

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 5.365, 131.171)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 5.365, 131.171) contains.

CIELCh(33, 5.337, 128.676)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(33, 5.337, 128.676)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B4F47
RGB	75, 79, 71
RGB Percent	29%, 31%, 28%
CMY	0.7060, 0.6903, 0.7217
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.10, 0.69
HSL	90°, 5%, 29%
HSV	90°, 10%, 31%
XYZ	6.8299, 7.5373, 7.0515
YIQ	76.8920, 0.1840, -3.3360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

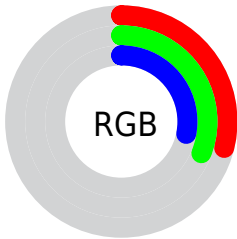
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 79, 75
Decimal	4935495
CIE Lab	33.00, -3.34, 4.17
CIE LCh	33, 5.337, 128.676
Yxy	7.5373, 0.3189, 0.3519
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283125575 (0xFF4B4F47)
YUV	76.8920, -2.9048, -1.6593
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -3.6383, 3.9895

Details

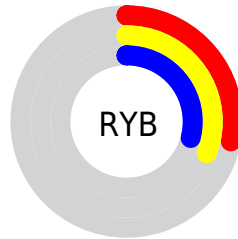
The CIELCh color **33, 5.337, 128.676** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **31, 5.410, 309.471**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 5.446, 126.806**, and **13, 5.409, 130.870** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 10.619, 128.251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 0.064, 130.012**.

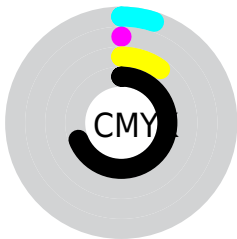
Distribution



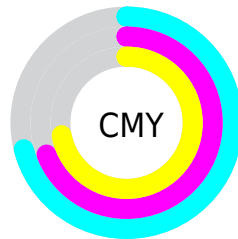
- Red (29%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 5.337, 128.676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 5.337, 128.676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33, 5.337, 128.676

■ 33, 5.337, 128.676

■ 100, 5.337,
128.676

■ 23, 5.337, 128.676

■ 53, 5.337, 128.676

■ 13, 5.337, 128.676

■ 63, 5.337, 128.676

■ 3, 5.337, 128.676

■ 73, 5.337, 128.676

■ 0, 5.337, 128.676

■ 83, 5.337, 128.676

■ 93, 5.337, 128.676

■ 33, 5.337, 128.676

■ 33, 5.337, 128.676

■ 32, 10.619,
128.251

■ 34, 0.064, 130.012

■ 32, 15.873,
127.811

■ 34, 5.179, 309.427

■ 31, 21.055,
127.371

■ 35, 10.373,
309.774

■ 31, 26.103,
126.956

■ 36, 15.506,
310.087

■ 31, 30.926,
126.602

■ 36, 20.569,
310.370

■ 30, 35.402,
126.365

■ 37, 25.554,
310.625

■ 30, 39.370,
126.324

■ 38, 30.458,
310.855

■ 30, 42.686,
126.543

■ 39, 35.278,
311.060

■ 29, 45.985,
126.547

■ 39, 40.013,
311.244

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 5.337, 128.676



31, 5.410, 309.471

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 5.337, 128.676



33, 5.337, 178.676



33, 5.337, 308.676



33, 5.337, 358.676

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 5.338, 128.680



43, 1.946, 128.989



32, 3.085, 74.244



21, 1.458, 128.960



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 5.338, 128.680



42, 7.816, 128.583



33, 6.170, 143.925



15, 2.862, 128.744



38, 55.180, 127.124



82, 100.967, 128.277

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 5.410, 309.471



39, 7.941, 309.571



31, 6.180, 324.922



14, 2.897, 309.406



14, 63.303, 312.534



37, 115.398, 311.743

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 5.337, 128.676 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 33, 5.337, 128.676 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

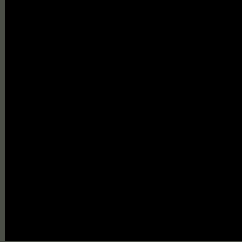
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

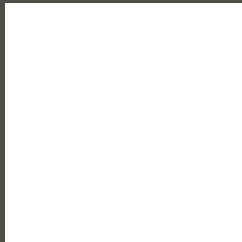
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 5.337, 128.676

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 5.337, 128.676.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 5.337, 128.676.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


33, 5.337, 128.676

Protanopia

33, 4.745, 87.042

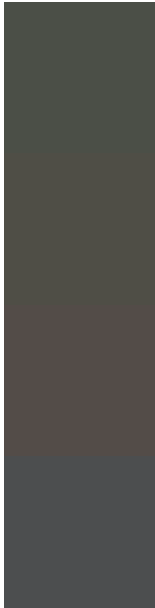
Deuteranopia

33, 5.750, 39.176



Tritanopia
33, 3.787, 290.849

Trichromacy



Original Color

33, 5.337, 128.676

Protanomaly

33, 5.034, 104.165

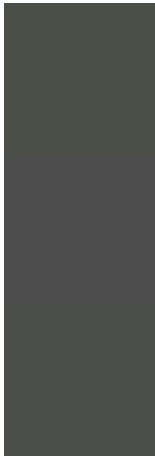
Deuteranomaly

33, 4.021, 58.307

Tritanomaly

33, 1.057, 236.217

Monochromacy



Original Color

33, 5.337, 128.676

Achromatopsia

33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

33, 2.085, 134.569

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 5.337, 128.676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 79, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 79, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 79, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 79, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 5.337, 128.676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 79, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 79, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 79, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 79, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 79, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 79, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 5.337, 128.676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 79, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 79,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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