

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 16.889, 335.864)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 16.889, 335.864)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 17.220, 335.605)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 614559 |
| RGB | 97, 69, 89 |
| RGB Percent | 38%, 27%, 35% |
| CMY | 0.6192, 0.7290, 0.6506 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.29, 0.08, 0.62 |
| HSL | 317°, 17%, 33% |
| HSV | 317°, 29%, 38% |
| XYZ | 8.8812, 7.5373, 10.4589 |
| YIQ | 79.6520, 10.2680, 12.1560 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

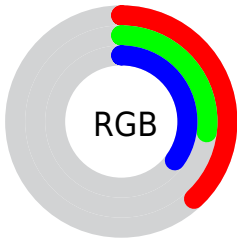
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| RYB | 97, 69, 89 |
| Decimal | 6374745 |
| CIELab | 33.00, 15.68, -7.11 |
| CIELCh | 33, 17.220, 335.605 |
| Yxy | 7.5373, 0.3304, 0.2804 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284564825 (0xFF614559) |
| YUV | 79.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142 |
| Hunter-Lab | 27.4541, 9.6988, -3.3692 |

Details

The CIELCh color $33, 17.220, 335.605$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663333 . A complement of this color would be $39, 17.064, 151.616$, and the grayscale version is $34, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $53, 16.914, 335.658$, and $13, 17.552, 334.852$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $30, 23.115, 336.343$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $36, 11.222, 334.907$.

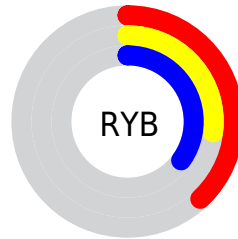
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (27%)

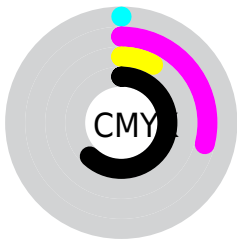
Blue (35%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (35%)

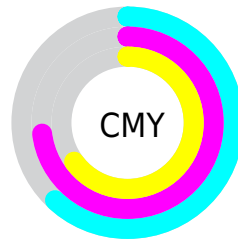


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (62%)


Magenta (73%)


Yellow (65%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 17.220, 335.605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 17.220, 335.605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 33, 17.220,
335.605


 33, 17.220,
335.605

 100, 17.220,
335.605


 23, 17.220,
335.605

 53, 17.220,
335.605


 13, 17.220,
335.605


 63, 17.220,
335.605

 3, 17.220, 335.605

 73, 17.220,
335.605

 0, 17.220, 335.605

 83, 17.220,
335.605

 93, 17.220,
335.605

■ 33, 17.220,
335.605

■ 33, 17.220,
335.605

■ 30, 23.115,
336.343

■ 36, 11.222,
334.907

■ 28, 28.759,
337.130

■ 39, 5.234, 334.233

■ 26, 33.953,
337.981

■ 42, 0.675, 153.943

■ 44, 6.461, 153.093

■ 24, 38.458,
338.917

■ 47, 12.098,
152.522

■ 22, 42.024,
339.972

■ 51, 17.577,
151.990

■ 21, 44.442,
341.192


■ 54, 22.894,
151.489

■ 20, 46.231,
342.492

■ 57, 28.052,
151.016

■ 20, 46.453,

342.637

 60, 33.058,
150.570

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 17.220, 335.605



39, 17.064, 151.616

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 17.220, 335.605



33, 17.220, 25.605



33, 17.220, 155.605



33, 17.220, 205.605

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 17.219, 335.606



50, 6.669, 334.262



31, 18.186, 303.023



25, 4.597, 334.333



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 17.219, 335.606



41, 26.100, 336.136



33, 13.114, 4.901



18, 3.315, 334.235



24, 51.277, 342.962



53, 88.626, 344.188

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 17.219, 335.606



41, 26.100, 336.136



39, 11.805, 179.480



18, 3.315, 334.235



24, 51.277, 342.962



53, 88.626, 344.188

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 17.220, 335.605 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 17.220, 335.605 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

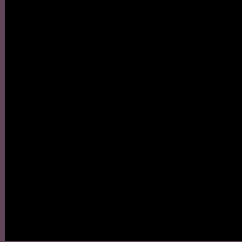
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 17.220, 335.605

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 17.220, 335.605.

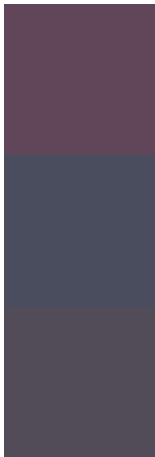


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 17.220, 335.605.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 17.220, 335.605

Protanopia

33, 10.755, 285.722

Deuteranopia

33, 7.880, 306.729



Tritanopia
33, 11.746, 2.819

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 17.220, 335.605

Protanomaly
33, 11.886, 308.001

Deuteranomaly
33, 11.183, 323.421

Tritanomaly
33, 13.278, 350.474

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 17.220, 335.605

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 6.176, 334.986

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 17.220, 335.605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 69, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 69, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 69, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 69, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 17.220, 335.605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 69, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 69, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 69, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 69, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 69, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 69, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 17.220, 335.605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 69, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 69,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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