

Converting Colors

CIELCh(33, 9.744, 141.574)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(33, 9.744, 141.574) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 9.765, 141.564)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	455144
RGB	69, 81, 68
RGB Percent	27%, 32%, 27%
CMY	0.7300, 0.6829, 0.7339
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.16, 0.68
HSL	115°, 9%, 29%
HSV	115°, 16%, 32%
XYZ	6.4135, 7.5373, 6.5618
YIQ	75.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

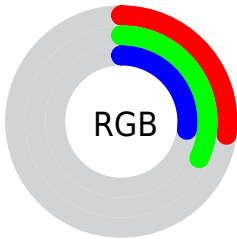
Format	Color
RYB	68, 81, 80
Decimal	4542788
CIELab	33.00, -7.65, 6.07
CIELCh	33, 9.765, 141.564
Yxy	7.5373, 0.3127, 0.3674
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282732868 (0xFF455144)
YUV	75.9300, -3.9095, -6.0776
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -6.3459, 5.0469

Details

The CIELCh color **33, 9.765, 141.564** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **30, 9.797, 323.076**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 9.672, 141.971**, and **13, 9.373, 140.611** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 15.878, 140.958**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 3.669, 142.111**.

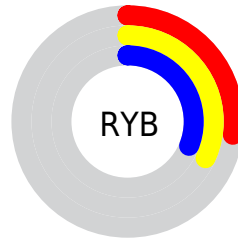
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (32%)

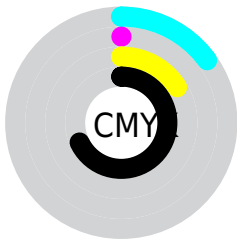
Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (31%)

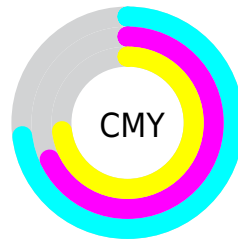


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (68%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 9.765, 141.564 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 9.765, 141.564 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 33, 9.765, 141.564

■ 33, 9.765, 141.564

■ 100, 9.765,
141.564

■ 23, 9.765, 141.564

■ 53, 9.765, 141.564

■ 13, 9.765, 141.564

■ 63, 9.765, 141.564

■ 3, 9.765, 141.564

■ 73, 9.765, 141.564

■ 0, 9.765, 141.564

■ 83, 9.765, 141.564

■ 93, 9.765, 141.564

■ 33, 9.765, 141.564

■ 33, 9.765, 141.564

■ 32, 15.878,
140.958

■ 34, 3.669, 142.111

■ 32, 21.931,
140.274

■ 35, 2.360, 322.478

■ 31, 27.833,
139.515

■ 36, 8.282, 322.908

■ 30, 33.460,
138.696

■ 37, 14.072,
323.251

■ 30, 38.660,
137.852

■ 38, 19.714,
323.543

■ 30, 43.249,
137.047

■ 39, 25.198,
323.794

■ 29, 47.015,
136.372

■ 40, 30.521,
324.009

■ 29, 50.165,
135.610

■ 41, 35.685,
324.194

■ 29, 51.452,
135.194

■ 43, 40.693,
324.354

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 9.765, 141.564



30, 9.797, 323.076

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 9.765, 141.564



33, 9.765, 191.564



33, 9.765, 321.564



33, 9.765, 11.564

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 9.766, 141.565



44, 3.732, 142.160



34, 7.451, 105.085



22, 2.567, 142.138



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 9.766, 141.565



42, 14.293, 141.356



33, 7.404, 158.274



16, 3.408, 141.968



38, 61.666, 135.394



81, 111.127, 135.752

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 9.797, 323.076



38, 14.343, 323.241



30, 7.496, 340.541



15, 3.418, 322.732



22, 60.266, 325.387



52, 108.121, 325.193

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 9.765, 141.564 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 33, 9.765, 141.564 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

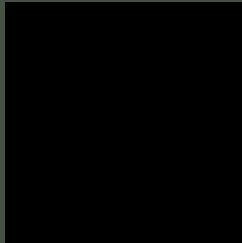
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 9.765, 141.564

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 9.765, 141.564.

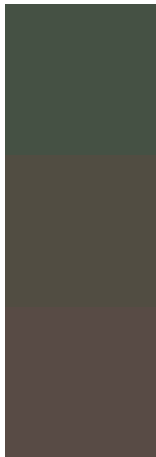


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 9.765, 141.564.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 9.765, 141.564

Protanopia

33, 7.141, 94.052

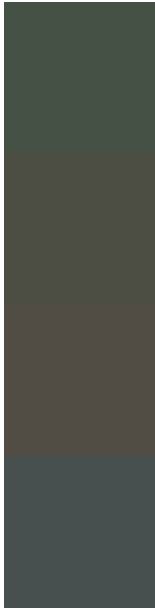
Deuteranopia

33, 7.078, 52.106



Tritanopia
33, 5.003, 261.433

Trichromacy



Original Color

33, 9.765, 141.564

Protanomaly

33, 6.915, 112.701

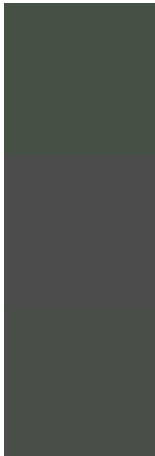
Deuteranomaly

33, 5.335, 89.422

Tritanomaly

33, 3.378, 198.990

Monochromacy



Original Color

33, 9.765, 141.564

Achromatopsia

32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

33, 3.853, 144.145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 9.765, 141.564 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 81, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 81, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 81, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 81, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 9.765, 141.564 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 81, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 81, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 81, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 81, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 81, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 81, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 9.765, 141.564 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 81, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 81,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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