

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 10.682, 193.698)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 10.682, 193.698)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 10.347, 194.432)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	385251
RGB	56, 82, 81
RGB Percent	22%, 32%, 32%
CMY	0.7791, 0.6771, 0.6810
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.01, 0.68
HSL	178°, 19%, 27%
HSV	178°, 32%, 32%
XYZ	6.1919, 7.5373, 8.9815
YIQ	74.1120, -15.1750, -5.8230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

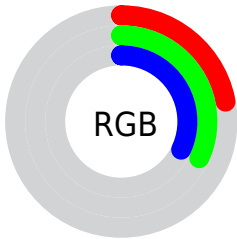
Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 69, 82
Decimal	3691089
CIE _{Lab}	33.00, -10.02, -2.58
CIE _{LCh}	33, 10.347, 194.432
Yxy	7.5373, 0.2726, 0.3319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281881169 (0xFF385251)
YUV	74.1120, 3.3958, -15.8842
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -7.7864, -0.1786

Details

The CIELCh color **33, 10.347, 194.432** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **27, 12.406, 18.809**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 10.186, 195.114**, and **13, 10.286, 197.038** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 13.149, 193.891**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 7.283, 194.991**.

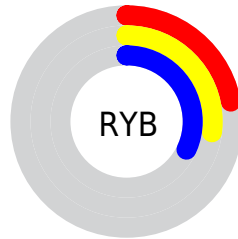
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (32%)

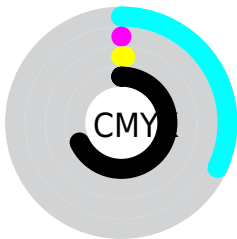
Blue (32%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (32%)

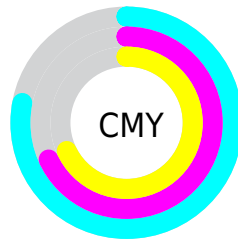


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (68%)



Cyan (78%)


Magenta (68%)


Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 10.347, 194.432 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 10.347, 194.432 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33, 10.347,
194.432


 33, 10.347,
194.432

 100, 10.347,
194.432


 23, 10.347,
194.432

 53, 10.347,
194.432


 13, 10.347,
194.432


 63, 10.347,
194.432

 3, 10.347, 194.432

 73, 10.347,
194.432

 0, 10.347, 194.432

 83, 10.347,
194.432

 93, 10.347,
194.432

■ 33, 10.347,
194.432

■ 33, 10.347,
194.432

■ 33, 13.149,
193.891

■ 34, 7.283, 194.991

■ 32, 15.640,
193.376

■ 34, 4.004, 195.592

■ 32, 17.781,
192.881

■ 35, 0.558, 196.622

■ 31, 19.539,
192.401

■ 36, 3.015, 16.605

■ 31, 20.899,
191.931

■ 37, 6.675, 17.263

■ 31, 21.892,
191.464

■ 37, 10.391, 17.890

■ 31, 22.678,
191.090

■ 38, 14.137, 18.510

■ 39, 17.892, 19.126

■ 40, 21.639, 19.737

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 10.347, 194.432



27, 12.406, 18.809

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 10.347, 194.432



33, 10.347, 244.432



33, 10.347, 14.432



33, 10.347, 64.432

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 10.347, 194.428



44, 3.884, 195.741



32, 19.690, 141.253



22, 2.662, 195.682



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 10.347, 194.428



42, 15.057, 194.011



29, 9.209, 254.090



16, 1.929, 195.782



39, 26.796, 190.926



83, 48.163, 190.559

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 12.406, 18.809



33, 18.984, 19.785



30, 10.223, 66.511



15, 2.020, 16.675



20, 50.744, 34.753



48, 95.838, 38.828

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 10.347, 194.432 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 10.347, 194.432 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

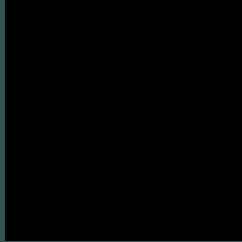
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 10.347, 194.432

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 10.347, 194.432.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 10.347, 194.432.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

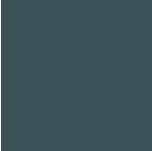
33, 10.347, 194.432

Protanopia

33, 0.773, 324.336

Deuteranopia

33, 5.897, 321.399



Tritanopia
33, 9.732, 225.481

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 10.347, 194.432

Protanomaly
33, 3.789, 198.920

Deuteranomaly
33, 3.243, 250.460

Tritanomaly
33, 9.702, 217.316

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 10.347, 194.432

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 3.804, 198.907

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 10.347, 194.432 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 82, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 82, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 82, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 82, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 10.347, 194.432 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 82, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 82, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 82, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 82, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 82, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 82, 81)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 10.347, 194.432 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 82, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 82,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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