

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 7.956, 102.000)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 7.956, 102.000) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 8.226, 102.245)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E4C3F
RGB	78, 76, 63
RGB Percent	31%, 30%, 25%
CMY	0.6954, 0.7032, 0.7542
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.19, 0.70
HSL	52°, 11%, 28%
HSV	52°, 19%, 30%
XYZ	6.5653, 7.0852, 5.6778
YIQ	75.1160, 5.3650, -3.6190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

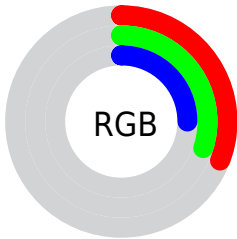
Format	Color
RYB	65, 78, 63
Decimal	5131327
CIELab	32.00, -1.74, 8.04
CIElCh	32, 8.226, 102.245
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3397, 0.3666
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283321407 (0xFF4E4C3F)
YUV	75.1160, -5.9732, 2.5293
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, -2.5545, 5.9857

Details

The CIELCh color **32, 8.226, 102.245** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **28, 8.456, 286.259**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 8.120, 103.262**, and **12, 7.945, 99.829** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 12.488, 101.249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 3.957, 103.231**.

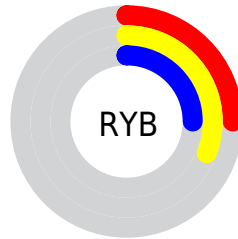
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (30%)

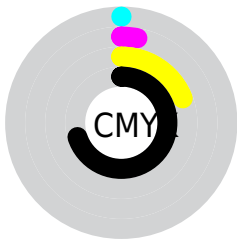
Blue (25%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (25%)

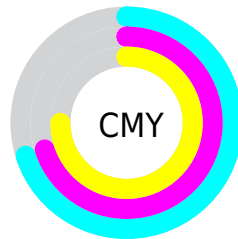


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (70%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 8.226, 102.245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 8.226, 102.245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32, 8.226, 102.245

■ 32, 8.226, 102.245

■ 100, 8.226,
102.245

■ 22, 8.226, 102.245

■ 52, 8.226, 102.245

■ 12, 8.226, 102.245

■ 62, 8.226, 102.245

■ 2, 8.226, 102.245

■ 72, 8.226, 102.245

■ 0, 8.226, 102.245

■ 82, 8.226, 102.245

■ 92, 8.226, 102.245

■ 32, 8.226, 102.245

■ 32, 8.226, 102.245

■ 31, 12.488,
101.249

■ 33, 3.957, 103.231

31, 16.714,
100.234

31, 20.859, 99.216

30, 24.852, 98.206

30, 28.584, 97.213

29, 31.893, 96.246

29, 34.598, 95.309

29, 37.363, 94.435

29, 37.562, 94.378

33, 0.304, 284.414

34, 4.546, 285.157

34, 8.762, 286.052

35, 12.948,
286.915

35, 17.103,
287.742

36, 21.226,
288.532

37, 25.314,
289.283

37, 29.369,
289.997

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 8.226, 102.245



28, 8.456, 286.259

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 8.226, 102.245



32, 8.226, 152.245



32, 8.226, 282.245



32, 8.226, 332.245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 8.227, 102.252



43, 3.196, 103.522



28, 6.990, 10.074



21, 2.093, 103.498



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 8.227, 102.252



42, 12.287, 101.795



32, 9.752, 123.377



15, 2.345, 103.294



38, 45.349, 94.006



80, 81.625, 93.291

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 8.456, 286.259



35, 12.717, 286.849



28, 10.054, 305.251



14, 2.377, 285.032



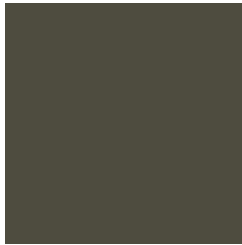
11, 60.972, 303.060



31, 116.113, 304.548

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 8.226, 102.245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

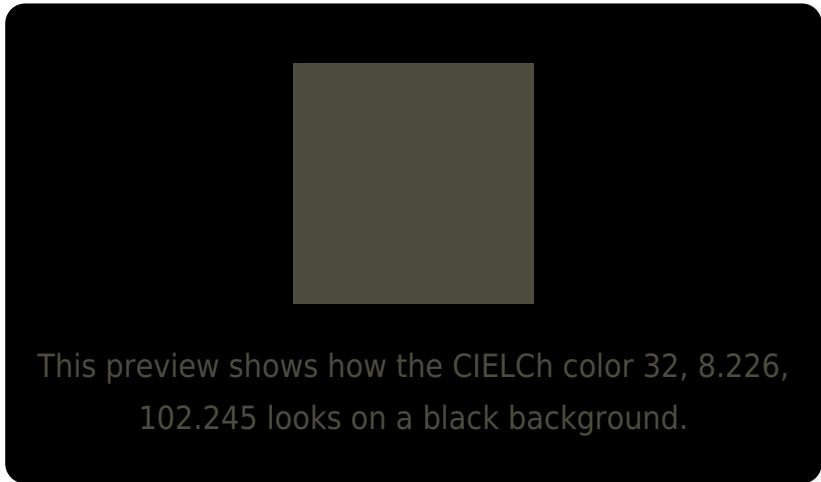
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

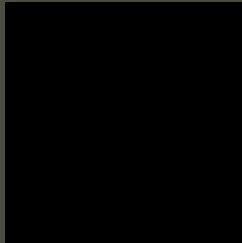
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 8.226, 102.245

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 8.226, 102.245.

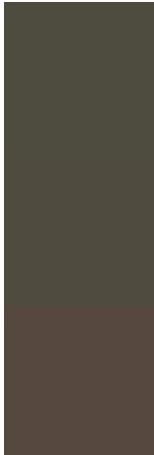


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 8.226, 102.245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

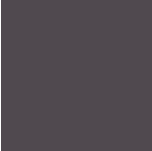
32, 8.226, 102.245

Protanopia

32, 8.399, 95.884

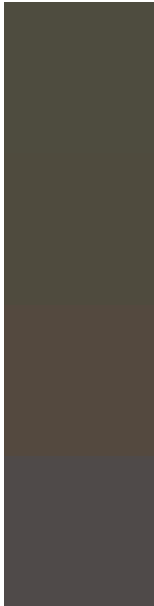
Deuteranopia

32, 9.113, 58.495



Tritanopia
32, 4.885, 329.050

Trichromacy



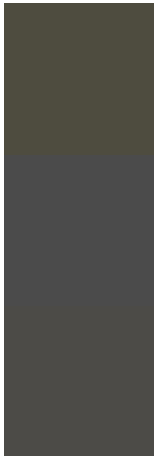
Original Color
32, 8.226, 102.245

Protanomaly
32, 8.399, 95.884

Deuteranomaly
32, 8.178, 70.045

Tritanomaly
32, 2.301, 35.534

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 8.226, 102.245

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 2.560, 99.707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 8.226, 102.245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 76, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 76, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 76, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 76, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 8.226, 102.245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 76, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 76, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 76, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 76, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 76, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 76, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 8.226, 102.245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 76, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 76,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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