

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 131.651, 126.293)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 131.651, 126.293)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 59.853, 136.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	016300
RGB	1, 99, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 39%, 0%
CMY	0.9966, 0.6102, 0.9982
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 1.00, 0.61
HSL	120°, 99%, 20%
HSV	120°, 100%, 39%
XYZ	4.5142, 9.0082, 1.5137
YIQ	58.4120, -26.6290, -51.5650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

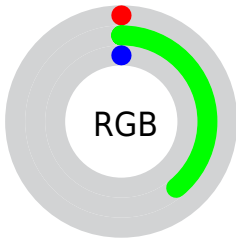
Format	Color
RYB	0, 99, 98
Decimal	90880
CIELab	36.00, -43.07, 41.57
CIELCh	36, 59.853, 136.016
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3002, 0.5991
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278280960 (0xFF016300)
YUV	58.4120, -28.7971, -50.3503
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -25.6765, 18.0194

Details

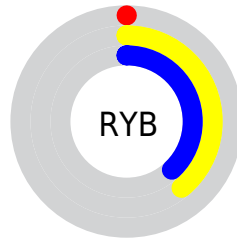
The CIELCh color **36, 59.853, 136.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **22, 57.808, 328.066**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 59.867, 135.865**, and **17, 36.761, 138.832** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 59.997, 135.979**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 56.842, 136.775**.

Distribution



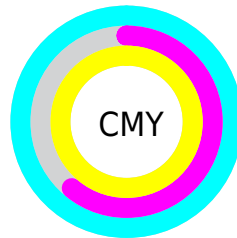
- Red (0%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (61%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 59.853, 136.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 59.853, 136.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 59.853,
136.016


 36, 59.853,
136.016

 100, 59.853,
136.016


 26, 59.853,
136.016

 56, 59.853,
136.016


 16, 59.853,
136.016


 66, 59.853,
136.016

 6, 59.853, 136.016

 76, 59.853,
136.016

 0, 59.853, 136.016

 86, 59.853,
136.016

 96, 59.853,
136.016

■ 36, 59.853,
136.016

■ 36, 59.853,
136.016

■ 36, 59.997,
135.979

■ 36, 56.842,
136.775

■ 36, 53.214,
137.596

■ 37, 48.372,
138.592

■ 37, 42.575,
139.644

■ 38, 36.079,
140.667

■ 38, 29.107,
141.610

■ 39, 21.846,
142.451

■ 40, 14.445,

143.187

■ 41, 7.022, 143.831

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 59.853, 136.016



22, 57.808, 328.066

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 59.853, 136.016



36, 59.853, 186.016



36, 59.853, 316.016



36, 59.853, 6.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 59.853, 136.017



51, 27.655, 142.343



40, 47.880, 101.880



26, 18.997, 142.097



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 59.853, 136.017



47, 72.653, 135.989



36, 43.896, 149.874



19, 4.037, 143.873



41, 65.353, 135.984



83, 114.277, 136.003

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 57.808, 328.066



30, 70.136, 328.067



20, 42.809, 357.743



18, 4.044, 324.754



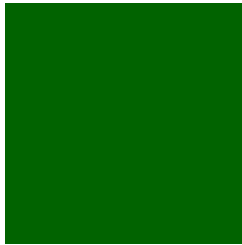
26, 63.094, 328.070



57, 110.297, 328.060

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 59.853, 136.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

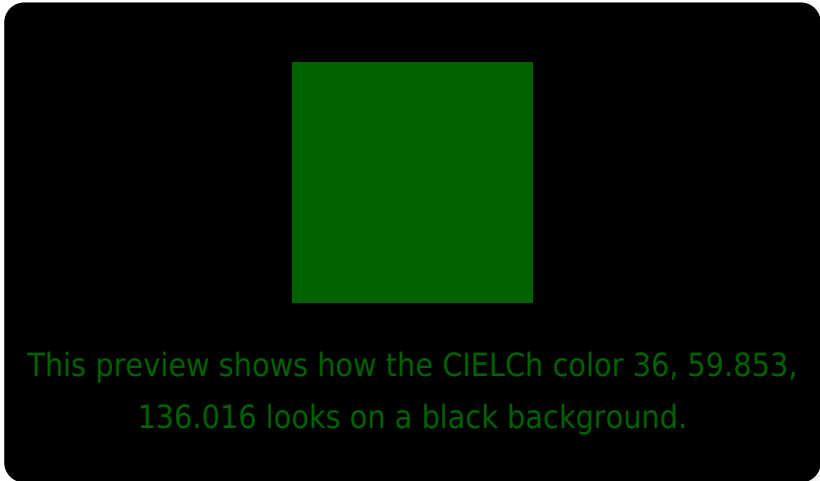
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

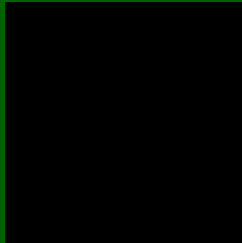
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 59.853, 136.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 59.853, 136.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 59.853, 136.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 59.781, 135.929

Protanopia

36, 43.959, 95.423

Deuteranopia

36, 37.124, 83.002



Tritanopia
36, 17.223, 214.341

Trichromacy



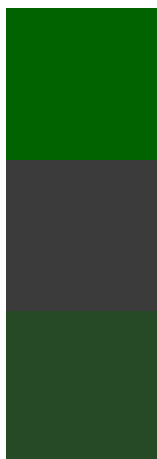
Original Color
36, 59.781, 135.929

Protanomaly
35, 47.794, 119.875

Deuteranomaly
34, 41.707, 117.123

Tritanomaly
36, 31.520, 158.147

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 59.781, 135.929

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 27.883, 141.038

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 59.853, 136.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 99, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 99, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 99, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 99, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 59.853, 136.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 99, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 99, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 99, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 99, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 99, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 99, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 59.853, 136.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 99, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 99,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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