

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 5.265, 198.581)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 5.265, 198.581) contains.

CIELCh(33, 5.396, 198.670)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(33, 5.396, 198.670)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	435050
RGB	67, 80, 80
RGB Percent	26%, 31%, 31%
CMY	0.7367, 0.6857, 0.6857
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	180°, 9%, 29%
HSV	180°, 16%, 31%
XYZ	6.6563, 7.5373, 8.7206
YIQ	76.1130, -7.7480, -2.7560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

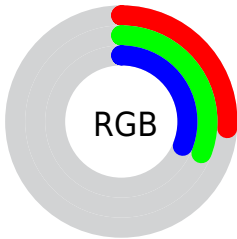
Format	Color
RYB	67, 74, 80
Decimal	4411472
CIELab	33.00, -5.11, -1.73
CIELCh	33, 5.396, 198.670
Yxy	7.5373, 0.2905, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282601552 (0xFF435050)
YUV	76.1130, 1.9163, -7.9921
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -4.7673, 0.3849

Details

The CIELCh color **33, 5.396, 198.670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **30, 5.932, 20.351**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 5.407, 198.913**, and **13, 5.457, 198.127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 8.475, 198.201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 2.120, 199.220**.

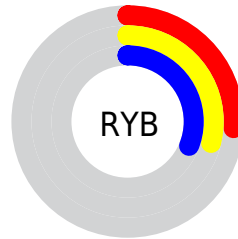
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (31%)

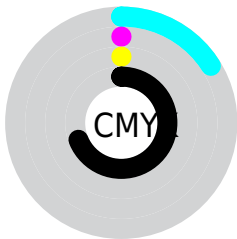
Blue (31%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (31%)

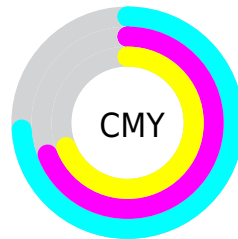


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 5.396, 198.670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 5.396, 198.670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33, 5.396, 198.670

■ 33, 5.396, 198.670

■ 100, 5.396,
198.670

■ 23, 5.396, 198.670

■ 53, 5.396, 198.670

■ 13, 5.396, 198.670

■ 63, 5.396, 198.670

■ 3, 5.396, 198.670

■ 73, 5.396, 198.670

■ 0, 5.396, 198.670

■ 83, 5.396, 198.670

■ 93, 5.396, 198.670

■ 33, 5.396, 198.670

■ 33, 5.396, 198.670

■ 32, 8.475, 198.201

■ 34, 2.120, 199.220

■ 32, 11.311,
197.792

■ 34, 1.311, 19.372

■ 31, 13.858,
197.433

■ 35, 4.857, 20.060

■ 31, 16.074,
197.125

■ 36, 8.484, 20.632

■ 31, 17.927,
196.872

■ 37, 12.162, 21.201

■ 31, 19.394,
196.673

■ 38, 15.868, 21.773

■ 30, 20.471,
196.528

■ 39, 19.583, 22.346

■ 30, 21.318,
196.414

■ 40, 23.292, 22.917

■ 30, 21.641,
196.371

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 5.396, 198.670



30, 5.932, 20.351

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 5.396, 198.670



33, 5.396, 248.670



33, 5.396, 18.670



33, 5.396, 68.670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 5.396, 198.662



44, 2.125, 199.298



33, 9.980, 143.127



22, 1.461, 199.267



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 5.396, 198.662



43, 7.799, 198.496



31, 4.816, 255.608



16, 1.921, 199.059



40, 26.023, 196.371



84, 46.668, 196.369

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 5.932, 20.351



38, 8.761, 20.625



32, 5.019, 71.788



15, 2.019, 19.802



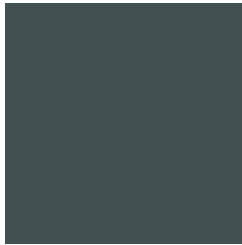
20, 51.594, 36.272



48, 97.371, 39.997

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 5.396, 198.670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

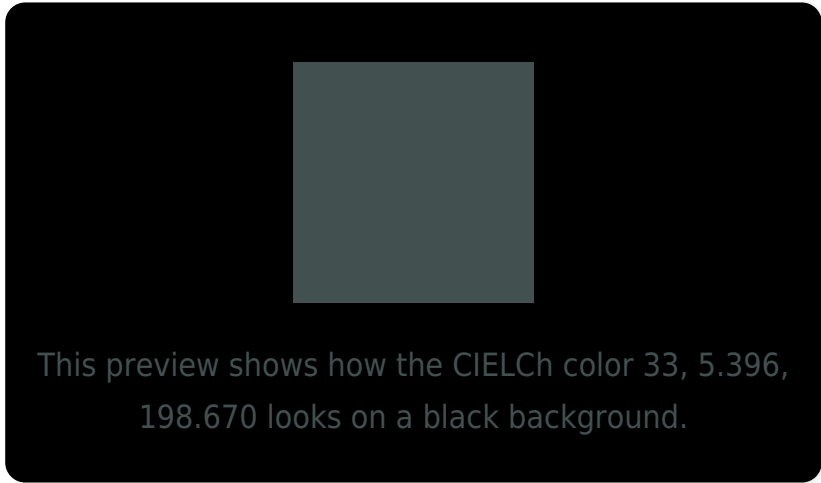
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

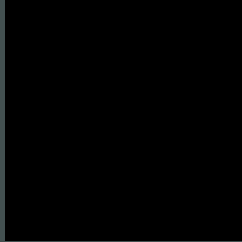
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 5.396, 198.670

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 5.396, 198.670.

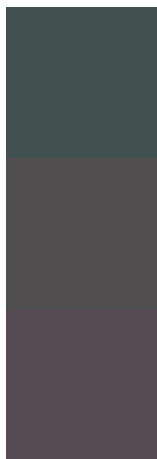


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 5.396, 198.670.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 5.396, 198.670

Protanopia

33, 1.081, 343.644

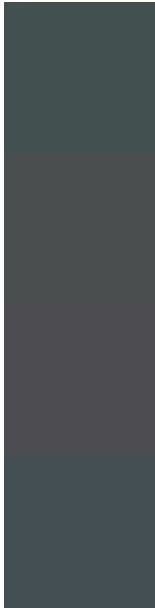
Deuteranopia

33, 5.144, 332.876



Tritanopia
33, 6.167, 244.877

Trichromacy



Original Color

33, 5.396, 198.670

Protanomaly

33, 1.419, 225.828

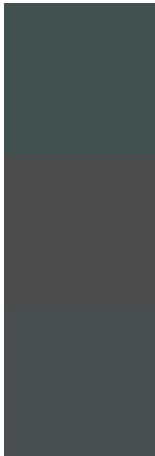
Deuteranomaly

33, 2.526, 290.634

Tritanomaly

33, 5.411, 234.701

Monochromacy



Original Color

33, 5.396, 198.670

Achromatopsia

32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

33, 2.133, 199.218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 5.396, 198.670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 80, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 80, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 80, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 80, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 5.396, 198.670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 80, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 80, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 80, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 80, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 80, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 80, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 5.396, 198.670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 80, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 80,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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