

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 1.704, 343.817)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 1.704, 343.817) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 1.456, 353.836)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	504D4E
RGB	80, 77, 78
RGB Percent	31%, 30%, 31%
CMY	0.6868, 0.6985, 0.6946
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.69
HSL	340°, 2%, 31%
HSV	340°, 4%, 31%
XYZ	7.3123, 7.5373, 8.2525
YIQ	78.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	80, 77, 78
Decimal	5262670
CIELab	33.00, 1.45, -0.16
CIELCh	33, 1.456, 353.836
Yxy	7.5373, 0.3165, 0.3263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283452750 (0xFF504D4E)
YUV	78.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -0.5020, 1.3958

Details

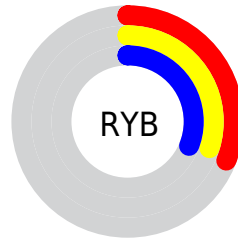
The CIELCh color **33, 1.456, 353.836** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **34, 1.438, 173.574**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 1.337, 353.642**, and **13, 1.660, 354.195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 5.419, 354.867**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 2.367, 173.332**.

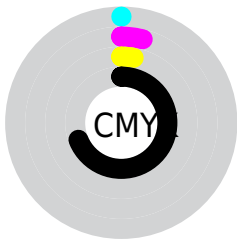
Distribution



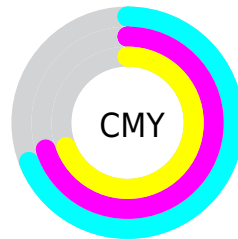
- Red (31%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 1.456, 353.836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 1.456, 353.836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33, 1.456, 353.836

■ 33, 1.456, 353.836

100, 1.456,
353.836

■ 23, 1.456, 353.836

■ 53, 1.456, 353.836

■ 13, 1.456, 353.836

■ 63, 1.456, 353.836

■ 3, 1.456, 353.836

■ 73, 1.456, 353.836

■ 0, 1.456, 353.836

■ 83, 1.456, 353.836

■ 93, 1.456, 353.836

■ 33, 1.456, 353.836

■ 33, 1.456, 353.836

■ 30, 5.419, 354.867

■ 36, 2.367, 173.332

28, 9.504, 355.893

38, 6.040, 172.555

26, 13.671,
357.058

41, 9.565, 171.890

23, 17.852,
358.414

44, 12.947,
171.289

21, 21.949, 0.026

46, 16.195,
170.738

19, 25.826, 1.977

49, 19.319,
170.230

17, 29.324, 4.376

51, 22.329,
169.759

16, 32.289, 7.353

15, 34.839, 10.773

54, 25.234,
169.320

57, 28.044,
168.911

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 1.456, 353.836



34, 1.438, 173.574

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 1.456, 353.836



33, 1.456, 43.836



33, 1.456, 173.836



33, 1.456, 223.836

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 1.455, 353.858



44, 0.484, 353.199



33, 2.090, 314.766



22, 0.278, 353.123



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 1.455, 353.858



43, 2.426, 354.024



33, 1.131, 35.416



16, 1.326, 354.031



20, 44.368, 14.829



49, 80.803, 18.980

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 1.455, 353.858



43, 2.426, 354.024



34, 1.109, 215.971



16, 1.326, 354.031



20, 44.368, 14.829



49, 80.803, 18.980

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 1.456, 353.836 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

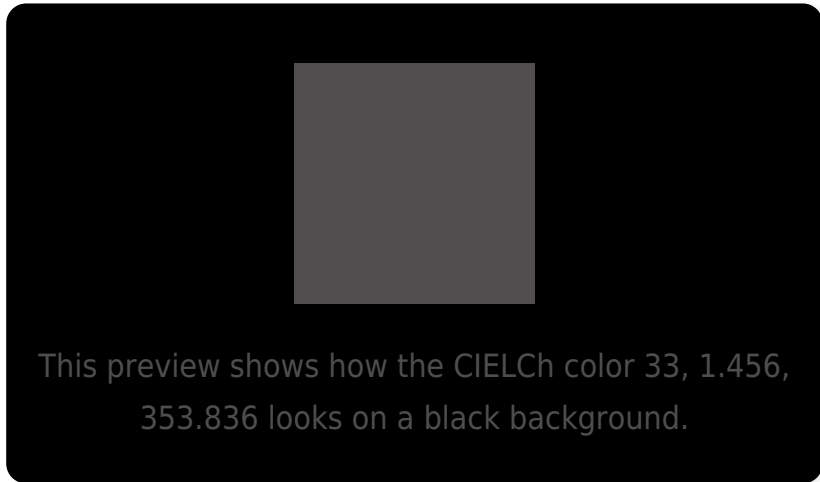
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

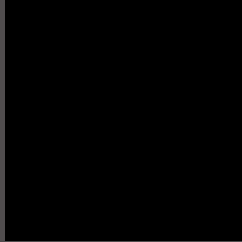
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 1.456, 353.836

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 1.456, 353.836.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 1.456, 353.836.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 1.456, 353.836

Protanopia

33, 1.081, 343.644

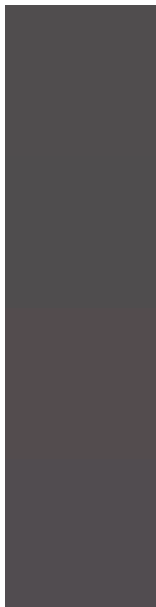
Deuteranopia

33, 4.784, 356.940



Tritanopia
33, 4.371, 320.073

Trichromacy



Original Color

33, 1.456, 353.836

Protanomaly

33, 1.081, 343.644

Deuteranomaly

33, 3.318, 357.606

Tritanomaly

33, 3.339, 330.826

Monochromacy



Original Color

33, 1.456, 353.836

Achromatopsia

33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

33, 0.434, 18.824

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 1.456, 353.836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 77, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 77, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 77, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 77, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 1.456, 353.836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 77, 78) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 77, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 77, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 77, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 77, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 77, 78)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 1.456, 353.836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 77, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 77,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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