

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 2.171, 199.214)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 2.171, 199.214) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 2.129, 199.223)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4A4F4F
RGB	74, 79, 79
RGB Percent	29%, 31%, 31%
CMY	0.7113, 0.6917, 0.6917
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	180°, 3%, 30%
HSV	180°, 6%, 31%
XYZ	6.9613, 7.5373, 8.4128
YIQ	77.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	74, 77, 79
Decimal	4869967
CIE Lab	33.00, -2.01, -0.70
CIE LCh	33, 2.129, 199.223
Yxy	7.5373, 0.3038, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283060047 (0xFF4A4F4F)
YUV	77.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -2.7837, 1.0496

Details

The CIELCh color **33, 2.129, 199.223** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **32, 2.208, 19.609**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 1.965, 199.400**, and **13, 2.389, 198.887** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 5.353, 198.645**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 1.246, 19.344**.

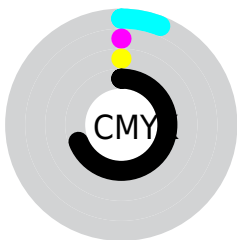
Distribution



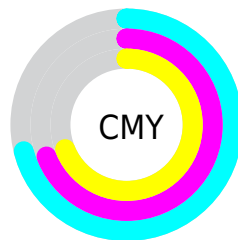
- Red (29%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 2.129, 199.223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 2.129, 199.223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33, 2.129, 199.223

■ 33, 2.129, 199.223

■ 100, 2.129,
199.223

■ 23, 2.129, 199.223

■ 53, 2.129, 199.223

■ 13, 2.129, 199.223

■ 63, 2.129, 199.223

■ 3, 2.129, 199.223

■ 73, 2.129, 199.223

■ 0, 2.129, 199.223

■ 83, 2.129, 199.223

■ 93, 2.129, 199.223

■ 33, 2.129, 199.223

■ 33, 2.129, 199.223

■ 32, 5.353, 198.645

■ 34, 1.246, 19.344

■ 32, 8.382, 198.185

■ 34, 4.734, 20.039

■ 31, 11.172,
197.777

■ 35, 8.302, 20.609

■ 31, 13.679,
197.418

■ 36, 11.922, 21.177

■ 31, 15.861,
197.111

■ 37, 15.569, 21.747

■ 30, 17.686,
196.857

■ 39, 22.876, 22.888

■ 30, 19.134,
196.657

■ 40, 26.510, 23.453

■ 30, 20.198,
196.510

■ 41, 30.118, 24.011

■ 30, 21.049,
196.394

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 2.129, 199.223



32, 2.208, 19.609

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 2.129, 199.223



33, 2.129, 249.223



33, 2.129, 19.223



33, 2.129, 69.223

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 2.130, 199.200



43, 0.838, 199.683



33, 3.825, 143.712



21, 0.471, 199.743



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 2.130, 199.200



43, 3.311, 199.075



32, 1.869, 254.408



15, 1.819, 199.055



39, 25.577, 196.349



83, 46.286, 196.347

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 2.208, 19.609



41, 3.470, 19.755



33, 1.892, 72.806



14, 1.910, 19.779



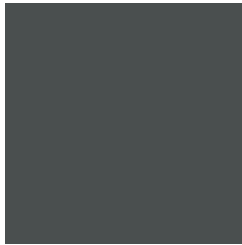
19, 50.497, 35.950



48, 96.557, 39.992

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 2.129, 199.223 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 33, 2.129, 199.223 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

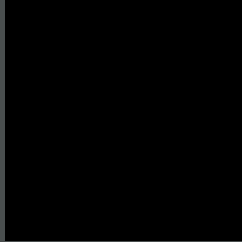
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

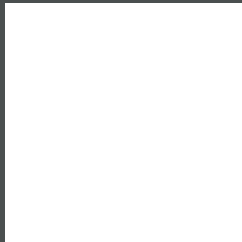
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 2.129, 199.223

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 2.129, 199.223.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 2.129, 199.223.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

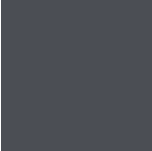
33, 2.129, 199.223

Protanopia

33, 1.081, 343.644

Deuteranopia

33, 4.677, 347.570



Tritanopia
33, 3.958, 272.438

Trichromacy



Original Color

33, 2.129, 199.223

Protanomaly

33, 0.431, 199.993

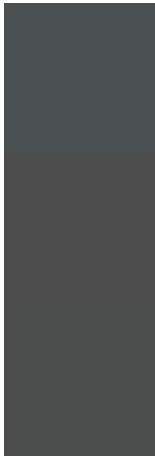
Deuteranomaly

33, 2.581, 332.566

Tritanomaly

33, 3.002, 256.631

Monochromacy



Original Color

33, 2.129, 199.223

Achromatopsia

33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

33, 0.860, 199.603

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 2.129, 199.223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 79, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 79, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 79, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 79, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 2.129, 199.223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 79, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 79, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 79, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 79, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 79, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 79, 79)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 2.129, 199.223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 79, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 79,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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