

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 51.636, 321.824)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 51.636, 321.824)
contains.

CIELCh(33, 51.618, 321.800)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(33, 51.618, 321.800)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	733381
RGB	115, 51, 129
RGB Percent	45%, 20%, 51%
CMY	0.5504, 0.8013, 0.4954
CMYK	0.11, 0.61, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	289°, 43%, 35%
HSV	289°, 61%, 50%
XYZ	12.1352, 7.5373, 21.4670
YIQ	79.0280, 13.1060, 37.8260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

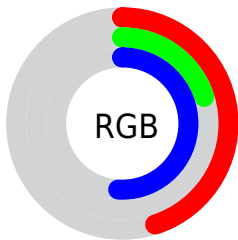
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 51, 129
Decimal	7549825
CIE _{Lab}	33.00, 40.56, -31.92
CIE _{LCh}	33, 51.618, 321.800
Yxy	7.5373, 0.2950, 0.1832
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285739905 (0xFF733381)
YUV	79.0280, 24.6362, 31.5474
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, 30.8555, -27.1424

Details

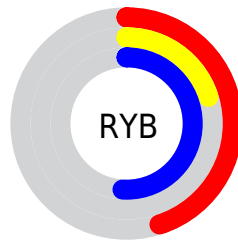
The CIELCh color **33, 51.618, 321.800** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **48, 50.803, 135.825**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 51.589, 321.932**, and **14, 50.172, 321.646** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 58.467, 321.980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 43.831, 321.511**.

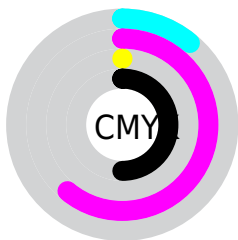
Distribution



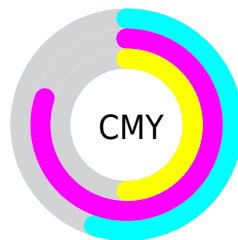
- Red (45%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 51.618, 321.800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 51.618, 321.800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33, 51.618,
321.800


 33, 51.618,
321.800

 100, 51.618,
321.800


 23, 51.618,
321.800

 53, 51.618,
321.800


 13, 51.618,
321.800


 63, 51.618,
321.800

 3, 51.618, 321.800

 73, 51.618,
321.800

 0, 51.618, 321.800

 83, 51.618,
321.800

 93, 51.618,
321.800

■ 33, 51.618,
321.800

■ 33, 51.618,
321.800

■ 30, 58.467,
321.980

■ 36, 43.831,
321.511

■ 28, 64.013,
322.012

■ 39, 35.453,
321.148

■ 27, 67.946,
321.862

■ 43, 26.759,
320.738

■ 26, 70.655,
321.619

■ 46, 17.954,
320.304

■ 50, 9.180, 319.859

■ 54, 0.529, 319.153

■ 57, 7.941, 139.050

■ 61, 16.200,
138.646

■ 65, 24.231,
138.273

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 51.618, 321.800



48, 50.803, 135.825

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 51.618, 321.800



33, 51.618, 11.800



33, 51.618, 141.800



33, 51.618, 191.800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 51.617, 321.800



61, 19.504, 320.207



30, 40.734, 291.709



30, 13.509, 320.317



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 51.617, 321.800



39, 74.130, 322.013



34, 42.775, 339.832



25, 4.834, 319.790



25, 70.192, 321.625



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 36.043, 13.822



39, 53.632, 18.204



48, 42.645, 149.030



25, 3.032, 5.548



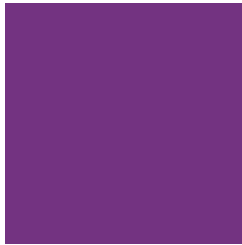
26, 55.417, 29.091



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 51.618, 321.800 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 51.618, 321.800 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

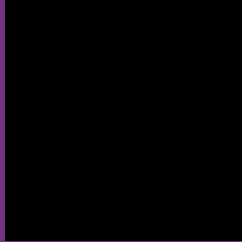
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 51.618, 321.800

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 51.618, 321.800.

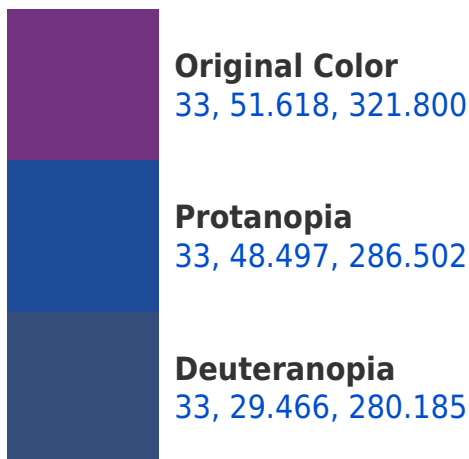


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 51.618, 321.800.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
33, 18.524, 13.103

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 51.618, 321.800

Protanomaly
32, 48.510, 296.106

Deuteranomaly
32, 36.799, 299.714

Tritanomaly
33, 28.059, 339.662

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 51.618, 321.800

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 19.997, 320.656

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 51.618, 321.800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 51, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 51, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 51, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 51, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 51.618, 321.800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 51, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 51, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 51, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 51, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 51, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 51,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 51.618, 321.800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 51, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 51,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor