

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 46.588, 282.413)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 46.588, 282.413)
contains.

CIELCh(33, 46.511, 282.324)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(33, 46.511, 282.324)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	064D96
RGB	6, 77, 150
RGB Percent	2%, 30%, 59%
CMY	0.9772, 0.6983, 0.4120
CMYK	0.96, 0.49, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	210°, 93%, 31%
HSV	210°, 96%, 59%
XYZ	8.2224, 7.5373, 29.8482
YIQ	64.0930, -65.7490, 7.6510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

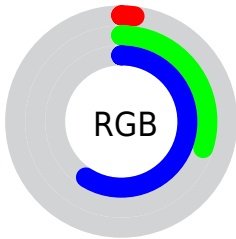
Format	Color
R_{YB}	6, 54, 150
Decimal	413078
CIE _{Lab}	33.00, 9.93, -45.44
CIE _{LCh}	33, 46.511, 282.324
Yxy	7.5373, 0.1803, 0.1653
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278603158 (0xFF064D96)
YUV	64.0930, 42.3522, -50.9476
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, 5.4151, -45.2424

Details

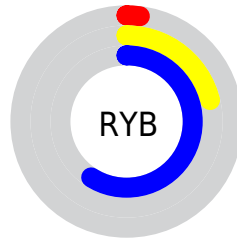
The CIELCh color **33, 46.511, 282.324** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **41, 55.199, 62.530**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 46.798, 282.628**, and **16, 44.498, 293.421** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 48.435, 283.905**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 41.716, 277.990**.

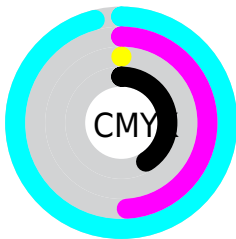
Distribution



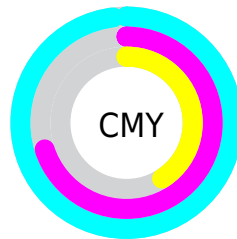
- Red (2%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 46.511, 282.324 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 46.511, 282.324 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33, 46.511,
282.324


 33, 46.511,
282.324

 100, 46.511,
282.324


 23, 46.511,
282.324


 53, 46.511,
282.324


 13, 46.511,
282.324


 63, 46.511,
282.324

 3, 46.511, 282.324

 73, 46.511,
282.324

 0, 46.511, 282.324

 83, 46.511,
282.324

 93, 46.511,
282.324

■ 33, 46.511,
282.324

■ 33, 46.511,
282.324

■ 32, 48.435,
283.905

■ 36, 41.716,
277.990

■ 38, 37.029,
273.903

■ 41, 32.371,
270.230

■ 44, 27.683,
267.022

■ 47, 22.926,
264.272

■ 50, 18.083,
261.940

■ 54, 13.158,
259.973

■ 57, 8.162, 258.321

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 46.511, 282.324



41, 55.199, 62.530

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 46.511, 282.324



33, 46.511, 332.324



33, 46.511, 102.324



33, 46.511, 152.324

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 46.511, 282.326



67, 17.974, 260.615



54, 57.977, 150.341



33, 12.268, 261.379



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 46.511, 282.326



42, 59.713, 284.862



17, 87.908, 305.844



30, 2.838, 257.346



29, 45.179, 283.530



1, 2.492, 256.126

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 56.427, 0.438



42, 68.855, 2.777



60, 64.346, 102.943



29, 4.050, 344.704



29, 53.646, 1.484



1, 3.503, 343.998

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 46.511, 282.324 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 33, 46.511, 282.324 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

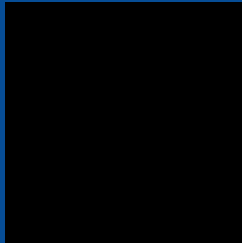
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 46.511, 282.324

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 46.511, 282.324.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 46.511, 282.324.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 46.511, 282.324

Protanopia

33, 46.071, 286.686

Deuteranopia

33, 39.222, 275.259



Tritanopia
33, 21.986, 206.655

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 46.511, 282.324

Protanomaly
33, 46.261, 284.551

Deuteranomaly
33, 41.984, 278.323

Tritanomaly
33, 25.115, 247.370

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 46.511, 282.324

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 18.468, 265.160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 46.511, 282.324 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 77, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 77, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 77, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 77, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 46.511, 282.324 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 77, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 77, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 77, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 77, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 77, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 77, 150)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 46.511, 282.324 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 77, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 77,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor