

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 21.473, 214.470)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 21.473, 214.470)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 21.442, 214.142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	055660
RGB	5, 86, 96
RGB Percent	2%, 34%, 38%
CMY	0.9801, 0.6626, 0.6234
CMYK	0.95, 0.10, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	187°, 90%, 20%
HSV	187°, 95%, 38%
XYZ	5.5056, 7.5373, 12.2372
YIQ	62.9210, -51.4860, -14.0620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

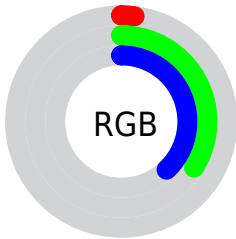
Format	Color
RYB	5, 48, 96
Decimal	349792
CIELab	33.00, -17.75, -12.03
CIELCh	33, 21.442, 214.142
Yxy	7.5373, 0.2178, 0.2982
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278539872 (0xFF055660)
YUV	62.9210, 16.3079, -50.7967
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -12.2485, -7.2096

Details

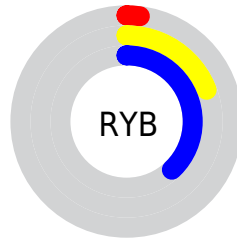
The CIELCh color **33, 21.442, 214.142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **19, 44.455, 37.910**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 21.451, 214.962**, and **14, 13.810, 228.580** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 21.781, 214.838**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 20.773, 212.794**.

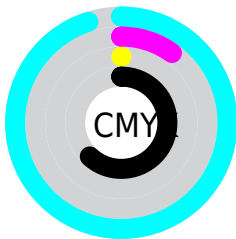
Distribution



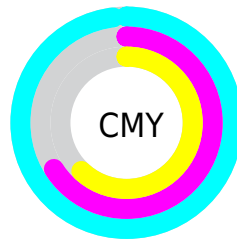
- Red (2%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)





- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 21.442, 214.142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 21.442, 214.142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33, 21.442,
214.142


 33, 21.442,
214.142

 100, 21.442,
214.142


 23, 21.442,
214.142

 53, 21.442,
214.142


 13, 21.442,
214.142


 63, 21.442,
214.142

 3, 21.442, 214.142

 73, 21.442,
214.142

 0, 21.442, 214.142

 83, 21.442,
214.142

 93, 21.442,
214.142

■ 33, 21.442,
214.142

■ 33, 21.442,
214.142

■ 33, 21.781,
214.838

■ 34, 20.773,
212.794

■ 34, 19.737,
211.693

■ 35, 18.258,
210.858

■ 35, 16.348,
210.255

■ 36, 14.036,
209.848

■ 37, 11.364,
209.606

■ 38, 8.383, 209.503

■ 39, 5.142, 209.525

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 21.442, 214.142



19, 44.455, 37.910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 21.442, 214.142



33, 21.442, 264.142



33, 21.442, 34.142



33, 21.442, 84.142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 21.441, 214.141



49, 11.627, 209.530



35, 54.729, 138.079



24, 8.001, 209.564



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 21.441, 214.141



43, 26.193, 215.475



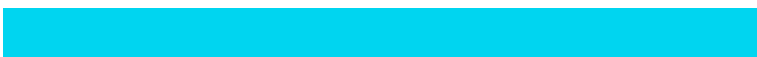
18, 37.660, 288.007



19, 2.002, 209.605



38, 24.273, 215.230



78, 42.245, 216.579

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 50.951, 332.574



28, 62.680, 332.976



29, 38.224, 72.323



18, 3.755, 328.026



25, 58.091, 332.915



55, 101.028, 333.247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 21.442, 214.142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 21.442, 214.142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

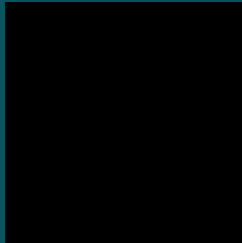
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 21.442, 214.142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 21.442, 214.142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 21.442, 214.142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 21.442, 214.142

Protanopia

33, 8.222, 285.969

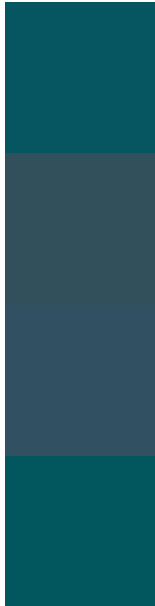
Deuteranopia

33, 13.889, 289.393



Tritanopia
33, 21.928, 208.419

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 21.442, 214.142

Protanomaly
32, 12.944, 234.399

Deuteranomaly
32, 14.854, 245.133

Tritanomaly
33, 21.712, 210.323

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 21.442, 214.142

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 11.266, 211.189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 21.442, 214.142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 86, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 86, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 86, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 86, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 21.442, 214.142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 86, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 86, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(5, 86, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 86, 96); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 86, 96); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 86, 96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 21.442, 214.142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 86, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 86,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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