

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 13.690, 250.613)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 13.690, 250.613)
contains.

CIELCh(33, 13.657, 250.684)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(33, 13.657, 250.684)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	385162
RGB	56, 81, 98
RGB Percent	22%, 32%, 38%
CMY	0.7818, 0.6837, 0.6171
CMYK	0.43, 0.17, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	204°, 27%, 30%
HSV	204°, 43%, 38%
XYZ	6.7140, 7.5373, 12.5649
YIQ	75.4630, -20.3570, -0.0130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

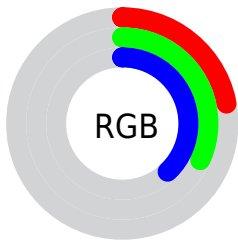
Format	Color
RYB	56, 72, 98
Decimal	3690850
CIELab	33.00, -4.52, -12.89
CIElCh	33, 13.657, 250.684
Yxy	7.5373, 0.2504, 0.2811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281880930 (0xFF385162)
YUV	75.4630, 11.1107, -17.0691
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -4.3916, -7.9173

Details

The CIELCh color **33, 13.657, 250.684** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **33, 16.445, 60.416**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 13.824, 251.863**, and **13, 13.675, 250.517** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 16.486, 252.971**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 10.676, 248.778**.

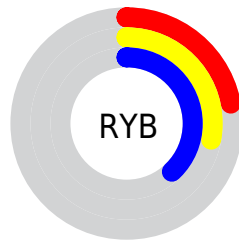
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (32%)

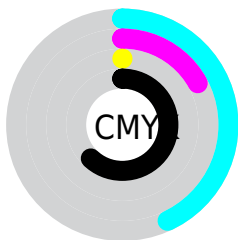
Blue (38%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (38%)

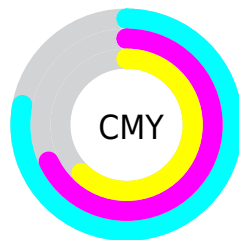


Cyan (43%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (78%)


Magenta (68%)


Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 13.657, 250.684 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 13.657, 250.684 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33, 13.657,
250.684


 33, 13.657,
250.684

 100, 13.657,
250.684


 23, 13.657,
250.684

 53, 13.657,
250.684


 13, 13.657,
250.684


 63, 13.657,
250.684

 3, 13.657, 250.684

 73, 13.657,
250.684

 0, 13.657, 250.684

 83, 13.657,
250.684

 93, 13.657,
250.684

■ 33, 13.657,
250.684

■ 33, 13.657,
250.684

■ 31, 16.486,
252.971

■ 35, 10.676,
248.778

■ 29, 19.154,
255.705

■ 37, 7.561, 247.200

■ 28, 21.667,
258.936

■ 39, 4.333, 245.903

■ 41, 1.016, 244.995

■ 26, 24.049,
262.685

■ 43, 2.372, 63.698

■ 24, 26.361,
266.864

■ 45, 5.811, 62.979

■ 47, 9.286, 62.329

■ 23, 28.046,
269.575

■ 49, 12.783, 61.766

■ 51, 16.291, 61.278

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 13.657, 250.684



33, 16.445, 60.416

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 13.657, 250.684



33, 13.657, 300.684



33, 13.657, 70.684



33, 13.657, 120.684

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 13.656, 250.682



50, 5.392, 245.948



38, 23.187, 154.894



25, 3.732, 246.140



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 13.656, 250.682



41, 20.117, 253.114



27, 24.669, 291.556



19, 1.867, 245.449



27, 31.327, 270.495



58, 57.513, 273.865

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 23.716, 342.344



36, 35.253, 343.469



39, 22.734, 101.529



18, 3.046, 339.424



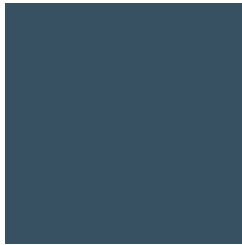
23, 47.991, 351.776



52, 82.993, 353.867

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 13.657, 250.684 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 13.657, 250.684 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

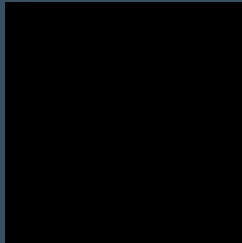
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 13.657, 250.684

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 13.657, 250.684.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 13.657, 250.684.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 13.657, 250.684

Protanopia

33, 11.417, 284.274

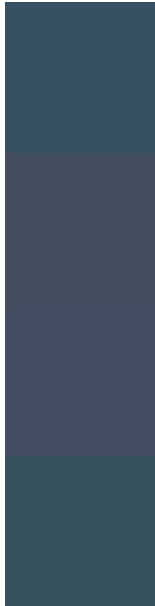
Deuteranopia

33, 14.516, 289.650



Tritanopia
33, 11.541, 220.707

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 13.657, 250.684

Protanomaly
33, 11.958, 271.637

Deuteranomaly
33, 13.716, 274.981

Tritanomaly
33, 11.875, 230.493

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 13.657, 250.684

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 5.220, 245.907

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 13.657, 250.684 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 81, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 81, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 81, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 81, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 13.657, 250.684 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 81, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 81, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 81, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 81, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 81, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 81, 98)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 13.657, 250.684 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 81, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 81,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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