

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 67.811, 84.576)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(33, 67.811, 84.576) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(33, 42.915, 79.558)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	684800
RGB	104, 72, 0
RGB Percent	41%, 28%, 0%
CMY	0.5931, 0.7184, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 1.00, 0.59
HSL	42°, 100%, 20%
HSV	42°, 100%, 41%
XYZ	7.9849, 7.5373, 1.0286
YIQ	73.3600, 42.1840, -15.6080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

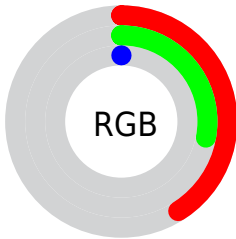
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	46, 104, 0
Decimal	6834176
CIE Lab	33.00, 7.78, 42.20
CIE LCh	33, 42.915, 79.558
Yxy	7.5373, 0.4825, 0.4554
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285024256 (0xFF684800)
<b>YUV</b>	73.3600, -36.1665, 26.8713
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, 3.8714, 16.9966

# Details

The CIELCh color **33, 42.915, 79.558** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **16, 49.651, 295.986**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 42.872, 79.457**, and **13, 21.567, 67.051** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 42.844, 79.536**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 39.695, 81.124**.

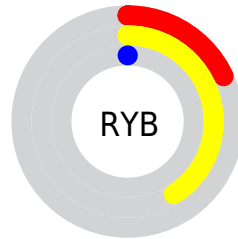
# Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (28%)

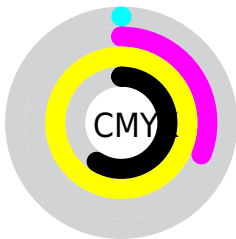
Blue (0%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (0%)

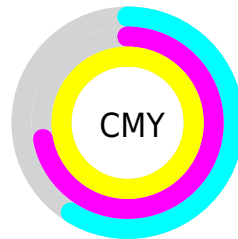


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 42.915, 79.558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 42.915, 79.558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33, 42.915, 79.558

■ 33, 42.915, 79.558

■ 100, 42.915,  
79.558

■ 23, 42.915, 79.558

■ 53, 42.915, 79.558

■ 13, 42.915, 79.558

■ 63, 42.915, 79.558

■ 3, 42.915, 79.558

■ 73, 42.915, 79.558

■ 0, 42.915, 79.558

■ 83, 42.915, 79.558

■ 93, 42.915, 79.558

■ 33, 42.915, 79.558

■ 33, 42.915, 79.558

■ 33, 42.844, 79.536

■ 34, 39.695, 81.124

■ 35, 36.395, 82.780

■ 36, 32.342, 84.263

■ 37, 27.872, 85.650

■ 38, 23.209, 86.980

■ 39, 18.483, 88.270

■ 40, 13.768, 89.526

■ 41, 9.105, 90.745

■ 43, 4.511, 91.917

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 42.915, 79.558



16, 49.651, 295.986

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 42.915, 79.558



33, 42.915, 129.558



33, 42.915, 259.558



33, 42.915, 309.558

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 42.844, 79.536



52, 17.116, 89.420



20, 44.335, 16.253



26, 11.795, 89.034



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 42.844, 79.536



43, 51.682, 78.758



41, 51.063, 113.246



21, 2.494, 92.041



37, 45.984, 79.221



74, 79.533, 77.534





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 49.651, 295.986



22, 61.787, 297.032



10, 67.841, 307.492



20, 2.501, 274.196



18, 53.975, 296.418

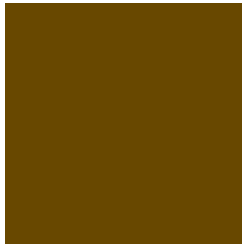


40, 99.563, 298.538



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 42.915, 79.558 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 33, 42.915, 79.558 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 33, 42.915, 79.558

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 42.915, 79.558.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 42.915, 79.558.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33, 42.915, 79.558

### Protanopia

33, 38.980, 95.570

### Deuteranopia

33, 42.059, 84.506



**Tritanopia**  
33, 18.524, 13.103



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
33, 42.915, 79.558

**Protanomaly**  
33, 40.139, 89.449

**Deuteranomaly**  
33, 42.334, 82.324

**Tritanomaly**  
33, 24.192, 57.096

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
33, 42.915, 79.558

**Achromatopsia**  
31, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
31, 17.857, 89.200

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 42.915, 79.558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 72, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 72, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 72, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 72, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 42.915, 79.558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 72, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 72, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 72, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 72, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 72, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 72, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 42.915, 79.558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 72, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 72,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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