

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 70.416, 38.039)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 70.416, 38.039) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 70.487, 38.144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C0106
RGB	156, 1, 6
RGB Percent	61%, 0%, 2%
CMY	0.3887, 0.9969, 0.9769
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.96, 0.39
HSL	358°, 99%, 31%
HSV	358°, 99%, 61%
XYZ	13.7272, 7.0852, 0.8136
YIQ	47.9150, 90.7750, 34.4150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

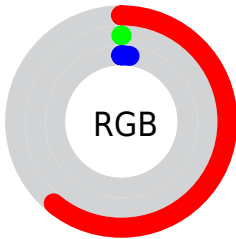
Format	Color
RYB	156, 1, 6
Decimal	10223878
CIELab	32.00, 55.44, 43.54
CIElCh	32, 70.487, 38.144
Yxy	7.0852, 0.6348, 0.3276
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288413958 (0xFF9C0106)
YUV	47.9150, -20.6641, 94.7905
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 45.4730, 16.8204

Details

The CIELCh color **32, 70.487, 38.144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **58, 35.564, 191.532**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 70.582, 38.217**, and **18, 47.465, 34.974** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 70.738, 38.274**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 65.093, 34.941**.

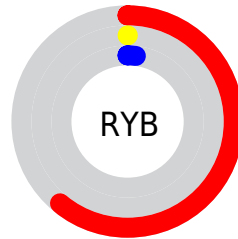
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (0%)

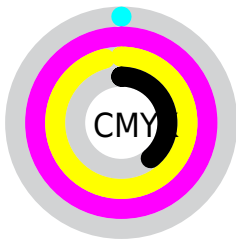
Blue (2%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (2%)

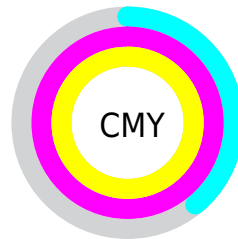


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 70.487, 38.144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 70.487, 38.144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32, 70.487, 38.144

■ 32, 70.487, 38.144

■ 100, 70.487,
38.144

■ 22, 70.487, 38.144

■ 52, 70.487, 38.144

■ 12, 70.487, 38.144

■ 62, 70.487, 38.144

■ 2, 70.487, 38.144

■ 72, 70.487, 38.144

■ 0, 70.487, 38.144

■ 82, 70.487, 38.144

■ 92, 70.487, 38.144

■ 32, 70.487, 38.144

■ 32, 70.487, 38.144

■ 32, 70.738, 38.274

■ 33, 65.093, 34.941

■ 34, 58.338, 31.115

■ 37, 50.808, 27.621

■ 40, 42.910, 24.726

■ 43, 34.930, 22.432

■ 47, 27.103, 20.642

■ 51, 19.595, 19.247

■ 55, 12.505, 18.147

■ 60, 5.873, 17.246

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 70.487, 38.144



58, 35.564, 191.532

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 70.487, 38.144



32, 70.487, 88.144



32, 70.487, 218.144



32, 70.487, 268.144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 70.485, 38.146



65, 24.651, 19.381



36, 80.026, 326.938



32, 17.174, 19.902



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 70.485, 38.146



42, 86.151, 38.803



41, 59.428, 58.543



31, 3.535, 17.225



29, 65.967, 37.843



1, 4.480, 16.800

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 70.485, 38.146



42, 86.151, 38.803



35, 45.941, 279.715



31, 3.535, 17.225



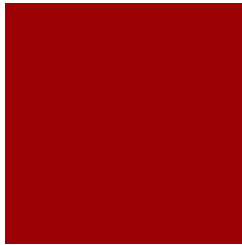
29, 65.967, 37.843



1, 4.480, 16.800

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 70.487, 38.144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

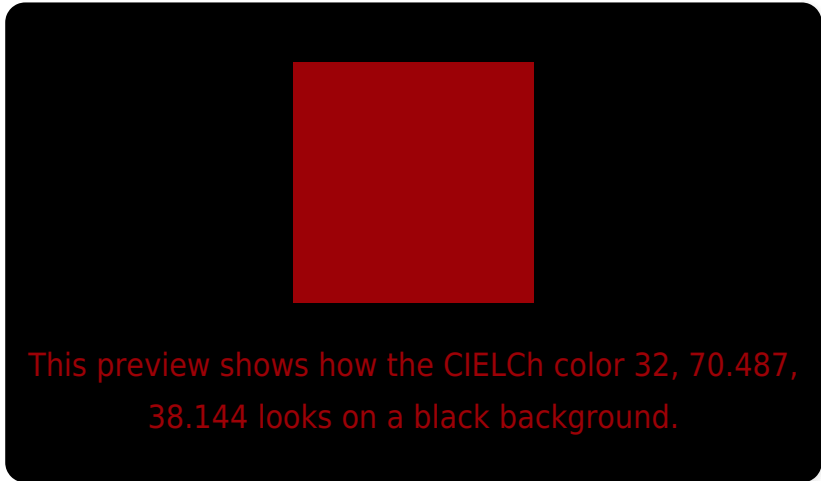
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 70.487, 38.144

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 70.487, 38.144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 70.487, 38.144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 70.487, 38.144

Protanopia

33, 33.662, 96.321

Deuteranopia

33, 42.203, 85.361



Tritanopia
32, 70.416, 40.936

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 70.487, 38.144

Protanomaly
29, 41.736, 53.040

Deuteranomaly
30, 49.737, 53.813

Tritanomaly
32, 70.380, 39.911

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 70.487, 38.144

Achromatopsia
20, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 28.766, 24.775

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 70.487, 38.144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 1, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 1, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 1, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 1, 6) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 70.487, 38.144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 1, 6) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 1, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 1, 6)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 1, 6); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 1, 6); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 1, 6) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 70.487, 38.144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 1, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156, 1,  
6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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