

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 21.898, 215.884)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 21.898, 215.884)
contains.

CIELCh(33, 21.882, 215.528)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(33, 21.882, 215.528)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005661
RGB	0, 86, 97
RGB Percent	0%, 34%, 38%
CMY	0.9992, 0.6624, 0.6192
CMYK	1.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	187°, 100%, 19%
HSV	187°, 100%, 38%
XYZ	5.5003, 7.5373, 12.4982
YIQ	61.5400, -54.7870, -14.8110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

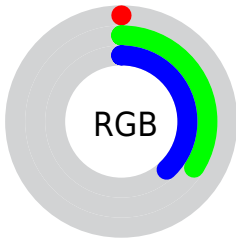
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 46, 97
Decimal	22113
CIE _{Lab}	33.00, -17.81, -12.72
CIE _{LCh}	33, 21.882, 215.528
Yxy	7.5373, 0.2154, 0.2952
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212193 (0xFF005661)
YUV	61.5400, 17.4818, -53.9706
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -12.2828, -7.7733

Details

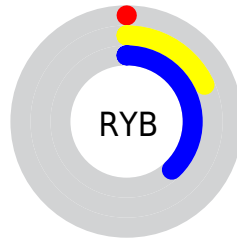
The CIELCh color **33, 21.882, 215.528** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **19, 46.655, 38.600**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 21.968, 216.123**, and **14, 14.013, 231.632** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 21.896, 215.557**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 21.251, 214.113**.

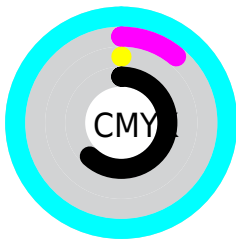
Distribution



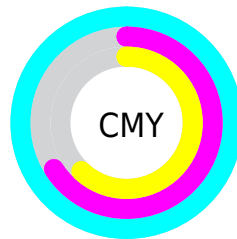
- Red (0%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 21.882, 215.528 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 21.882, 215.528 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33, 21.882,
215.528


 33, 21.882,
215.528

 100, 21.882,
215.528


 23, 21.882,
215.528

 53, 21.882,
215.528


 13, 21.882,
215.528


 63, 21.882,
215.528

 3, 21.882, 215.528

 73, 21.882,
215.528

 0, 21.882, 215.528

 83, 21.882,
215.528

 93, 21.882,
215.528

■ 33, 21.882,
215.528

■ 33, 21.882,
215.528

■ 33, 21.896,
215.557

■ 34, 21.251,
214.113

■ 34, 20.432,
212.804

■ 35, 19.172,
211.791

■ 35, 17.469,
211.036

■ 36, 15.344,
210.501

■ 37, 12.834,
210.153

■ 38, 9.986, 209.960

■ 39, 6.851, 209.900

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 21.882, 215.528



19, 46.655, 38.600

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 21.882, 215.528



33, 21.882, 265.528



33, 21.882, 35.528



33, 21.882, 85.528

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 21.881, 215.527



49, 12.534, 209.975



35, 56.649, 137.699



24, 8.388, 210.020



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 21.881, 215.527



43, 26.511, 216.234



17, 40.234, 289.670



19, 1.997, 209.989



38, 24.215, 215.934



78, 42.150, 217.336

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 52.345, 332.985



29, 63.414, 333.162



28, 40.356, 71.526



18, 3.746, 328.138



25, 57.934, 333.088



55, 100.739, 333.433

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 21.882, 215.528 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 21.882, 215.528 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

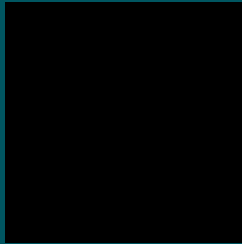
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 21.882, 215.528

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 21.882, 215.528.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 21.882, 215.528.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 21.882, 215.528

Protanopia

33, 8.848, 286.503

Deuteranopia

33, 14.516, 289.650

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 21.882, 215.528

Protanomaly
32, 13.713, 235.336

Deuteranomaly
32, 15.622, 245.540

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 21.882, 215.528

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 11.875, 210.407

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 21.882, 215.528 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 86, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 86, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 86, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 86, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 21.882, 215.528 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 86, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 86, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 86, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 86, 97); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 86, 97); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 86, 97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 21.882, 215.528 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 86, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 86,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor