

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 15.270, 78.958)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 15.270, 78.958) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 15.152, 79.008)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A4B36
RGB	90, 75, 54
RGB Percent	35%, 29%, 21%
CMY	0.6457, 0.7046, 0.7870
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.40, 0.65
HSL	35°, 25%, 28%
HSV	35°, 40%, 35%
XYZ	7.4620, 7.5373, 4.5905
YIQ	77.0910, 15.6810, -3.3510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

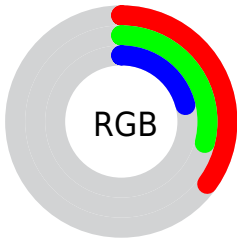
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 90, 54
Decimal	5917494
CIE _{Lab}	33.00, 2.89, 14.87
CIE _{LCh}	33, 15.152, 79.008
Yxy	7.5373, 0.3809, 0.3848
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284107574 (0xFF5A4B36)
YUV	77.0910, -11.3839, 11.3212
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, 0.4713, 9.3042

Details

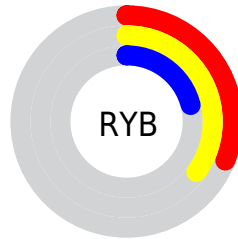
The CIELCh color **33, 15.152, 79.008** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **29, 14.390, 270.086**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 15.220, 79.498**, and **13, 15.043, 79.209** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 19.214, 77.728**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 11.185, 80.269**.

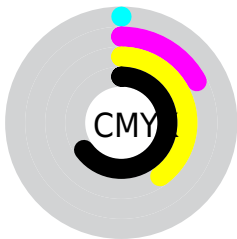
Distribution



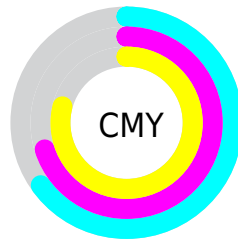
- Red (35%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 15.152, 79.008 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 15.152, 79.008 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33, 15.152, 79.008

■ 33, 15.152, 79.008

■ 100, 15.152,
79.008

■ 23, 15.152, 79.008

■ 53, 15.152, 79.008

■ 13, 15.152, 79.008

■ 63, 15.152, 79.008

■ 3, 15.152, 79.008

■ 73, 15.152, 79.008

■ 0, 15.152, 79.008

■ 83, 15.152, 79.008

■ 93, 15.152, 79.008

■ 33, 15.152, 79.008

■ 33, 15.152, 79.008

■ 32, 19.214, 77.728

■ 34, 11.185, 80.269

■ 30, 23.329, 76.403

■ 36, 7.328, 81.491

■ 29, 27.418, 75.016

■ 37, 3.585, 82.667

■ 28, 31.325, 73.512

■ 38, 0.047, 267.473

■ 27, 34.793, 71.789

■ 40, 3.576, 265.055

■ 26, 38.020, 70.138

■ 41, 7.009, 266.119

■ 26, 38.059, 70.120

■ 43, 10.355,
267.156

■ 44, 13.622,
268.152

■ 46, 16.817,
269.106

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 15.152, 79.008



29, 14.390, 270.086

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 15.152, 79.008



33, 15.152, 129.008



33, 15.152, 259.008



33, 15.152, 309.008

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 15.152, 79.014



47, 5.421, 82.379



28, 18.816, 351.286



23, 3.563, 82.302



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 15.152, 79.014



41, 22.917, 77.774



37, 21.759, 109.633



18, 2.056, 82.783



32, 44.438, 69.615



67, 78.725, 67.255

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 14.390, 270.086



35, 21.500, 272.228



25, 23.865, 297.020



18, 2.040, 264.998



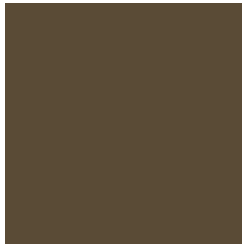
20, 43.302, 289.119



46, 81.611, 291.884

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 15.152, 79.008 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 15.152, 79.008 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

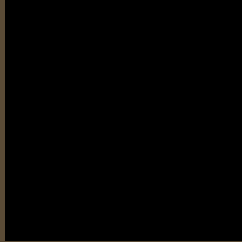
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 15.152, 79.008

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 15.152, 79.008.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 15.152, 79.008.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 15.152, 79.008

Protanopia

33, 14.629, 96.271

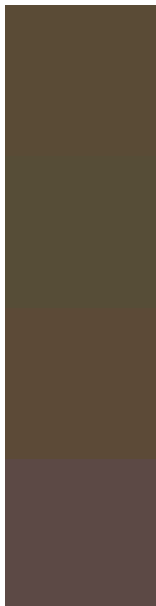
Deuteranopia

33, 15.250, 70.701



Tritanopia
33, 10.025, 359.099

Trichromacy



Original Color

33, 15.152, 79.008

Protanomaly

33, 14.440, 90.244

Deuteranomaly

33, 14.940, 72.160

Tritanomaly

33, 9.148, 36.488

Monochromacy



Original Color

33, 15.152, 79.008

Achromatopsia

33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

33, 5.175, 77.618

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 15.152, 79.008 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 75, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 75, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 75, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 75, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 15.152, 79.008 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 75, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 75, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 75, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 75, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 75, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 75, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 15.152, 79.008 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 75, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 75,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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