

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 9.782, 100.127)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 9.782, 100.127) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 10.147, 100.393)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F4C3C
RGB	79, 76, 60
RGB Percent	31%, 30%, 24%
CMY	0.6917, 0.7034, 0.7661
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.24, 0.69
HSL	51°, 14%, 27%
HSV	51°, 24%, 31%
XYZ	6.5571, 7.0852, 5.2465
YIQ	75.0730, 6.9240, -4.3400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

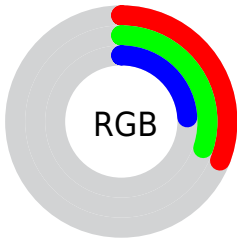
Format	Color
RYB	64, 79, 60
Decimal	5196860
CIELab	32.00, -1.83, 9.98
CIELCh	32, 10.147, 100.393
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3471, 0.3751
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283386940 (0xFF4F4C3C)
YUV	75.0730, -7.4310, 3.4440
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, -2.6098, 6.9462

Details

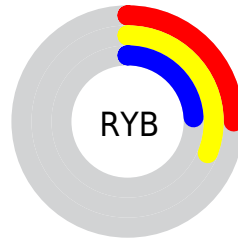
The CIELCh color **32, 10.147, 100.393** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **27, 10.470, 285.632**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52, 10.455, 101.908**, and **12, 9.858, 100.888** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 14.349, 99.360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 5.935, 101.417**.

Distribution



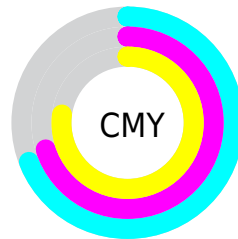
- Red (31%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (69%)





- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 10.147, 100.393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 10.147, 100.393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 10.147,
100.393


 32, 10.147,
100.393

 100, 10.147,
100.393


 22, 10.147,
100.393

 52, 10.147,
100.393


 12, 10.147,
100.393


 62, 10.147,
100.393

 2, 10.147, 100.393

 72, 10.147,
100.393

 0, 10.147, 100.393

 82, 10.147,
100.393

 92, 10.147,
100.393

■ 32, 10.147,
100.393

■ 32, 10.147,
100.393

■ 31, 14.349, 99.360

■ 33, 5.935, 101.417

■ 31, 18.507, 98.308

■ 33, 1.731, 102.387

■ 30, 22.566, 97.253

■ 34, 2.451, 283.425

■ 30, 26.440, 96.201

■ 34, 6.606, 284.343

■ 29, 29.997, 95.158

■ 35, 10.730,
285.239

■ 29, 33.046, 94.125

■ 36, 14.819,
286.100

■ 29, 35.682, 93.118

■ 28, 37.336, 92.582

■ 36, 18.874,
286.923

■ 37, 22.894,
287.707

■ 38, 26.878,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 10.147, 100.393



27, 10.470, 285.632

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 10.147, 100.393



32, 10.147, 150.393



32, 10.147, 280.393



32, 10.147, 330.393

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 10.148, 100.399



43, 3.635, 102.097



27, 9.002, 8.023



21, 2.332, 102.083



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 10.148, 100.399



41, 15.121, 99.788



32, 12.237, 121.850



15, 2.285, 101.964



37, 44.741, 92.153



79, 80.489, 91.274

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 10.470, 285.632



33, 15.738, 286.472



26, 12.744, 304.373



14, 2.314, 283.741



11, 59.509, 302.332



32, 113.860, 303.983

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 10.147, 100.393 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

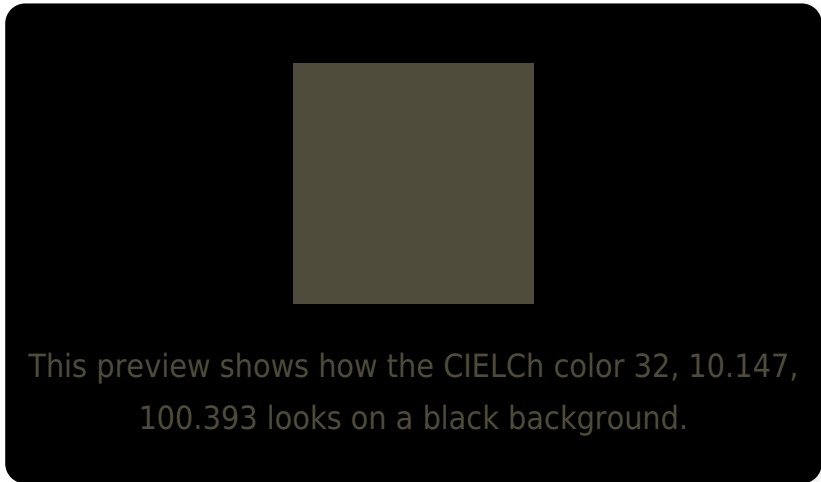
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

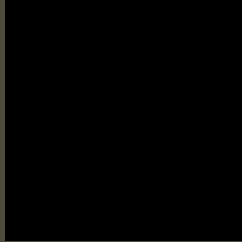
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 10.147, 100.393

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 10.147, 100.393.

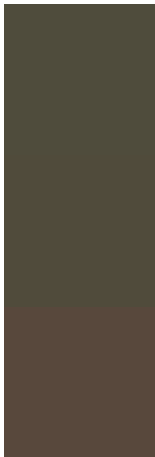


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 10.147, 100.393.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

32, 10.147, 100.393

Protanopia

32, 10.345, 95.166

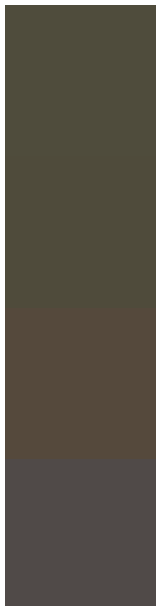
Deuteranopia

32, 10.832, 64.111



Tritanopia
32, 5.167, 332.889

Trichromacy



Original Color
32, 10.147, 100.393

Protanomaly
32, 10.246, 97.748

Deuteranomaly
32, 10.035, 74.146

Tritanomaly
32, 2.955, 44.940

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 10.147, 100.393

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 3.811, 102.722

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 10.147, 100.393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 76, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 76, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 76, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 76, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 10.147, 100.393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 76, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 76, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 76, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 76, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 76, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 76, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 10.147, 100.393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 76, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 76,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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