

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 12.699, 197.738)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 12.699, 197.738)
contains.

CIELCh(33, 12.597, 197.662)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(33, 12.597, 197.662)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	325353
RGB	50, 83, 83
RGB Percent	20%, 33%, 33%
CMY	0.8030, 0.6735, 0.6735
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	180°, 25%, 26%
HSV	180°, 40%, 33%
XYZ	6.0106, 7.5373, 9.3718
YIQ	73.1330, -19.6680, -6.9960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

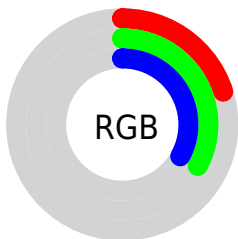
Format	Color
R _Y B	50, 67, 83
Decimal	3298131
CIE Lab	33.00, -12.00, -3.82
CIE LCh	33, 12.597, 197.662
Yxy	7.5373, 0.2622, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281488211 (0xFF325353)
YUV	73.1330, 4.8644, -20.2876
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -8.9649, -1.0215

Details

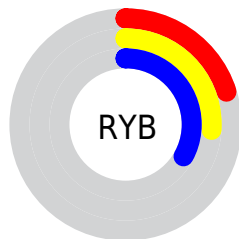
The CIELCh color **33, 12.597, 197.662** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **25, 16.222, 22.724**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 12.914, 195.536**, and **13, 12.644, 196.561** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 15.105, 197.317**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 9.773, 198.052**.

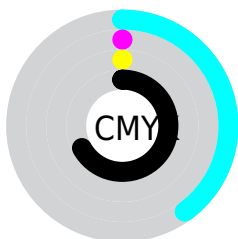
Distribution



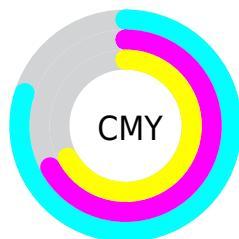
- Red (20%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 12.597, 197.662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 12.597, 197.662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 33, 12.597,
197.662

 33, 12.597,
197.662

 100, 12.597,
197.662


 23, 12.597,
197.662

 53, 12.597,
197.662

 13, 12.597,
197.662


 63, 12.597,
197.662

 3, 12.597, 197.662

 73, 12.597,
197.662

 0, 12.597, 197.662

 83, 12.597,
197.662

 93, 12.597,
197.662

■ 33, 12.597,
197.662

■ 33, 12.597,
197.662

■ 33, 15.105,
197.317

■ 33, 9.773, 198.052

■ 32, 17.256,
197.028

■ 34, 6.679, 198.496

■ 32, 19.019,
196.794

■ 35, 3.364, 199.006

■ 32, 20.379,
196.615

■ 35, 0.127, 17.107

■ 32, 21.342,
196.489

■ 36, 3.751, 19.864

■ 31, 22.180,
196.380

■ 37, 7.469, 20.447

■ 31, 22.210,
196.377

■ 38, 11.251, 21.019

■ 39, 15.069, 21.593

■ 40, 18.902, 22.169

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 12.597, 197.662



25, 16.222, 22.724

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 12.597, 197.662



33, 12.597, 247.662



33, 12.597, 17.662



33, 12.597, 67.662

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 12.597, 197.659



44, 5.120, 198.856



32, 25.118, 141.405



22, 3.352, 198.826



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 12.597, 197.659



42, 17.987, 197.318



28, 11.931, 259.547



16, 1.921, 199.062



40, 26.023, 196.376



84, 46.667, 196.376

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 16.222, 22.724



30, 24.920, 24.204



29, 13.360, 69.188



15, 2.019, 19.805



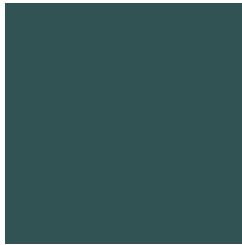
20, 51.594, 36.274



48, 97.373, 39.998

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 12.597, 197.662 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 12.597, 197.662 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

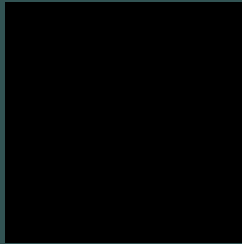
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

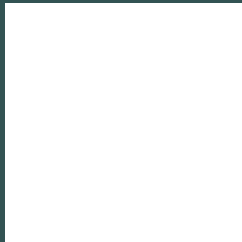
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 12.597, 197.662

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 12.597, 197.662.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 12.597, 197.662.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

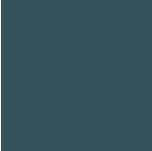
33, 12.597, 197.662

Protanopia

33, 1.342, 309.123

Deuteranopia

33, 6.838, 312.924



Tritanopia
33, 11.836, 220.078

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 12.597, 197.662

Protanomaly
33, 4.697, 214.470

Deuteranomaly
33, 4.947, 249.262

Tritanomaly
33, 11.915, 213.371

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 12.597, 197.662

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 5.023, 198.707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 12.597, 197.662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 83, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 83, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 83, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 83, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 12.597, 197.662 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 83, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 83, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 83, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 83, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 83, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 83, 83)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 12.597, 197.662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 83, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 83,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor