

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 56.638, 143.419)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 56.638, 143.419)
contains.

CIELCh(34, 53.153, 139.144)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(34, 53.153, 139.144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	015E11
RGB	1, 94, 17
RGB Percent	0%, 37%, 7%
CMY	0.9944, 0.6324, 0.9341
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.82, 0.63
HSL	130°, 97%, 19%
HSV	130°, 98%, 37%
XYZ	4.0972, 8.0082, 1.8522
YIQ	57.4150, -30.7110, -43.6630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

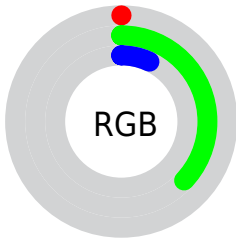
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 80, 94
Decimal	89617
CIE Lab	34.00, -40.20, 34.77
CIE LCh	34, 53.153, 139.144
Yxy	8.0082, 0.2935, 0.5738
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278279697 (0xFF015E11)
YUV	57.4150, -19.9246, -49.4760
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, -23.6793, 15.9286

Details

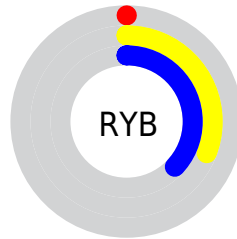
The CIELCh color **34, 53.153, 139.144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **20, 48.883, 335.487**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 52.953, 139.297**, and **16, 34.389, 139.895** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 53.623, 139.006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 49.789, 140.362**.

Distribution



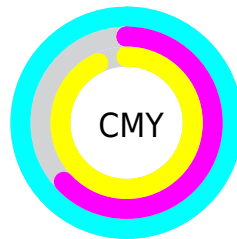
- Red (0%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (7%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (63%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (93%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 53.153, 139.144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 53.153, 139.144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 34, 53.153,
139.144

 34, 53.153,
139.144

 100, 53.153,
139.144

 24, 53.153,
139.144

 54, 53.153,
139.144

 14, 53.153,
139.144

 64, 53.153,
139.144

 4, 53.153, 139.144

 74, 53.153,
139.144

 0, 53.153, 139.144

 84, 53.153,
139.144

 94, 53.153,
139.144

■ 34, 53.153,
139.144

■ 34, 53.153,
139.144

■ 34, 53.623,
139.006

■ 34, 49.789,
140.362

■ 34, 45.777,
141.800

■ 35, 41.071,
143.178

■ 35, 35.799,
144.448

■ 36, 30.093,
145.589

■ 36, 24.080,
146.596

■ 37, 17.878,
147.477

■ 38, 11.586,

148.246

■ 39, 5.287, 148.927

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 53.153, 139.144



20, 48.883, 335.487

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 53.153, 139.144



34, 53.153, 189.144



34, 53.153, 319.144



34, 53.153, 9.144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 53.153, 139.145



48, 23.456, 147.270



37, 46.808, 111.345



24, 15.842, 147.034



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 53.153, 139.145



44, 65.585, 138.469



35, 34.821, 159.984



18, 3.438, 148.905



40, 60.344, 138.670



82, 108.913, 137.677

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 48.883, 335.487



27, 59.210, 335.862



18, 40.424, 11.959



17, 3.447, 329.849



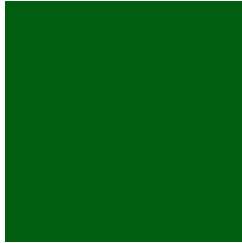
24, 54.820, 335.755



54, 95.868, 336.338

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 53.153, 139.144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

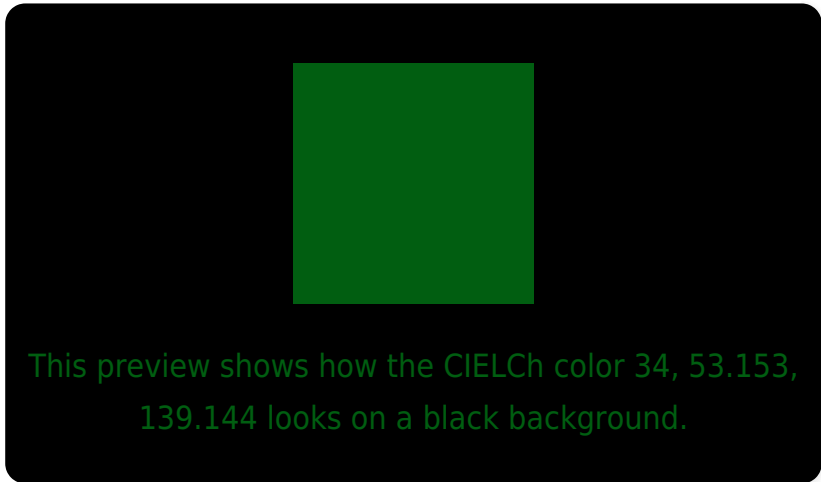
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

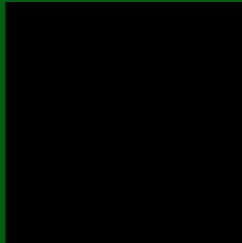
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 53.153, 139.144

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 53.153, 139.144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 53.153, 139.144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 53.255, 139.217

Protanopia

34, 37.822, 95.702

Deuteranopia

34, 32.753, 82.377



Tritanopia
34, 16.623, 212.842

Trichromacy



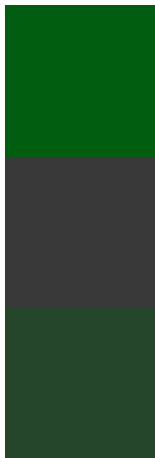
Original Color
34, 53.255, 139.217

Protanomaly
33, 41.535, 121.875

Deuteranomaly
32, 35.455, 118.690

Tritanomaly
33, 27.381, 164.021

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 53.255, 139.217

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 23.300, 145.467

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 53.153, 139.144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 94, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 94, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 94, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 94, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 53.153, 139.144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 94, 17) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 94, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 94, 17)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 94, 17); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 94, 17); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 94, 17) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 53.153, 139.144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 94, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 94,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor