

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 15.653, 317.449)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 15.653, 317.449)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 15.402, 317.515)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58485E
RGB	88, 72, 94
RGB Percent	35%, 28%, 37%
CMY	0.6545, 0.7173, 0.6310
CMYK	0.06, 0.23, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	284°, 13%, 33%
HSV	284°, 23%, 37%
XYZ	8.3830, 7.5373, 11.6270
YIQ	79.2920, 2.4740, 10.2340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

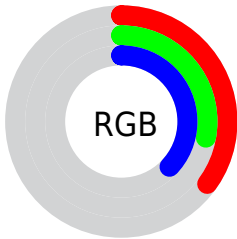
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 72, 94
Decimal	5785694
CIE _{Lab}	33.00, 11.36, -10.40
CIE _{LCh}	33, 15.402, 317.515
Yxy	7.5373, 0.3043, 0.2736
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283975774 (0xFF58485E)
YUV	79.2920, 7.2510, 7.6369
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, 6.4597, -5.8918

Details

The CIELCh color $[33, 15.402, 317.515]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[38, 15.178, 135.580]$, and the grayscale version is $[34, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[53, 14.892, 317.612]$, and $[13, 15.660, 317.205]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30, 22.104, 317.920]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[36, 8.744, 317.105]$.

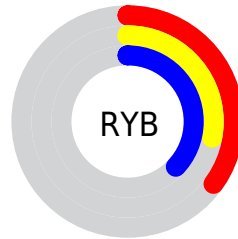
Distribution



 Red (35%)

 Green (28%)

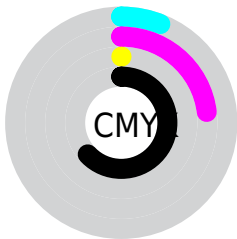
 Blue (37%)



 Red (35%)

 Yellow (28%)

 Blue (37%)

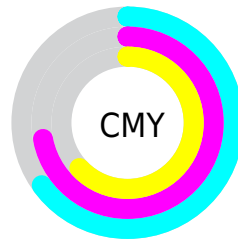


 Cyan (6%)

 Magenta (23%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (63%)



 Cyan (65%)


 Magenta (72%)


 Yellow (63%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 15.402, 317.515 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 15.402, 317.515 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33, 15.402,
317.515


 33, 15.402,
317.515

 100, 15.402,
317.515


 23, 15.402,
317.515

 53, 15.402,
317.515


 13, 15.402,
317.515


 63, 15.402,
317.515

 3, 15.402, 317.515

 73, 15.402,
317.515

 0, 15.402, 317.515

 83, 15.402,
317.515

 93, 15.402,
317.515

■ 33, 15.402,
317.515

■ 33, 15.402,
317.515

■ 30, 22.104,
317.920

■ 36, 8.744, 317.105

■ 39, 2.191, 316.672

■ 27, 28.761,
318.306

■ 42, 4.224, 136.371

■ 25, 35.236,
318.649

■ 45, 10.480,
136.001

■ 22, 41.339,
318.919

■ 48, 16.571,
135.667

■ 20, 46.819,
319.075

■ 51, 22.494,
135.361

■ 18, 51.390,
319.071

■ 54, 28.253,
135.081

■ 17, 54.920,
318.890

■ 57, 33.851,
134.827

■ 16, 57.299,

318.812

■ 60, 39.295,
134.597

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 15.402, 317.515



38, 15.178, 135.580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 15.402, 317.515



33, 15.402, 7.515



33, 15.402, 137.515



33, 15.402, 187.515

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 15.401, 317.515



49, 5.648, 316.849



33, 10.153, 277.962



24, 3.636, 316.860



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 15.401, 317.515



41, 22.975, 317.738



33, 14.266, 332.506



17, 3.572, 316.915



19, 63.852, 318.653



46, 112.877, 318.100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 10.443, 0.122



41, 15.671, 0.780



38, 14.199, 149.564



17, 2.383, 358.579



22, 46.952, 20.546



50, 84.708, 24.526

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 15.402, 317.515 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 15.402, 317.515 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

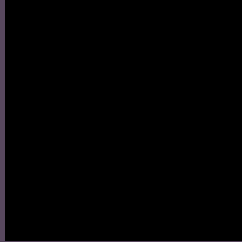
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 15.402, 317.515

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 15.402, 317.515.

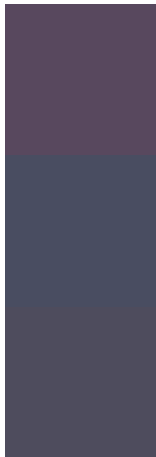


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 15.402, 317.515.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

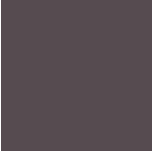
33, 15.402, 317.515

Protanopia

33, 12.661, 285.337

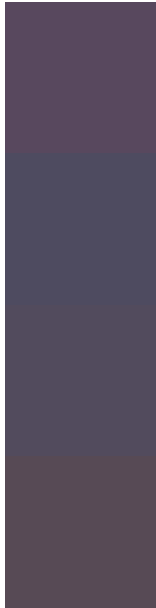
Deuteranopia

33, 10.776, 296.293



Tritanopia
33, 5.745, 347.168

Trichromacy



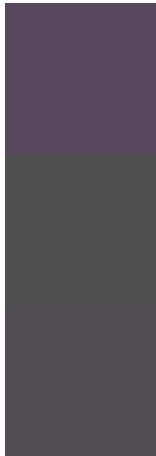
Original Color
33, 15.402, 317.515

Protanomaly
33, 13.348, 297.539

Deuteranomaly
33, 11.755, 306.061

Tritanomaly
33, 8.904, 329.775

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 15.402, 317.515

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 5.679, 317.646

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 15.402, 317.515 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 72, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 72, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 72, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 72, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 15.402, 317.515 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 72, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 72, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 72, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 72, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 72, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 72, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 15.402, 317.515 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 72, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 72,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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