

Converting Colors

CIELCh(32, 9.931, 318.887)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(32, 9.931, 318.887) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(32, 10.049, 319.026)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	534856
RGB	83, 72, 86
RGB Percent	33%, 28%, 34%
CMY	0.6758, 0.7189, 0.6640
CMYK	0.03, 0.16, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	287°, 9%, 31%
HSV	287°, 16%, 34%
XYZ	7.5026, 7.0852, 9.7079
YIQ	76.8850, 2.0620, 6.6860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

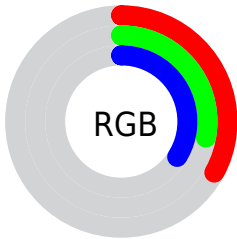
Format	Color
RYB	83, 72, 86
Decimal	5458006
CIELab	32.00, 7.59, -6.59
CIElCh	32, 10.049, 319.026
Yxy	7.0852, 0.3088, 0.2916
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283648086 (0xFF534856)
YUV	76.8850, 4.4937, 5.3629
Hunter-Lab	26.6180, 3.7309, -2.9911

Details

The CIELCh color $[32, 10.049, 319.026]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[35, 9.967, 137.684]$, and the grayscale version is $[33, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[52, 10.638, 319.676]$, and $[12, 9.677, 318.294]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[29, 16.299, 319.437]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[35, 3.863, 318.603]$.

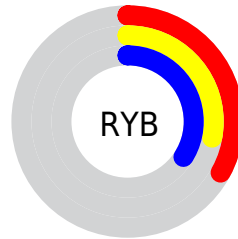
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (28%)

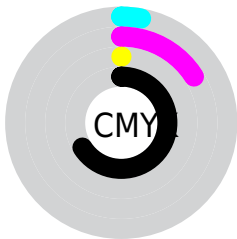
Blue (34%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (34%)

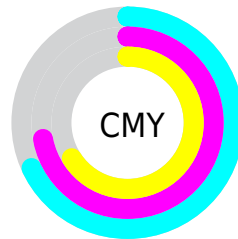


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (68%)


Magenta (72%)


Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 32, 10.049, 319.026 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 32, 10.049, 319.026 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 32, 10.049,
319.026


 32, 10.049,
319.026

 100, 10.049,
319.026


 22, 10.049,
319.026

 52, 10.049,
319.026


 12, 10.049,
319.026


 62, 10.049,
319.026

 2, 10.049, 319.026

 72, 10.049,
319.026

 0, 10.049, 319.026

 82, 10.049,
319.026

 92, 10.049,
319.026

■ 32, 10.049,
319.026

■ 32, 10.049,
319.026

■ 29, 16.299,
319.437

■ 35, 3.863, 318.603

■ 37, 2.211, 138.290

■ 27, 22.549,
319.837

■ 40, 8.150, 137.878

■ 24, 28.694,
320.209

■ 43, 13.940,
137.519

■ 22, 34.591,
320.531

■ 46, 19.574,
137.187

■ 20, 40.048,
320.774

■ 49, 25.054,
136.879

■ 18, 44.831,
320.904

■ 51, 30.381,
136.596

■ 17, 48.694,
320.882

■ 54, 35.562,
136.337

■ 15, 51.936,

320.778

■ 57, 40.602,
136.100

■ 15, 53.216,
320.769

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



32, 10.049, 319.026



35, 9.967, 137.684

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



32, 10.049, 319.026



32, 10.049, 9.026



32, 10.049, 139.026



32, 10.049, 189.026

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



32, 10.048, 319.026



46, 3.810, 318.551



32, 7.032, 281.286



22, 2.572, 318.570



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



32, 10.048, 319.026



41, 15.421, 319.206



32, 8.773, 334.619



16, 3.457, 318.710



20, 62.235, 320.567



47, 110.861, 320.091

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 6.509, 3.594



40, 10.057, 4.059



35, 8.720, 152.565



16, 2.214, 2.835



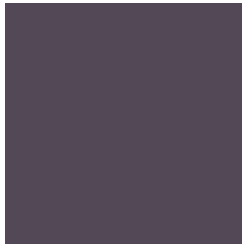
21, 47.499, 25.255



49, 87.114, 29.272

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 10.049, 319.026 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 32, 10.049, 319.026 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

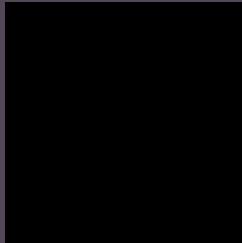
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 32, 10.049, 319.026

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 10.049, 319.026.

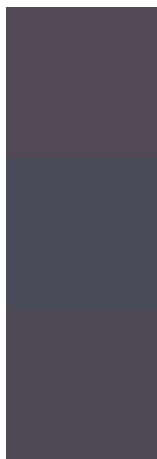


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 32, 10.049, 319.026.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

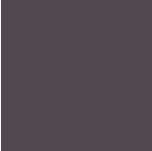
32, 10.049, 319.026

Protanopia

32, 8.258, 286.010

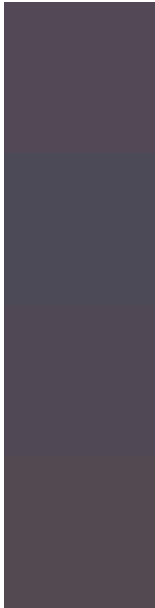
Deuteranopia

32, 7.932, 306.750



Tritanopia
32, 5.469, 336.338

Trichromacy



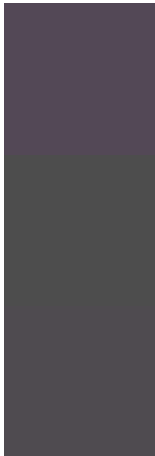
Original Color
32, 10.049, 319.026

Protanomaly
32, 8.357, 300.126

Deuteranomaly
32, 8.196, 312.467

Tritanomaly
32, 6.403, 328.168

Monochromacy



Original Color
32, 10.049, 319.026

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 3.620, 319.031

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 32, 10.049, 319.026 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 72, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 72, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 72, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 72, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 32, 10.049, 319.026 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 72, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 72, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 72, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 72, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 72, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 72, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 32, 10.049, 319.026 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 72, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 72,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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