197, 281.868



32, 3.236, 199.361



52, 31.932, 197.016

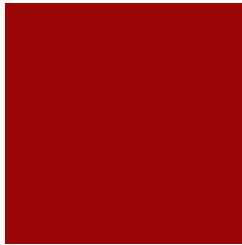


3, 3.578, 199.820



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 69.575, 38.671 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 69.575, 38.671 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 32, 69.575, 38.671**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 69.575, 38.671.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 69.575, 38.671.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

32, 69.665, 38.578

### Protanopia

33, 33.746, 95.376

### Deuteranopia

33, 41.873, 85.179



**Tritanopia**  
32, 70.040, 40.931



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
32, 69.665, 38.578

**Protanomaly**  
29, 41.488, 54.567

**Deuteranomaly**  
30, 49.135, 54.674

**Tritanomaly**  
32, 69.830, 40.087

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
32, 69.665, 38.578

**Achromatopsia**  
21, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
22, 27.838, 26.459

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 69.575, 38.671 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 6, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 6, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 6, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 6, 6) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 69.575, 38.671 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 6, 6) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 6, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 6, 6)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 6, 6); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 6, 6); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 6, 6) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 69.575, 38.671 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 6, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155, 6,  
6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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