

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 131.610, 307.358)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 131.610, 307.358)
contains.

CIELCh(34, 131.257, 307.338)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	25
<i>CSS Examples</i>	28

Color

CIELCh(34, 131.257, 307.338)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3900FE
RGB	57, 0, 254
RGB Percent	22%, 0%, 100%
CMY	0.7772, 1.0000, 0.0043
CMYK	0.78, 1.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	253°, 100%, 50%
HSV	253°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	19.5458, 8.0082, 94.1897
YIQ	45.9990, -47.5620, 91.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

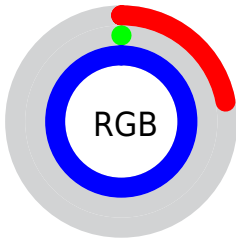
Format	Color
RYB	57, 0, 254
Decimal	3735806
CIELab	34.00, 79.61, -104.36
CIElCh	34, 131.257, 307.338
Yxy	8.0082, 0.1605, 0.0658
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281925886 (0xFF3900FE)
YUV	45.9990, 102.5445, 9.6479
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, 73.7660, -177.5317

Details

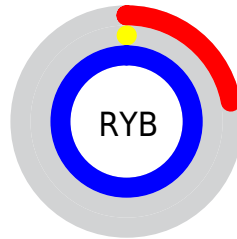
The CIELCh color **34, 131.257, 307.338** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **93, 99.822, 116.228**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 102.728, 308.762**, and **23, 109.353, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 131.225, 307.332**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 125.341, 307.311**.

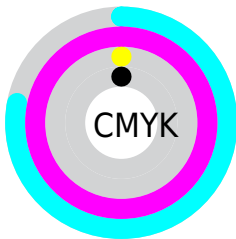
Distribution



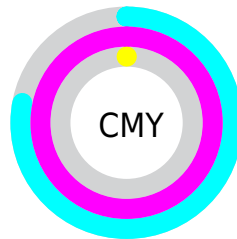
- Red (22%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 131.257, 307.338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 131.257, 307.338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 34, 131.257,
307.338


 34, 131.257,
307.338


 100, 131.257,
307.338


 24, 131.257,
307.338


 54, 131.257,
307.338


 14, 131.257,
307.338


 64, 131.257,
307.338

 4, 131.257,
307.338

 74, 131.257,
307.338

 0, 131.257,
307.338

 84, 131.257,
307.338

 94, 131.257,
307.338

■ 34, 131.257,
307.338

■ 34, 131.257,
307.338

■ 34, 131.225,
307.332

■ 37, 125.341,
307.311

■ 41, 115.214,
306.771

■ 47, 101.900,
305.815

■ 54, 87.011,
304.662

■ 61, 71.644,
303.474

■ 69, 56.392,
302.342

■ 76, 41.531,
301.313

■ 84, 27.168,

300.398

■ 92, 13.331,
299.599

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 131.257, 307.338



93, 99.822, 116.228

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 131.257, 307.338



34, 131.257, 357.338



34, 131.257, 127.338



34, 131.257, 177.338

Sweetspot

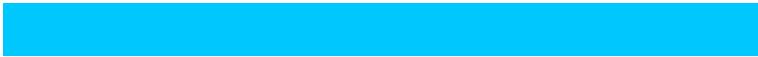
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 131.225, 307.332



77, 41.679, 301.313



75, 44.371, 240.098



37, 28.659, 301.734



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 131.225, 307.332



34, 131.662, 307.331



48, 119.110, 317.718



49, 7.599, 299.562



25, 105.857, 307.454



4, 44.606, 306.026

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 96.622, 339.923



57, 96.938, 339.926



88, 115.761, 133.681



50, 7.750, 331.954



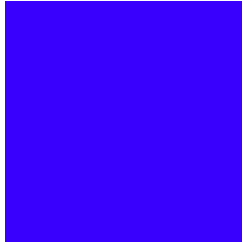
43, 78.298, 339.676



11, 36.741, 337.997

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 131.257, 307.338 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

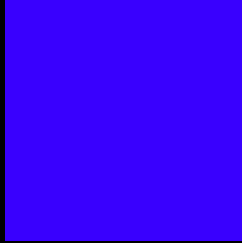
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 131.257, 307.338 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

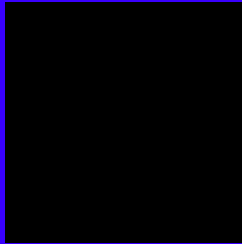
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 131.257, 307.338

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 131.257, 307.338.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 131.257, 307.338.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


34, 131.257, 307.338

Protanopia

34, 53.409, 285.659

Deuteranopia

34, 37.048, 271.472



Tritanopia
34, 22.880, 202.896

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 131.257, 307.338

Protanomaly
30, 89.974, 301.050

Deuteranomaly
30, 80.060, 299.347

Tritanomaly
28, 60.846, 294.725

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 131.257, 307.338

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
20, 61.005, 306.083

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 131.257, 307.338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 0, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 0, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 0, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 0, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 131.257, 307.338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 0, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 0, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 0, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 0, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 0, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 0, 254)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 131.257, 307.338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 0, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 0,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor