

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 8.161, 339.946)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 8.161, 339.946) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 8.669, 339.849)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	564750
RGB	86, 71, 80
RGB Percent	34%, 28%, 31%
CMY	0.6623, 0.7211, 0.6858
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.07, 0.66
HSL	324°, 10%, 31%
HSV	324°, 17%, 34%
XYZ	7.5606, 7.0852, 8.5802
YIQ	76.5110, 6.0510, 5.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

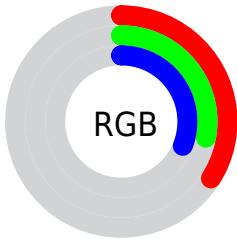
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 71, 80
Decimal	5654352
CIE _{Lab}	32.00, 8.14, -2.99
CIE _{LCh}	32, 8.669, 339.849
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3255, 0.3051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283844432 (0xFF564750)
YUV	76.5110, 1.7201, 8.3219
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 4.1198, -0.4793

Details

The CIELCh color $32, 8.669, 339.849$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $35, 8.562, 157.385$, and the grayscale version is $33, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $52, 8.957, 340.089$, and $12, 8.598, 339.903$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $29, 13.712, 340.650$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $35, 3.662, 339.089$.

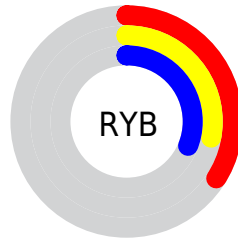
Distribution



 Red (34%)

 Green (28%)

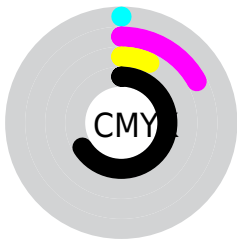
 Blue (31%)



 Red (34%)

 Yellow (28%)

 Blue (31%)

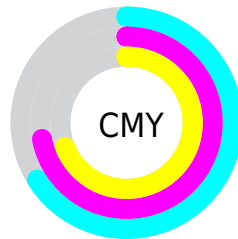


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (17%)

 Yellow (7%)

 Black (66%)



 Cyan (66%)

 Magenta (72%)

 Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 8.669, 339.849 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 8.669, 339.849 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 32, 8.669, 339.849

■ 32, 8.669, 339.849

■ 100, 8.669,
339.849

■ 22, 8.669, 339.849

■ 52, 8.669, 339.849

■ 12, 8.669, 339.849

■ 62, 8.669, 339.849

■ 2, 8.669, 339.849

■ 72, 8.669, 339.849

■ 0, 8.669, 339.849

■ 82, 8.669, 339.849

■ 92, 8.669, 339.849

■ 32, 8.669, 339.849

■ 32, 8.669, 339.849

■ 29, 13.712,
340.650

■ 35, 3.662, 339.089

■ 27, 18.715,
341.519

■ 37, 1.253, 158.628

■ 25, 23.561,
342.478

■ 40, 6.049, 157.868

■ 23, 28.093,
343.558

■ 43, 10.711,
157.262

■ 21, 32.115,
344.800

■ 46, 15.232,
156.702

■ 19, 35.412,
346.261

■ 48, 19.614,
156.179

■ 18, 37.786,
348.019

■ 51, 23.861,
155.687

■ 17, 39.674,
349.916

■ 54, 27.981,
155.226

■ 17, 40.207,
350.376

■ 57, 31.980,
154.791

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 8.669, 339.849



35, 8.562, 157.385

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 8.669, 339.849



32, 8.669, 29.849



32, 8.669, 159.849



32, 8.669, 209.849

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 8.668, 339.851



46, 3.064, 338.908



31, 9.915, 306.335



22, 2.068, 338.943



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 8.668, 339.851



40, 13.032, 340.186



32, 6.809, 12.529



16, 2.780, 339.194



22, 46.574, 351.246



51, 81.829, 353.429

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 8.668, 339.851



40, 13.032, 340.186



35, 6.264, 189.962



16, 2.780, 339.194



22, 46.574, 351.246



51, 81.829, 353.429

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 8.669, 339.849 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 8.669, 339.849 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

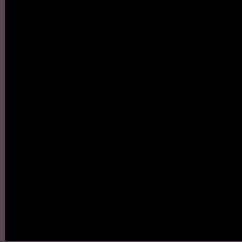
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 8.669, 339.849

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 8.669, 339.849.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 8.669, 339.849.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


32, 8.669, 339.849

Protanopia

32, 4.437, 290.974

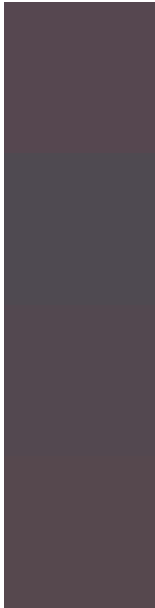
Deuteranopia

32, 5.645, 328.542



Tritanopia
32, 6.936, 353.528

Trichromacy



Original Color

32, 8.669, 339.849

Protanomaly

32, 4.949, 316.493

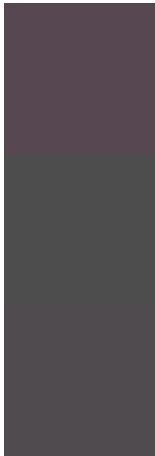
Deuteranomaly

32, 6.976, 333.990

Tritanomaly

32, 7.226, 349.026

Monochromacy



Original Color

32, 8.669, 339.849

Achromatopsia

33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

32, 2.899, 338.989

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 8.669, 339.849 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 71, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 71, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 71, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 71, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 8.669, 339.849 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 71, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 71, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 71, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 71, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 71, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 71, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 8.669, 339.849 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 71, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 71,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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