

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 19.289, 158.939)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 19.289, 158.939)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 19.231, 158.442)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	315542
RGB	49, 85, 66
RGB Percent	19%, 33%, 26%
CMY	0.8080, 0.6668, 0.7413
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.22, 0.67
HSL	148°, 27%, 26%
HSV	148°, 42%, 33%
XYZ	5.4937, 7.5373, 6.3150
YIQ	72.0700, -15.3570, -13.5410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

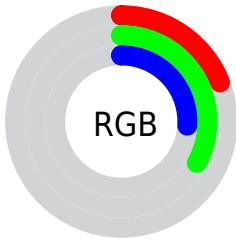
Format	Color
R_{YB}	49, 73, 85
Decimal	3233090
CIE _{Lab}	33.00, -17.89, 7.07
CIE _{LCh}	33, 19.231, 158.442
Yxy	7.5373, 0.2840, 0.3896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281423170 (0xFF315542)
YUV	72.0700, -2.9925, -20.2324
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -12.3258, 5.5801

Details

The CIELCh color **33, 19.231, 158.442** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **25, 20.006, 345.874**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 19.271, 158.526**, and **13, 19.050, 158.450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 23.455, 157.266**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 14.821, 159.490**.

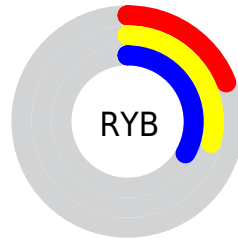
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (33%)

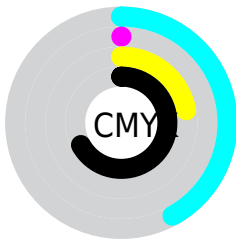
Blue (26%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (33%)

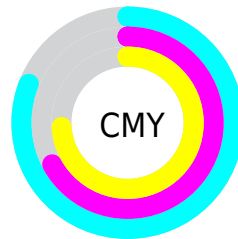


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (81%)


Magenta (67%)


Yellow (74%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 19.231, 158.442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 19.231, 158.442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33, 19.231,
158.442


 33, 19.231,
158.442

 100, 19.231,
158.442


 23, 19.231,
158.442

 53, 19.231,
158.442


 13, 19.231,
158.442


 63, 19.231,
158.442

 3, 19.231, 158.442

 73, 19.231,
158.442

 0, 19.231, 158.442

 83, 19.231,
158.442

 93, 19.231,
158.442

■ 33, 19.231,
158.442

■ 33, 19.231,
158.442

■ 32, 23.455,
157.266

■ 34, 14.821,
159.490

■ 32, 27.426,
155.945

■ 34, 10.289,
160.431

■ 32, 31.081,
154.460

■ 35, 5.693, 161.289

■ 31, 34.373,
152.800

■ 36, 1.084, 162.210

■ 37, 3.497, 342.647

■ 31, 37.309,
151.007

■ 38, 8.018, 343.320

■ 31, 39.499,
149.787

■ 39, 12.457,
343.919

■ 40, 16.796,
344.471

■ 41, 21.026,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 19.231, 158.442



25, 20.006, 345.874

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 19.231, 158.442



33, 19.231, 208.442



33, 19.231, 338.442



33, 19.231, 28.442

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 19.232, 158.441



45, 7.387, 161.200



34, 23.377, 126.045



23, 5.211, 161.076



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 19.232, 158.441



42, 28.181, 157.227



34, 13.671, 194.340



17, 2.618, 161.584



39, 47.132, 149.040



82, 86.668, 147.417

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 20.006, 345.874



31, 29.464, 347.086



25, 17.662, 20.639



16, 2.644, 342.784



22, 45.301, 357.267



51, 79.880, 0.057

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 19.231, 158.442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 19.231, 158.442 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

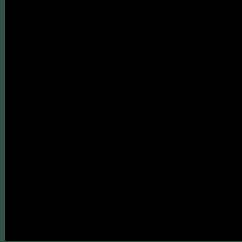
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 19.231, 158.442

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 19.231, 158.442.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 19.231, 158.442.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 19.231, 158.442

Protanopia

33, 9.691, 94.552

Deuteranopia

33, 7.458, 55.992



Tritanopia
33, 11.243, 221.376

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 19.231, 158.442

Protanomaly
33, 11.587, 131.247

Deuteranomaly
33, 7.865, 125.444

Tritanomaly
33, 12.185, 191.713

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 19.231, 158.442

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 7.221, 160.391

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 19.231, 158.442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 85, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 85, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 85, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 85, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 19.231, 158.442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 85, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 85, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 85, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 85, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 85, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 85, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 19.231, 158.442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 85, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 85,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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