

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 5.917, 145.564)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 5.917, 145.564) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 6.156, 143.931)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	485048
RGB	72, 80, 72
RGB Percent	28%, 31%, 28%
CMY	0.7185, 0.6872, 0.7185
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.10, 0.69
HSL	120°, 5%, 30%
HSV	120°, 10%, 31%
XYZ	6.6694, 7.5373, 7.1952
YIQ	76.6960, -2.2000, -4.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

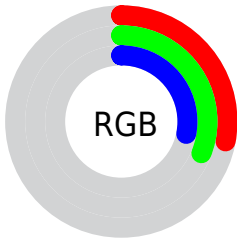
Format	Color
RYB	72, 80, 80
Decimal	4739144
CIELab	33.00, -4.98, 3.62
CIElCh	33, 6.156, 143.931
Yxy	7.5373, 0.3116, 0.3522
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282929224 (0xFF485048)
YUV	76.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -4.6815, 3.6790

Details

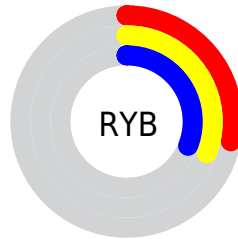
The CIELCh color **33, 6.156, 143.931** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **32, 6.167, 324.919**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 6.356, 144.085**, and **13, 6.131, 143.535** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 12.354, 143.303**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 0.012, 155.671**.

Distribution



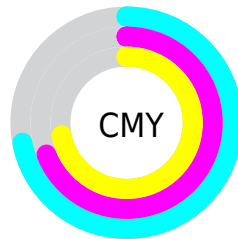
- Red (28%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 6.156, 143.931 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 6.156, 143.931 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33, 6.156, 143.931

■ 33, 6.156, 143.931

■ 100, 6.156,
143.931

■ 23, 6.156, 143.931

■ 53, 6.156, 143.931

■ 13, 6.156, 143.931

■ 63, 6.156, 143.931

■ 3, 6.156, 143.931

■ 73, 6.156, 143.931

■ 0, 6.156, 143.931

■ 83, 6.156, 143.931

■ 93, 6.156, 143.931

■ 33, 6.156, 143.931

■ 33, 6.156, 143.931

■ 32, 12.354,
143.303

■ 34, 0.012, 155.671

31, 18.532,
142.586

35, 6.032, 324.876

31, 24.601,
141.769

36, 11.941,
325.278

30, 30.443,
140.854

37, 17.692,
325.618

30, 35.915,
139.859

38, 23.273,
325.909

29, 40.842,
138.826

40, 28.680,
326.159

29, 45.028,
137.828

41, 33.913,
326.376

29, 48.312,
136.959

42, 38.976,
326.564

29, 51.555,
136.018

44, 43.875,
326.727

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 6.156, 143.931



32, 6.167, 324.919

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 6.156, 143.931



33, 6.156, 193.931



33, 6.156, 323.931



33, 6.156, 13.931

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 6.157, 143.931



44, 2.289, 144.356



34, 4.998, 109.300



22, 1.751, 144.313



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 6.157, 143.931



43, 9.229, 143.786



33, 4.291, 162.941



16, 3.494, 144.007



38, 62.192, 136.017



81, 111.531, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 6.167, 324.919



41, 9.241, 325.043



31, 4.345, 344.361



15, 3.500, 324.852



24, 60.004, 328.234



55, 107.606, 328.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 6.156, 143.931 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

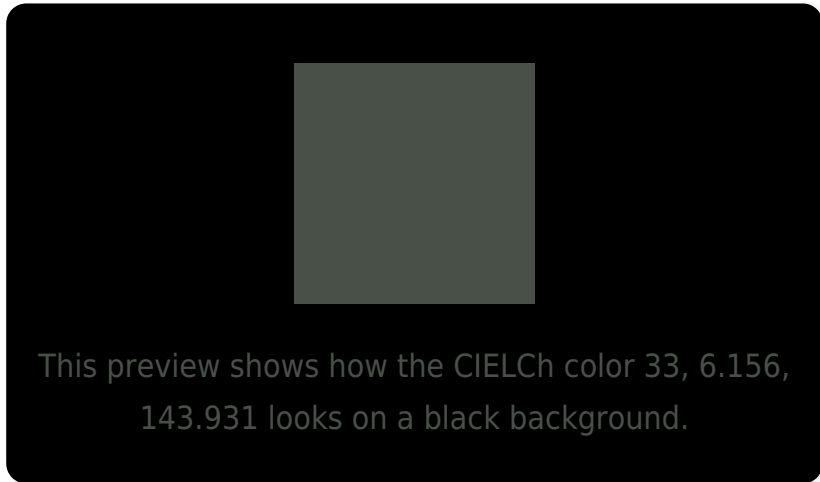
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

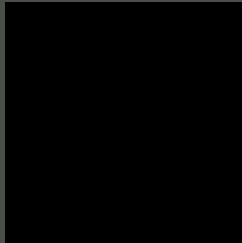
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

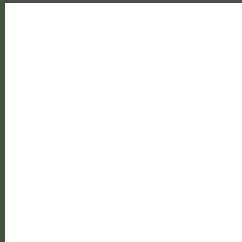
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 6.156, 143.931

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 6.156, 143.931.

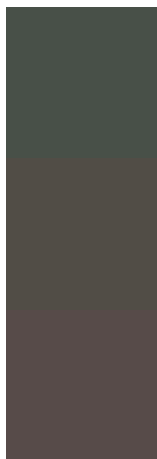


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 6.156, 143.931.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 6.156, 143.931

Protanopia

33, 4.745, 87.042

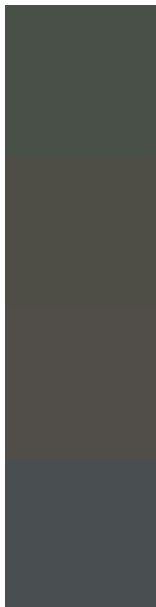
Deuteranopia

33, 5.549, 33.179



Tritanopia
33, 4.098, 266.924

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 6.156, 143.931

Protanomaly
33, 4.391, 109.394

Deuteranomaly
33, 3.070, 74.267

Tritanomaly
33, 2.601, 213.191

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 6.156, 143.931

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 2.311, 144.301

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 6.156, 143.931 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 80, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 80, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 80, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 80, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 6.156, 143.931 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 80, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 80, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 80, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 80, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 80, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 80, 72)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 6.156, 143.931 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 80, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 80,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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