

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 47.691, 53.902)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(33, 47.691, 53.902) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(33, 47.762, 53.827)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	80390E
RGB	128, 57, 14
RGB Percent	50%, 22%, 5%
CMY	0.4983, 0.7767, 0.9453
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.89, 0.50
HSL	23°, 80%, 28%
HSV	23°, 89%, 50%
XYZ	10.4324, 7.5373, 1.3185
YIQ	73.3270, 56.1190, 1.6790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

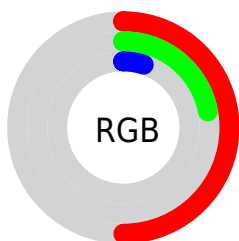
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">128, 83, 14</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8403214</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">33.00, 28.19, 38.56</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">33, 47.762, 53.827</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">7.5373, 0.5409, 0.3908</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286593294</a> (0xFF80390E)
YUV	<a href="#">73.3270, -29.2482, 47.9482</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">27.4541, 19.7846, 16.3704</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **33, 47.762, 53.827** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **34, 30.217, 262.448**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 47.633, 53.992**, and **13, 35.048, 35.339** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 53.119, 52.806**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 41.994, 54.818**.

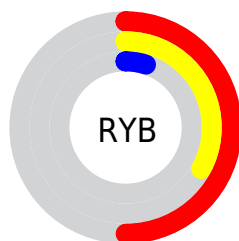
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (22%)

Blue (5%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (5%)

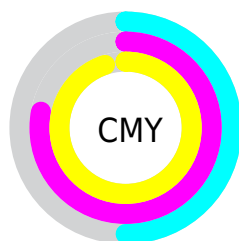


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 47.762, 53.827 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 47.762, 53.827 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 33, 47.762, 53.827

 33, 47.762, 53.827

 100, 47.762,  
53.827

 23, 47.762, 53.827

 53, 47.762, 53.827

 13, 47.762, 53.827

 63, 47.762, 53.827

 3, 47.762, 53.827

 73, 47.762, 53.827

 0, 47.762, 53.827

 83, 47.762, 53.827

 93, 47.762, 53.827

 33, 47.762, 53.827

 33, 47.762, 53.827

 31, 53.119, 52.806

 35, 41.994, 54.818

 31, 53.618, 52.755

 37, 35.888, 55.557

 39, 29.835, 56.242

 41, 24.017, 56.953

 44, 18.508, 57.713

 46, 13.327, 58.525

 49, 8.467, 59.372

 51, 3.907, 60.218

 54, 0.380, 242.084

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 47.762, 53.827



34, 30.217, 262.448

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 47.762, 53.827



33, 47.762, 103.827



33, 47.762, 233.827



33, 47.762, 283.827

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 47.761, 53.830



60, 15.207, 58.648



28, 52.083, 346.871



30, 10.423, 58.414



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 47.761, 53.830



41, 65.461, 51.993



47, 50.614, 94.787



26, 2.413, 60.219



31, 53.469, 52.760



0, 0.000, 0.000





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 30.217, 262.448



42, 40.545, 268.634



18, 65.747, 301.339



26, 2.325, 242.121



32, 32.929, 267.329

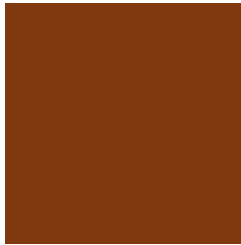


0, 0.000, 0.000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 47.762, 53.827 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 47.762, 53.827 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 33, 47.762, 53.827**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 47.762, 53.827.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 47.762, 53.827.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33, 47.762, 53.827

### Protanopia

33, 34.553, 96.353

### Deuteranopia

33, 42.059, 84.506



**Tritanopia**  
33, 36.045, 22.915



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 33, 47.762, 53.827 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 57, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 57, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 57, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 57, 14) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 47.762, 53.827 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 57, 14) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 57, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 57, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 57, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 57, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 57,  
14) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 47.762, 53.827 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 57, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 57,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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